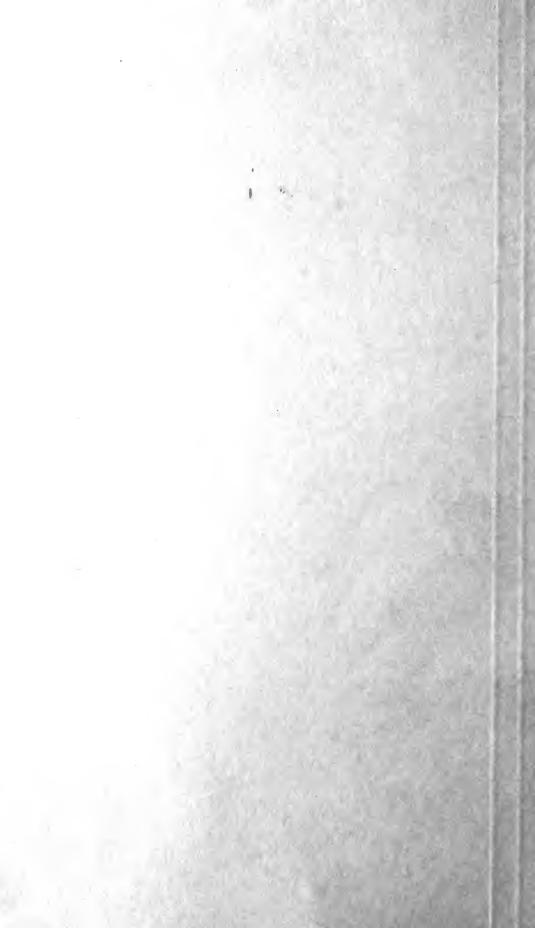
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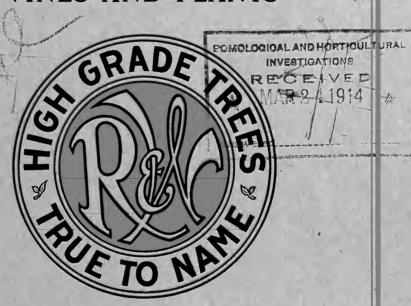


# Roeding and Wood Nursery Company

CHOICE FRUIT TREES

ORNAMENTAL

TREES AND SHRUBS
VINES AND PLANTS



1914

OFFICE AND SALESYARD:

NO. 1603 EAST WASHINGTON STREET LOS ANGELES, CAL.

## TOPICAL INDEX

FRUIT DEPARTMENT	Buddleia Japonica2 Buckthorn2	
Ahuacate1	Rurning Rush 2	
Almonds1	California Redwood3	0 Madrona3
Alligator Pear1	California Rig Tree 9	9 Magnolia2
Apples		0 Magnolia3
Apricots	Catalpa2	1 Mahonia4
Avocado1	Camellia3 Camphor Tree3	7 Maidenhair Tree
Banana1	Campnor Tree3	0 Mandevilla4
Blackherry	Cognonino	
Butternut	Coggio	
Carob Tree1	Cestrum 2	
Ceretonia Siligua1	Codon	0 Melaleuca4
Cherries	Cenhalotaxus 3	0 Metrosideros4
Chestnut1		7 Mock Orange2
Cherimoyer1 Citron of Commerce1	Cherry21-2	5 Mountain Ash2
Citrus Fruits1	Cherry2	
Crab Apples		
Currents	Chaigra	
Dewherry 1	Chamagagaragus 9	5 Myrtle4
Elaeagnus	O Citrus 2	1 Nandina4
Feijoa	Clematis4	2 Nolina 4
Figs1		
Filbert1	Coprosma3	8 Oak
Gooseberries1		
Guavas	Corchonia	8 Olea4 6 Orange3
Hickory1	Corchorus2 Corylopsis2	6 Pagoda Tree
Hovenia Dulcis	Cottonwood 2	
Jujube1	Crane Myrtle 2	6 Parasol Tree2
Lemons1	Cryntomeria	1 Parkinsonia3
Times 1	Cynroge 2	1 Passion Vine4
Loganberry1		
Loquat1	Daphniphyllum3	8 Peach2
Nectarines1	Dasylirion4	6 Pepper Tree3
Oranges1	Daphne3	
Pears	Deutzia2 Deeringia3	
Peaches	Dondronanay	
Pecans	Diogma 9	
Persimmons1	Dogwood 2	
Phenomenal Berry13	Dracaena4	6 Poinciana2
Pistachio Nut1	Duranta3	8 Pomegranate2
Plums	Elaeagnus3	8 Polygala4
Pomelos1	Elder 2	6 Quince2
Dama a musu ma tag	131401	Dembiolenia 4
Pomegranates18	Empress Tree 2	1 Raphiolepis4
Prunes	Empress Tree2	1 Raphiolepis4 6 Retinospora3
Prunes	Empress Tree2 Erythrina2	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2
Pomegranates li Prunes S Quinces Raspberry 19	Empress Tree 2 Erythrina 2 Escallonia 3 Eucalyptus 3	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2         2       Rhamnus       4
Pomegranates         1           Prunes         1           Quinces         1           Raspberry         1           Rhubarb         1           Small Fruits         1	Empress Tree	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2         2       Rhamnus       4         9       Rosemary       4
Pomegranates         1           Prunes         8           Quinces         8           Raspberry         1           Rhubarb         1           Small Fruits         1           Strawberries         1	Empress Tree	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2         2       Rhamnus       4         9       Rosemary       4         9       ROSES
Pomegranates         1           Prunes         1           Quinces         1           Raspberry         1           Rhubarb         1           Small Fruits         1	Empress Tree 2 Erythrina 2 Escallonia 3 Eucalyptus 3 Eugenia 3 Euonymus 3 Euonymus 4 False Walnut 22	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2         2       Rhamnus       4         9       Rosemary       4         9       ROSES         1       Standard       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   3	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9       4         2 ROSES       1         1 Standard       4         3 New Varieties       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2         2       Rhamnus       4         9       Rosemary       4         2       ROSES         1       Standard       4         3       New Varieties       4         2       Late Introductions       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1       Raphiolepis       4         6       Retinospora       3         8       Rhodotypos       2         2       Rhamnus       4         9       Rosemary       4         2       ROSES         1       Standard       4         3       New Varieties       4         2       Late Introductions       4         6       Scarce Varieties       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 Roses       4         4 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9       4         3 Sciadopitys       3         3 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Grevillea   3     Hackberry   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         1 Standard       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         6 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2   2   2   Erythrina   2   2   Escallonia   3   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   4   Eucalyptus   4   Eucalyptus   4   False Walnut   2   Ficus   3   Ficus   4   Forsythia   2   Gardenia   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Grevillea   3   6   Hackberry   2   1   Heath   3	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         1 Standard       4         2 Late Introductions       4         6 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         9 Siberian Pea Tree       2         9 Smoke Tree       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2   2   2   Erythrina   2   2   Escallonia   3   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eucalyptus   4   Eucalyptus   4   Eucalyptus   4   False Walnut   2   Ficus   3   Ficus   4   Forsythia   2   Gardenia   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Grevillea   3   6   Hackberry   2   1   Heath   3	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         1 Standard       4         2 Late Introductions       4         6 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         9 Siberian Pea Tree       2         9 Smoke Tree       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Grevillea   3     Hackberry   2     Heath   3     Honevsuckle   4     Honevsuckle   4     Honevsuckle   4     Honevsuckle   4     Honevsuckle   4     Honevsuckle   4	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         9 Smoke Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         6 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberl       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   3     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Garrya   3     Hedyberry   2     Heath   3     Hedysarum   4     Honeysuckle   4     Honey Locust   2     Holly   3	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         3 Sterculia       3         3 Sterculia       3
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Garrya   3     Garrya   3     Grevillea   3     Heath   3     Honeysuckle   4     Honeysuckle   4     Honey Locust   2     Holly   3     Hop Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         3 Sterculia       3         3 Sterculia       3
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   3     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Garrya   3     Garvilea   3     Garvilea   3     Heath   3     Hedysarum   4     Honey Locust   2     Holly   3     Hop Tree   2     Hornbean   2     Honey Chestnut   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         2 Late Introductions       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         6 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smoke Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sumac       2         1 Sweet Shrub       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Eugenia   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     False Walnut   2     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Grevillea   3     Grevillea   3     Heath   3     Hedysarum   4     Honeysuckle   4     Honey Locust   2     Holly   3     Hop Tree   2     Hornbean   2     Horse Chestnut   2     Hornarea   2     Hornarea   2     Hotal Hornarea   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         2 Late Introductions       4         4 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sumac       2         2 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         5 Sycamore       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     Forsythia   2     Ficus   4     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Garvya   3     Garvya   3     Hackberry   2     Heath   3     Hedysarum   4     Honeysuckle   4     Honey Locust   2     Holly   3     Hop Tree   2     Horse Chestnut   2     Horse Chestnut   2     Hydrangea   3	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         2 Roses       4         2 Roses       4         2 Late Introductions       4         3 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         3 Sterculia       3         4 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         5 Sycamore       2         7 Tamarix       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         6 Sycamore       2         7 Tamarix       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         6 Sycamore       2         7 Tamarix       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2     Erythrina   2     Escallonia   3     Eucalyptus   3     Eugenia   3     Eugenia   3     Euonymus   4     Forsythia   2     Forsythia   2     Gardenia   3     Garrya   3     Garrya   3     Hedysarum   4     Heath   3     Hedysarum   4     Honey Locust   2     Holly   3     Hop Tree   2     Horse Chestnut   2     Hydrangea   2     Hydrangea   2     Hydrangea   2     Hydrangea   3     Jacaranda   3	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Rose       4         2 Late Introductions       4         3 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         5 Sycamore       2         7 Tamarix       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Teverium       4         4 Thorn       24-2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 Rhodotypos       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Smoke Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         3 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sweamore       2         9 Tamarix       2         2 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Thurn       4         3 Thurn       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Teucrium       4         4 Thorn       24-2         1 Thuyopsis       3         2 Tree Peony       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Teucrium       4         4 Thorn       24-2         1 Thuyopsis       3         2 Tree Peony       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Late Introductions       4         4 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Smoke Tree       2         2 Smoke Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         6 Sycamore       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Tevas Umbrella       2         3 Torreya       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Tulip       2         4 Umbrella       2         2 Umbrella       2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree 2 Erythrina 2 Erythrina 3 Escallonia 3 Eucalyptus 3 Eugenia 3 Euonymus 3 Euonymus 4 False Walnut 2 Ficus 4 Forsythia 2 Gardenia 3 Garrya 3 Garrya 3 Hackberry 2 Heath 3 Hedysarum 4 Honeysuckle 4 Honey Locust 2 Holly 3 Horse Chestnut 2 Hypericum 3 Fyran 3 Fyran 3 Hypericum 3 Hypericum 3 Fyran 3 Fyr	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Gum Tree       2         3 Teucrium       4         4 Thuyopsis       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Torreya       3         2 Tree Peony       2         2 Tulip       2         2 Umbrella Pine       3         3 Veroica       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Gum Tree       2         3 Teucrium       4         4 Thuyopsis       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Torreya       3         2 Tree Peony       2         2 Tulip       2         2 Umbrella Pine       3         3 Veroica       4
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2   2   Erythrina   2   2   Erythrina   3   2   Escallonia   3   3   Eucalyptus   3   Eugenia   3   Eugenia   3   Eugenia   3   Eugenia   3   Euconymus   4   False Walnut   2   Ficus   4   Forsythia   2   Gardenia   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   3   Garrya   4   Heath   3   Heath   3   Heath   3   Honey Locust   2   Holly   3   1   Hop Tree   2   2   Hornbean   2   Hydrangea   2   Hydrangea   2   Hydrangea   2   Hydrangea   2   Hydrangea   2   Hydrangea   3   Jasmine   4   Judas Tree   2   Juniper   3   3   Jasmine   4   Judas Tree   2   5   Juniper   3   Ju	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Roses       4         1 Standard       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         6 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sumac       2         2 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         6 Sycamore       2         3 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Teroreya       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Tree Peony       2         3 Tulip       2         2 Umbrella Pine       3         3 Veronica       4         Virginia Creeper       4         Vitex       9
Pomegranates   1 Prunes   2 Quinces   5 Raspberry   1 Rhubarb   1 Small Fruits   1 Strawberries   1 Walnuts   1 ORNAMENTAL DEPART   MENT   1 Abelia   3 Acacias   2 Agave   4 Akebia   4 Akebia   4 Althea   2 Alder   2 Almond   2 Ampelopsis   4 Aristolochia   3 Araucaria   3 Araucaria   3 Arborvitae   2 Aralia   3 Araucaria   2 Aralia   3 Araucaria   3 Bald Cypress   3 Bald Cypress   2 Bamboos (Bambusa)   4 Barberry   2 Beech   2 Berberis   3 Birnonia   4	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         1 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Shrub       2         2 Texas Umbrella       2         3 Teucrium       4         3 Torreya       3         3 Veronica       4     <
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Gum Tree       2         3 Teverium       4         4 Thorn       24-2         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         3 Veronica       4         4 Vitex       2         9 Walnut       2         2 Willow       24-2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Gum Tree       2         3 Teverium       4         4 Thorn       24-2         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         3 Veronica       4         4 Vitex       2         9 Walnut       2         2 Willow       24-2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2   2   Erythrina   2   2   Erythrina   3   2   Escallonia   3   3   Eugenia   3   3   Eugenia   3   3   Euonymus   3   Euonymus   4   2   False Walnut   2   Ficus   3   Ficus   4   Forsythia   2   Gardenia   3   3   6   Garrya   3   6   Garrya   3   6   Garrya   3   6   Garrya   3   6   Hackberry   2   1   Heath   3   1   Heath   3   1   Hedysarum   4   1   Honey Locust   2   1   Honey Locust   2   1   Holly   3   1   Hop Tree   2   2   1   Honbean   2   2   1   Hop Tree   2   2   Hornbean   2   2   1   Hop Tree   2   2   Hornbean   3   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         2 Roses       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Gum Tree       2         3 Teverium       4         4 Thorn       24-2         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         2 Tree Peony       3         3 Veronica       4         4 Vitex       2         9 Walnut       2         2 Willow       24-2
Pomegranates	Empress Tree   2	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         2 Smowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         1 Spirea       2         2 Sterculia       3         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         1 Sweet Gum Tree       2         2 Tamarix       2         3 Teucrium       4         4 Thorn       24-2         1 Thuyopsis       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Tree Peony       2         2 Umbrella Pine       3         3 Veronica       4         4 Vitex       2         9 Walnut       2         20 Wiegela       2         20 Wiegela       2
Pomegranates   1	Empress Tree	1 Raphiolepis       4         6 Retinospora       3         6 Retinospora       3         8 Rhodotypos       2         2 Rhamnus       4         9 Rosemary       4         2 Rosemary       4         3 New Varieties       4         3 New Varieties       4         2 Late Introductions       4         5 Scarce Varieties       4         9 Sciadopitys       3         3 Service Tree       2         2 Siberian Pea Tree       2         9 Smoke Tree       2         2 Snowberry       2         2 Snowball       2         2 Spirea       2         3 Sterculia       3         1 Sweet Shrub       2         2 Sycamore       2         3 Tewer Gum Tree       2         3 Teucrium       4         4 Thuyopsis       3         3 Torreya       3         3 Torreya       3         2 Tupip       2         2 Umbrella Pine       3         3 Veronica       4         4 Virginia Creeper       4         3 Vitex       2         9 Walnut <t< td=""></t<>

## A PRICED SCHEDULE

... OF ...

## Economic - Ornamental Plants

Citrus and Deciduous Fruit Trees Avenue and Ornamental Trees Choice Garden Shrubs and Vines Palms, New and Standard Roses

INCLUDING

## MANY NEW AND RARE VARIETIES



GROWN AND FOR SALE BY THE

## ROEDING AND WOOD NURSERY CO.

NO. 1603 EAST WASHINGTON STREET LOS ANGELES, CAL.

GEORGE C. ROEDING, President W. R. WOOD, Vice-President



#### NURSERIES AND ORCHARDS:

Fruit Tree Nurseries:

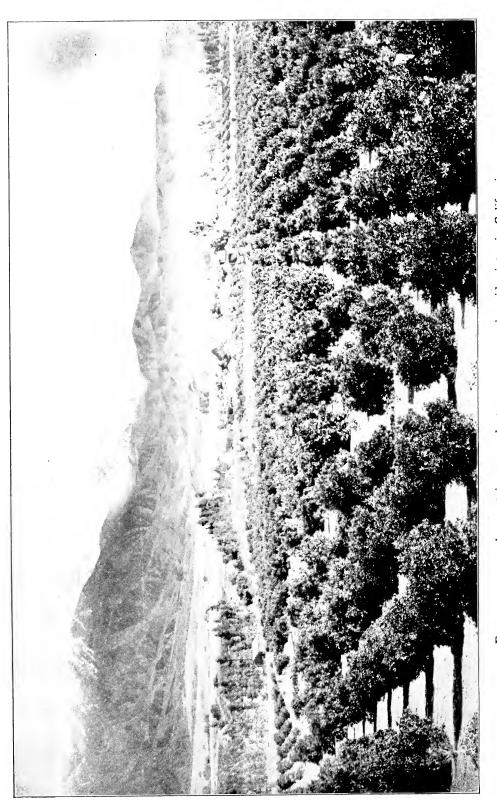
80 Acres-----La Habra, Orange County

Ornamental Nurseries:

20 Acres---Laguna, 10 miles east of Los Angeles

Experiment Orchards:

250 Acres .... Exeter, Tulare County



From snow-capped mountains to verdant orange groves in mid-winter in California

## To Our Friends and Patrons



IS, our Illustrated Price Catalogue for the season of 1913-1914, contains, with brief descriptions and correct illustrations, the very best Fruits, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Palms, Roses, etc., for planting in the extreme

western part of our country

We desire to extend to our many satisfied customers our sincere thanks for their patronage, and the assurance that we are better able than ever to supply their wants. To those who have never dealt with us, but whom we should like to include among our friends, we shall be glad to demonstrate the high quality of our stock, our ability to handle all orders, and our high-

class methods of doing business.

Our president, Mr. George C. Roeding, of Fresno. is known the country over for his exhaustive research and untiring experiments in California horticulture. It is due to his personal efforts that Smyrna Fig culture has become such a prominent feature of the fruit-growing industries of the Pacific coast.

Our business principles may be summed up in the following:

To give our very best personal attention to all orders.

To ship goods promptly and insure their reaching our patrons in good condition.

To send out no tree or plant we would hesitate to plant ourselves.

To invite correspondence on any subject pertaining to our business.

To place our services at the disposal of our patrons, and furnish advice on anything pertaining to our line.

The descriptions in this book are necessarily short. A fund of information upon nearly all subjects listed here will be found in "California Horticulture," which sells at 25 cents, postpaid.

At our office and sales yard, No. 1603 East Washington street, Los Angeles, we carry a full and complete line of citrus and deciduous fruit trees, ornamental trees, shrubs, palms and roses, to meet the demands of customers. We shall be pleased to have all those contemplating the planting of trees call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Whether large or small, your order is always appreciated.

#### **GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS**

Our trees are all budded or grafted from bearing trees, and every care and preour trees are all budged or gratted from bearing trees, and every care and pre-caution is exercised to have them true to name. With all our caution, mistakes are liable to be made; but we hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace all trees and other stock that may prove untrue to label, free of charge, or refund the amount paid. It is mutually understood and agreed to between the purchaser and ourselves, however, that our guarantee of genuineness shall, in no case, make us liable for any greater sum than that originally paid us for the trees, etc., which may prove untrue.

## To Intending Purchasers

## Things to Observe

- All orders should be legibly written on parate sheet of paper, and not mixed a separate sheet of paper, an up with the body of the letter.
- 2. In ordering please state whether substitution will be permitted, as we feel at liberty when no instructions accompany the order to replace with other sorts as nearly similar as possible.
- It often happens that a variety of which we grow only a limited quantity is exhaused early in the season, and as it may be impossible to secure it from other nurseries, it is either necessary to cancel the order or substitute with another kind which is similar. In nearly all cases when we exercise our judgment we do not hesitate to say that we believe our customers will approve of our desire to please them.
- 3. Our packing and labeling are as perfect as possible, and we charge for the same only to cover the cost of material. Cartage to the railway or express office free of charge.
- 4. State distinctly how you wish us to ship—by freight or express; also designate the route, otherwise we use our own discretion in forwarding.
- 5. After delivering to the carriers we cannot hold ourselves responsible for any loss or injury to trees or plants after they have been carefully packed and shipped; but we will do everything in our power, if any loss should occur, for the protection and recovery of our customer's property.
- 6. Orders to be sent by express, 0 will be filled, provided one-half amount is sent with the order. C. O. D.,
- 7. If any mistakes are made in filling orders, we will cheerfully rectify the same,

- but must respectfully request our customers to notify us at once, or, at the most, within ten days after receipt of the goods.
- 8. Orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied by a remittance or satisfactory reference.
- 9. We uniformly tie our trees in bunches of 10, and grape-vines in bundles of 50; and we suggest to our patrons to make their orders for assortments as far as possible in multiples of these numbers.
- in multiples of these numbers.

  10. Articles mentioned in the following list will be furnished at prices named as follows: Five at the 10 rate; 50 at the 100 rate; 500 or more at the 1000 rate. Less than five of a variety at the single rate. This does not mean, as an illustration, that 10 pears, 10 apples, 10 plums, 10 nectarines would be charged at the 100 rate. To secure this rate it will be necessary to order 50 trees of one sort.
- 11. For the convenience of those who cannot be reached by railroad or express, packages of small trees, if in stock, not exceeding eleven pounds in weight, can be forwarded by parcel post, such articles to be charged at single rates, postage additional.
- charged at single rates, postage additional.

  12. Please remember to write your name, postoffice, county and state as distinctly as possible; also give your nearest express office and railway station, or if on a stage route, send us special directions, giving us the name of the transportation company delivering the goods. Orders for export to Old Mexico, the Hawaiian Islands, Cuba and South American points should give, in addition to the above, the steamship routes by which their orders are to be shipped.
- All remittances should be by postoffice money order, registered letter, express order, bank draft, or check. All orders from foreign countries to be accompanied by draft, or international money order.

#### TO INTENDING PURCHASERS—Continued

### About Weights and Shipping

question of freight charges tant points is a matter of serious consideration to such customers, and we are there-fore submitting a few figures to give a clearer insight into the subject.

The general run of deciduous fruit trees, either in bales or cases, average about arfollows: 6 to 8 ft., 2 pounds each; 4 to 6 ft., 1½ pounds each; 3 to 4 ft., 1 pound each; 2 to 3 ft., one-half of a pound each. Grape-vines, one-third of a pound each.

Deciduous ornamental trees from 6 to 8 . and up to 12 to 15 ft., 3 to 6 pounds

Potted plants in from 3 to 6-inch pots, packed in boxes, weigh from 4 to 12 pounds each.

Citrus trees, balled, packed in boxes, 40 punds each, and with naked roots, 3 pounds pounds each.

Palms, packed in boxes, with ball of earth, 2 to 3-ft. plants, 40 pounds, and gradually increasing to 110 pounds each on 5 to 6-ft. plants.

Grape cuttings 14 to 16 inches long, 80 pounds to the thousand cuttings, in either bales or boxes.

Eucalyptus, cypress, about 100 to the flat, 50 pounds per flat; hedge plants from 50 to 100 to the box, according to size, 50 pounds per flat.

## Approximate Packing Charges

It is difficult to give these charges accurately, as they will vary more or less, according to the condition of the trees; however, the figures given are taken from our records of charges for the run of shipments for sizes specified: 6 to 8-ft. trees in bales, \$2.50 per 1000; 4 to 6-ft. trees, \$2.25 per 1000; 3 to 4-ft. trees, \$2.00 per 1000; 6 to 8-ft. trees completely boxed, \$6 per 1000; 4 to 6-ft. trees, \$3.50 per 1000; 3 to 4-ft. trees, \$3.50 per 1000; 3 to 4-ft. trees, \$3.00 per 1000.

Grape-vines, in bales, 75c per 1000 vines; in cases completely boxed, \$3 per 1000 vines.

Deciduous ornamental trees, 6 to 8 ft. and up to 12 to 15 ft., in bales, from 40c to 50c per 100, and completely boxed, 50c to \$2.00 per 100.

Potted plants in from 3 to 6-inch pots, from 3c to 10c each.
Citrus trees, balled, packed in boxes, tops protected with burlap, 10c per tree (boxes hold from 10 to 12 trees), in cases, completely boxed, 10c per tree; naked roots, packed in moss in boxes, tops burlaped, 1½c per tree; completely boxed, 2c per tree tree.

balled, in boxes, tops burlaped.

from 10c to 20c per plant, according to size.

Grape cuttings packed in bales, 30c per 1000 cuttings, and in cases, completely 1000 cuttings, and boxed, 75c per 1000.

Eucalyptus, cypress and hedge plants, tops covered with burlap, in flats, 15c per flat.

As has been previously stated, the weights and packing charges given are merely a general average, and these data are supplied for the purpose of placing our customers in position to figure out about what their stock will cost them delivered at destination. We desire to assure our patrons that we only charge for packing to cover the cost of material used.

Address all correspondence to

#### Freight Classification

It may not be generally understood that the method of packing a shipment of trees or plants is the basis on which freight charges are made. Nursery stock in bales or boxes completely covered with tule or burlap take a first-class rate, while in cases completely boxed the third-class rate applies. When trees are shipped without packing, the classification requires the payment of the double first-class rate.

In carload lots with a minimum of ten tons, class C applies, and this is as a rule from 50 to 75 per cent less than the firstfrom class rate. For loca

from 50 to 75 per cent less than the firstclass rate.

For local shipments in California, trees
are either packed in bales, wrapped with
tule, or in boxes, tops protected with burlap; for the difference between the first and
third-class rates is so slight that nothing
would be gained by boxing, for the increased cost would more than offset the
saving in freight charges.

To distant points in Texas, Mexico, Colorado, and to other states and countries
outside of California, when stock is to be a
long time in transit, it is packed in paperlined cases, not only with a view of having
the trees carry better, but also because of
the saving in freight charges, the difference in classification being in many cases
\$1 per 100 pounds.

We have made a very close study of
traffic conditions, and our knowledge is
used to secure in all cases the very lowest
freight rates for the benefit of our customers

No accurate data can be given as to freight charges on orders for export, except that in a general way a shipment by water to Australia or Japan from San Francisco will cost about one-half less than it does from Los Angeles to San Francisco, a distance of 475 miles. tance of 475 miles.

#### Number of Trees or Plants on an Acre

			Squar	
	Distan	ce	Meth	od Method
1	ft. apart	each	way43,56	50,300
2	"	"	10,89	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	"	"	4,84	
4	**	44	0.77	
-	44	"	2,72	10 0,110
9	"	"		
6			1,21	
7	**		88	88 1.025
8	**	4.6	68	785
ğ	"	"	53	
10	"	4.6	43	
	"	"		
12			30	
14	**	"	22	22   256
15	"	4.4	19	3 222
16	**	"	17	
	"	44		
18			18	34 154
20	"	"	10	)8 <b>1</b> 25
25	"	4.6	6	59 79
30	**	4.6		18 55
	"	"		
35				35 40
40	"	"	2	27 31

Square Method—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill; which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560) will give the number of plants or trees to an acre.

Equilateral Triangle Method-Divide the number required to the acre "square method" by the decimal .866. The result will be the number of plants required to the acre by this method.

ROEDING & WOOD NURSERY CO.



## Fruit Department

We reserve the right on all fruit tree stocks which are inclined to grow stocky and do not attain the height of the first-grade trees, to sell them on a caliper basis, as follows. The measurements are made 1 inch above the intersection of the bud with the stock. 1 to 2-inch caliper.....8 to 10-foot trees % to 1-inch caliper.....8 to 8-foot trees ½ to %-inch caliper.....2 to 3-foot trees ½ to %-inch caliper.....2 to 3-foot trees

#### PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

#### **APPLES**

Apple—	Each	10	100	1000
1 year 6 to 8 ft.	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$120.00
1 year4 to 6 ft.	.20	1.50	12.00	100.00
1 year to 4 ft.	.15	1.20	10.00	80.00

Alexander. Large; yellow, streaked red. Sept. Arkansas Black. Valuable market variety; maroon, nearly black. Dec. to April.

Baldwin. Deep red. Nov. to Feb.

Ben Davis. Yellow, streaked red. Oct. to

Bismarck. Large; golden yellow; Sept.

elicious. Brilliant dark red, with splashes of a golden yellow at the blossom end. Flesh fine-grained, highly flavored. Nov. Delicious. Duchess of Oldenburg. Yellow, streaked red; adapted to hot, dry climates. July.

Early Harvest. Bright straw-color; early July. Esopus Spitzenburg. Striped red and yellow; bright red; good. Nov. to March.

ano. Regular and prolific bearer; deep dark red; Nov. to April.

Gravenstein. Large; striped red and orange.

Most popular early variety on coast. Aug. Jonathan. Yellow, covered with red stripes; great table and market variety, good keeper and productive. Oct. to Dec.

King David. Fruit large wine-red, blotched yellow. Its high color and delicious flavor is causing it to be a winner. Oct.

King of Tompkins County. Very large; yellow splashed crimson; fine for mountains. Sept.

Lady Apple. Bright red cheek; small, highly flavored. Dec.

Lawver. Showy bright red; great shipper; suitable for warm, dry climates. Dec. to May.

cIntosh. Very attractive; good size; bright deep red; flesh snow-white, tender. Valuable fall Apple. McIntosh.

Maiden's Blush. Yellow with red cheek. Aug. Mammoth Black Twig. (Paragon.) Large; dark red; good keeper. Nov. to Jan.

Marshall's Red, or Red Bellflower. Bell-flower shape; brilliant red. Oct. to Dec.

Missouri Pippin. Yellow; striped red; Dec. Northern Spy. Greenish yellow striped pur-plish red; productive; late keeper. Nov. to April.

Red Astrachan.

ed Astrachan. Large; deep crimson. A popular and productive early market variety, adapted to interior valleys. July.

Large; cream-colored, Beitigheimer. flushed with light and dark red. Sept.

Red June. Deep red; very showy.

Red June. Deep red; very snowy. June.
Rhode Island Greening. Greenish yellow. Oct.
Rome Beauty. Large; exceptionally beautiful; yellow, shaded and striped with red.
One of the most popular varieties in California. Nov. to Feb.
Smith's Cider. Large and handsome; yellow, shaded red. Nov. to Feb.
Stayman's Winesap. Greenish yellow, splashed with red. Fine market apple.
Jan. to May.

Jan. to May.
White Astrachan.

Greenish white; ite; v**e**ry July. showy; increasing in popularity. July.
Winter Banana. Fancy market fruit; large;

white Banana. Fancy market truit; large; pale yellow; pink blush. Nov.

White Winter Pearmain. Pale yellow. Adapts itself to all conditions. A favorite commercial variety. Nov. to Jan.

Winesap. Yellow, streaked red; excellent for cider. Nov. to Feb. A favorite

for cider. Nov. to Feb.

Yellow Bellflower. Large, oblong; yellow; a
standard in California. Oct. to Jan.

Yellow Newton Pippin. Large; golden yellow; extensively planted in California. A
promising commercial sort. Jan. to May.

## New Apple, "The Goldridge"

.....\$1.00 \$6.00 \$50.00

Fruit large, smooth and as perfect as if turned in a lathe, pale yellow with a rich crimson blush on sunny side; quality fully equal to Yellow Newton Pippin, with an added aromatic fragrance; ripens earlier, along with Baldwin, Greening and other early winter Apples; unusually handsome fruit, all of an even form and size. Nov. to Feb. early w ruit, also Feb.

#### Crab Apples

rices— Each 10 100
1-year, 4 to 6 feet. \$0.25 \$2.00 \$18.00
1-year, 3 to 4 feet. .20 1.80 16.00
ad Siberian. Yellow, with scarlet cheek. Prices-

Red Siberian. Yellow, with scarce.

Bears early and abundantly. Sept.

Fruit very large; yellow

Transcendent. Fruit very large; yellow striped red. Productive. Sept.

Whitney No. 20. A vigorous, handsome grower; great bearer; fruit large, smooth, glossy green, striped and splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy. Aug. Yellow Siberian. Beautiful golden yellow.

Aug.

#### **PEARS**

Prices of Pear on Pear	and Quince roots-	Each	10	100	1000
1 year	6 to 8 ft.	.50	3.50	30.00	200.00
1 year	4 to 6 ft.	.40	3.00	25.00	180.00
1 year	3 to 4 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	160.00
1 year	2 to 3 ft.	.20	1.80	16.00	125.00

Varieties marked with an asterisk (\*) can be supplied on quince root. Trees budded on this root become decidedly dwarfed, bear earlier, produce large crops of fruit when only a few feet high, and are therefore desirable for small gardens.

Bartlett. The leading commercial Pear of California for canning, shipping and drying, and more extensively planted than any other. Large; golden yellow, red cheek; thrives in all parts of California. Aug.

ERGAMOT. Buds of this variety were mailed to us by Mr. Roeding. He had the pleasure of learning the history of this tree growing at the old home of George Washington at Mt. Vernon. It has withstood the ravages of time for 120 years and maintains remarkable vigor and produces annually large crops of fruit. It is of the Seckel type, flesh whitish, tender and richly flavored. Recognized as a good but very old variety. Its historical associations alone make it worthy of being planted. planted.

Clairgeau. Large; crimson; good shipper. Sept.

\*Beurre Hardy. Seurre Hardy. Large; greenish, covered with light russet. Flesh buttery. Sept.

Crocker Bartlett. (New.) In shape, oblong, acute, pyriform; large and of a rich golden yellow; netted and overspread with russet. Skin rather thick but quite tender. Flesh is yellowish, buttery, juicy, subacid to sweet and rich flavor. Tree is remarkably vigorous. Nov.

Doyenne d'Etc. Small yellow, shaded bright red. One of the earliest. July.

\*Doyenne du Comice. Large; greenish yellow, shaded with crimson. Oct.

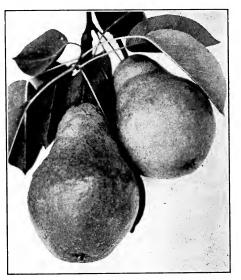
Dana's Hovey. (Winter Seckel.) Skin greenish-yellow netted with russet. Flesh yellowish, juicy, with rich aromatic flavor. Tree vigorous and heavy bearer. Nov.

\*Easter Beurre. Large, roundish; fine-grained; most desirable. Oct. to Jan.

\*Glou Morceau. Pale greenish yellow, marked with small green dots; flesh fine-grained, with sugary flavor; fine shipper. Dec.

\*Howell. Large; yellow, with minute russet dots. Immensely prolific. Aug.

Madeleine. The first early pear. Pale yellow, dotted with brown. June.



Bartlett Pear.

\*P. Barry. Large; yellow; juicy. fine-grain ed; excellent keeper. Tree vigorous grower and heavy bearer. Dec. to March.

Seckel. Highly flavored variety; brownish green with russet brown cheek; flesh whitish, buttery. Aug. to Sept.

\*Winter Bartlett. Large, resembling early Bartlett; yellow, slightly russeted on one side; tender, juicy. Flavor almost identical with summer Bartlett. One of the finest winter varieties. Nov.

\*Winter Nelis. yellowish Medium: gray-russet dots; flesh yellowish white; excellent shipper. Dec.

#### **CHERRIES**

Prices on Mazzard and Mahaleb Stocks-	Each	10	100	1000
1-year, extra stocky, 4 to 6 feet	. \$0.35	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
1-year, 3 to 4 feet	30	2.50	20.00	180.00
1-year, 2 to 3 feet	25	2.00	18.00	160.00

Except Burbank and Abundance—see special prices.

The Hearts, or Bigarreaus, are the sweet Cherries, the trees being strong and vigorous growers. These are designated by the letter "H." The Dukes, or Morellos, which are the sour Cherries, by the letter "D." These grow slowly, the branches are slender; the leaves are thicker, smaller and of a deeper green.

Belle d'Orleans. H. Roundish, heart-shaped, light yellow, flushed with red. May.

Bing. H. One of the grandest blacks. Its large size, firmness and delicious flavor have caused it to be in active demand. A thrifty grower and prolific bearer. Middle of June.

Black Tartarian. H. An old favorite. Deep, purplish black. Late May.

Centennial. H. Pale yellow, marbled and splashed with crimson; flesh firm, sweet. Early June. marbled and

Chapman. H. One of best early market varieties. Deep black; firm. April and May.

Early Purple Guigne. H. One of best. Purple; tender, juicy, sweet. April and May. Early Richmond. D. Medium; dark red; juicy; very productive. Middle of May.

English Morello. D. Large; deep red; tree small and slender. July.

Governor Wood. H. Deep yellow, shaded red. Fine for canning and table use. Early June.

Lewelling. H. (Black Republican—Black Oregon.) Large size; black; young and profuse bearer July.

Lambert. H. Its large size, rich, glossy deep red color, firm flesh, unsurpassed flavor, combine to make it one of the leading market varieties. Middle of June.

May Duke. H. Large; rich dark red. May. Napoleon Bigarreau. H. (Royal Ann.) A magnificent cherry of largest size; pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm, sweet; most popular all-round cherry. Late June.

## New Cherry, "Abundance"

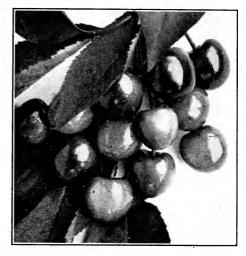
Each 10 100 .....\$1.00 \$7.50 \$60.00

This latest introduction of Burbank's has unusual merit and is deserving of wide distribution. Seedling of Napoleon (Royal Ann). Tree a strong grower and an early and never failing bearer of very heavy crops. Fully twice as productive as its parent, fruit larger, handsomer, as firm, better form and color, sweeter and far more delicious, never cracks. When canned, in appearance and color the very best. The most reliable and productive late cherry for shipping.

## New Cherry "Burbank"

Each 10 100 1 year, 4 to 6 ft......\$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00

This new cherry, introduced by Burbank, has been thoroughly tested out by practical cherry growers at Vacaville and its commercial value has been fully established. Ripens earlier than the Early Purple Guigne, and its size, firmness and flavor far surpasses that variety. Averages medium to large in size; skin deep purplish black; tree a beautiful grower, vigorous and erect.



Burbank Cherry.

#### **PLUMS**

Prices of Plums, General Collection, on Myobolan and Peach stocks.

		10	
1-year, 4 to 6 feet	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$25.00
1-year, 3 to 4 feet		2.50	
1-year, 2 to 3 feet		2.00	18.00

Except special varieties noted.

merica. Originated by Luther Burbank. Fruit large; skin glossy coral-red; flesh yellow, moderately firm, delicious; one of the most highly flavored plums.

Apple. Deep red with white marbling; large, firm and of fine flavor. Late July.

Bartlett. Yellow, turning to crimson; flesh salmon-colored, firm, juicy. Last of June.

Bavay's Green Gage. (Reine Claude de Bavay.) Large; greenish yellow; juicy. Aug.

Burbank. Medium; globular; cherry-red, with lilac bloom; flesh yellow. Late June. nalco. Large; cinnabar-red; fine flavor; tremendous grower; prolific. Early August. Chalco.

Cherry Plum. Small; lively red, sometimes yellow; light bloom. June.

Climax. Very large; deep, dark red; flesh yellow; delicious flavor. Tree vigorous and very productive. Middle of June.

Clyman. Reddish purple; firm and sweet. Valuable for shipping; very prolific. June.

Diamond. Tree wonderful grower and heavy and regular producer. Fruit very large, oblong; dark purple with deep bloom. A splendid shipper. Middle of July to early

Giant. Tree handsome vigorous grower. Fruit large; flesh yellow; flavor good; freestone. Fine market variety. Late August.

Grand Duke. Tree regular and prolific bear-er. Dark purple; flesh greenish yellow, with rich flavor; fine shipper. Late August.

Ickworth Imperatrice. Deep purple, with golden fawn tracings; flesh greenish yellow. Sept.

Jefferson. Large; greenish yellow; one of the best for canning. July to Sept.

Kelsey Japan. Rich yellow, overspread with red; flesh yellow; firm. July to Sept.

Peach. Very large; brownish red; flesh pale yellow; valuable for shipping. Early June.

Satsuma (Blood Plum.) Large; dark red from skin to pit; firm; juicy. Early July.

Shropshire Damson. Oval; dark blue; very firm; flesh greenish, juicy and sprightly. Late Sept.

Simon Plum. (Apricot Plum.) Prunus Simoni. Large; cinnabar-red; flesh yellow, with pine apple and banana flavor. Early July.

ashington. Large; yellow, with crimson blush; flesh yellow, firm, sweet. Early Aug. Washington.

Wickson. Tree strong, upright grower. Heart-shaped; flesh amber; juicy. Early Aug.

Yellow Egg. Showy market variety and good for canning. Large; oval; deep golden; juicy; rather acid. July and Aug.

## Burbank's Latest Creations in **Plums**

Each \$4.00 3.00 1 year, 4 to 6 ft........\$0.50 1 year, 3 to 4 ft.........40 25.00

The following varieties are the latest crea-ons by Burbank. Write for beautifully iltions by Burbank. Write for beautifully illustrated booklet depicting fruits in colors, from life. Price 25c.

ORMOSA. This Japanese plum possesses such a combination of good qualities that brings it prominently to the front as a grand shipping fruit. Tree is a vigorous upright grower with large cherry-like foliage; fruit of the largest size, heart-shaped and of a light cherry-red color. Flesh pale yellow, usually firm, sweet, rich, delicious, with delightful flavor. Ripens July. On Peach and Myrobolan root. FORMOSA.

GAVIOTA. This beautiful plum has qualities which are sure to make it a highly esteemed table and shipping fruit. Ripens 2 weeks after Formosa; is of a deep reddish purple color; flesh honey-yellow; fragrant and sweet to the pit, which is so small in comparison with size of fruit that it might almost be called "seedless." On Peach and Myrobolan root.

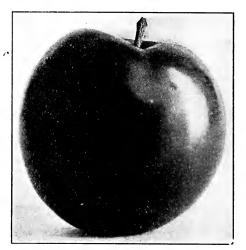
RUTLAND PLUMCOT. This new fruit is a cross between a plum and an apricot. It produces fruits in liberal quantities where apricots fail entirely. Fruit large, with a deep purple, velvety skin, brilliant red flesh with subacid flavor; desirable for cooking, jellies and jams. On Peach and Myrobolan root.

Plums Continued

APEX PLUMCOT. This new fruit ripens with the earliest plums. Tree a strong, compact, upright grower and good bearer, even where apricots cannot be grown, and in seasons where some plums are failures. Fruit very large and handsome, globular, color deep pink or light crimson, free-stone; flesh honey-yellow, firm, rich, aro-matic, apricot-like; unequalled in size, beauty, productiveness and quality by any other early fruit.

other early fruit.

ANTA ROSA. If there is any one fruit whose characteristics are individualized, they are markedly pronounced in this one plum. To begin with, it is extremely early, ripening the middle of June; it is very large; of a deep purplish crimson color, with pale blue bloom; flesh near skin is a purple shaded with rosy scarlet and pale amber toward the stone, which is quite small. Has a slight acidity next to the skin, merely enough, however, to relieve fruit from cloying. Its qualities may be summed up briefly by stamping it as a good grower, good bearer, fine shipper, good keeper, and in every way a money-maker. On Peach and Myrobolan root. SANTA ROSA.



Santa Rosa Plum.

#### **PRUNES**

Prune-On M	lyrobolan root—				Each	10	100
1 year .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4 to	6	ft.	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$30.00
1 year .		3 to	4	ft.	.40	3.00	25.00
1 year .		2 to	3	ft.	.30	2.50	20.00
Prune-On P	each and Almond roo	t—			$\mathbf{Each}$	10	100
1 year .		4 to	6	ft.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.06
1 year .		3 to	4	ft.	.25	2.00	18.00
1 year .		2 to	3	ft.	.20	1.80	16.00

Except Standard and Improved French. See special prices.

Fellenberg (Italian Prune). Large, unpurple; flesh greenish yellow; freestone. Large; dark

French. rench. (Petite Prune d'Agen.) Medium size; purple; sweet and rich; standard for drying and more extensively planted than any other. Aug.



Standard Prune.

erman. (Quetsche.) Long; purple, blue bloom; flesh green, sweet; freestone. Aug. Hungarian. Tree is a vigorous grower, and heavy bearer. Very large; redish violet; juicy, sweet; profitable for shipment. Aug. Imperial Epineuse (Imperial). Very large; et. Valuable violet-purple; exceedingly sweet. Valuable market variety on account of size and quality. Sept. Robe de Sargent. Large; deep purple; flesh rich and sugary. A fine prune, about ten days earlier than the French Prune. Aug. and Sept.

lver Prune. Largest size; pale yellow; profitable for bleaching and canning. Sept.

Sugar. Dark purple; flesh yellow, tender and rich; valuable for shipping green. Early Aug.

Tragedy. Dark purple; flesh yellowish green; very rich and sweet. Valuable shipper. Early July.

## New Prune, "Standard"

Each 10 100 \$7.50 \$60.00 .75 6.00 50.00

This late introduction of Burbank is a cross between Tragedy and Sugar Prune. It has been tried in a commercial way now for several years, and its possibilities as a high-grade Prune have been established between a question or a deput

high-grade Prune have been established beyond a question or a doubt.

Burbank writes of it as follows:

"The trees are enormous and never-failing bearers, and strong, healthy growers.

Well-grown fruits measure four and a half inches around one way by nearly six inches the long way. Skin dark reddish purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh honey-yellow, fine-grained, juicy, yet firmer than most other drying Prunes. Is very sweet and a perfect, freestone.

"This is without doubt the best combination drying and shipping Prune ever grown. The final test as to the value of this Prune is that, when dipped, the result is a quickly dried Prune which is larger than any heretofore grown."

### New Prune, "Conquest"

One of Burbank's late introductions. The tree is a vigorous, healthy, rapid grower and unusually productive. The fruit is very similar to the French Prune in form, size, color and golden sweet rich flesh. The stone has been eliminated with the exception of a tiny speck. The fruit is valuable and the tree is very productive. Ripens with the common French Prune and is in all respects very much like it in size, quality and appearance. Price \$1.50 each; \$10.00 per 10; \$75.00 per 100. appearance. Pi \$75.00 per 100.

#### French Prune (Improved)

French Prune (Improved)—On Almond, Myrobolan and Peach roots—

Each 10 100 1000 1 yr., 4 to 6 ft. \$0.60 \$5.00 \$40.00 \$300.00 1 yr., 3 to 4 ft. .50 4.00 30.00 250.00 1 yr., 2 to 3 ft. .40 3.00 20.00 180.00

To term it anything else would simply be misleading. One of our leading growers called our attention to an orchard of this variety at Suisun, Solano County, in which extending over a period of years, large sizes were the rule rather than the exception. Growers in this section insist on having this variety in preference to the regular French Prune, knowing from years of observation

that without exception the fruit produced on the sport is identical in every particular except in size, and in this there has never been any variation, the prunes averaging from 30s to 40s from year to year without exception. Careful investigation on our part convinces us of the merits of this improved type of French Prune which to all appearances is the genuine sort with the exception that the branches are inclined to droop some and that it produces without fail every year large crops of fruit, all of which are of the largest sizes. This demonstration of selection must appeal to every fruit grower. Further facts concerning this prune will be furnished on application. Not having a very heavy stock, only a limited number of trees will be offered for sale this year.

#### **APRICOTS**

Prices on Apricots on Peach and Aprico	R	oots-	Each	10	100	1000
1 year 4 to	6	ft.	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
1 year 3 to			.30	2.50	20.00	180.00
1 year 2 to	3	ft.	.25	2.00	16.00	140.00
On Myrobolan root-			Each	10	100	1000
1 year 4 to	6	ft.	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$30.00	\$250.00
1 year 3 to	4	ft.	.40	3.00	25.00	200.00
1 veer 2 to			.30	2.50	20.00	160 00

Black Apricot. Dull, reddish purple, covered with slight down; juicy, with pleasant flavor. June.

Blenheim (Shipley). Above medium; deep yellow; juicy and rich flesh. In great demand both for canning and drying. Trees regular and heavy bearers. Middle of June.

Hemskirke (Alameda Hemskirke). Almost as large as Moorpark, but earlier and more prolific; flesh bright orange; tender. June.

Moorpark. Very large; red on the sunny side; flesh bright orange. Late June.

Newcastle Early. Medium; fine quality; good shipper and very valuable. First of June.

Pringle. Small; clingstone; good quality; very early. Middle of May.

Royal. The most extensively planted variety. Medium; flesh pale orange, with rich, vinous flavor. Early June.

Routier's Peach (Peach, Bergetti's French). Yellow; flesh yellow, juicy. June 15.

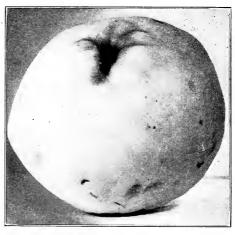
Smyrna. Introduced by our Mr. Geo. C. Roeding in 1901, from Smyrna. Large; flesh bright orange-yellow; freestone. Kernel is sweet, having all the properties of an almond. Middle of June.

Tilton. Orange-yellow, with pronounced flavor; valuable canning and shipping. June.

## **OUINCES**

Prices on Quince Stock—Each 10 100 1 year, 4 to 6 ft....\$0.35 \$3.00 \$25.00 1 year, 3 to 4 ft.....30 2.50 20.00 Apple or Orange. Large; fine golden color;

Apple or Orange. Large; fine golden color; valuable for preserves or flavoring. Sept. Rea's Mammoth. Large, bright yellow; a strong grower, and very productive. Oct.



Apple or Orange Quince.

## **New Quinces**

Prices on Quince stock. 1-year, 4 to 6 ft., 50c each, \$4 for 10, \$35 per 100.

PINEAPPLE. Originated by Luther Burbank. Flavor is suggestive of the pineapple. Makes a superior jelly, can be eaten raw and will cook as tender in five minutes as the best cooking apple.

SMYRNA. .Introduced by us from Smyrna. Very large and of a lively lemon-yellow; when cooked it is very tender, with a pronounced Quince taste and odor October.

#### **PEACHES**

Prices on Peach Stocks, except special varieties	noted-	_		
Peach-Clingstone Varieties-On Peach Root- 1	Each	10	100	1000
1 year 4 to 6 ft.	\$0.35	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
1 year 3 to 4 ft.	.30	2.50	20.00	180.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	140.00
Peach-Freestone Varieties-On Peach root-	Each	10	100	1000
	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$18.00	\$150.00
1 year 3 to 4 ft.	.25	1.80	15.00	125.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	20	1.50	12.50	100.00
All varieties not designated as Clingstones are	frag			

Admiral Dewey. Large and handsome; fine early yellow-fleshed variety. Middle June.

Alexander. Large; greenish white, shaded deep maroon; juicy, sweet. Early June.

Australian Saucer. Medium; flat: white shaded crimson; flesh white, sweet. July. Bilyeu's Late.. Large; white with blush cheek; flesh white; excellent shipper. Oct.

Blood Cling. Medium; clouded purplish red; flesh deep red; esteemed for preserving. July.

Briggs Red May. Greenish white, with red cheek; flesh white. Middle of June.

Crosby. Orange-yellow, splashed with carmine; valuable for shipping. Late Aug.

Peaches Continued

Early Imperial. Deep yellow, with dark red cheek; flesh juicy and firm. Last of June.

Early Crawford. Very large; skin yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow. Middle of July.

Elberta. Very showy and one of the best market and table varieties. Last of July. Foster. Large; yellow, dark red cheek; fine for drying, market or canning. July.

George's Late Cling. Large; yellowish white, splashed with red; flesh firm. Sept.

Hale's Early. Large; skin greenish, mottled red; flesh white, juicy, sweet. Early July.

Heath Cling. Very large; creamy white, with faint blush; flesh white. Sept.

Late Crawford. Very large, yellow with red cheek; flavor excellent. Early Aug.

Levy's Late, or Henrietta Cling. Deep yellow, shaded brownish red. Middle of Sept.

Lovell. Leads all other clear yellow free-stones; medium to large. One of the best drying and canning freestones. First week in Aug.

McDevitt's Cling. Large, golden yellow; flesh of superior flavor. Last of Aug.
McKevitt's Cling. Creamy white, with delicate blush; flesh firm, rich and sugary; superior as a canning Peach. Late Aug.

superior as a canning reach. Late Aug.

Morris White. Large; greenish white; flesh
firm, sweet and juicy. First of Aug.

Muir. Very large; flesh clear yellow, very
rich and sweet. The leading drying Peach
of California; good for canning. Last of July.

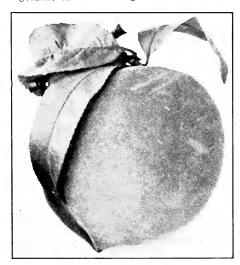
pulent. Originated by Luther Burbank. Medium to large, almost globular; creamy white, with crimson dots and blush; flesh firm, very juicy. Early July. Opulent.

Phillip's Cling. Large; yellow; flesh firm, clear yellow. Always commands the highest market price for canning. Late Aug.

Picquet's Late. Large; skin yellow, with red cheeks; flesh yellow. Early in Sept.

Runyon's Orange Cling. Very large; yellow, with a dark crimson cheek. Early Aug. Salway. Large; flesh deep yellow; rich and sweet. Good for canning and drying. Mid-

dle of Sept.
Sellers' Orange Cling.
golden; Middle of Aug. Very large; rich



Sims Cling Peach.

Sims Cling. Large to very large; golden yellow, with faint blush; flesh deep yellow, of fine texture, firm and rich; pit small. We regard it as the best clingstone for canning and recommend extensive planting. Ripens middle of August.

need. Large, creamy white, with blush cheek; tender, juicy; valuable for ship-ping. One of the earliest. Middle of May.

rawberry. Medium white, marbled dark red; flesh white, juicy, with rich flavor. Early July. Strawberry.

Susquehanna. squehanna. Large; yellow, nearly covered with red; flesh yellow, sweet, juicy. Aug.

Triumph. Large, with small pit; yellow, covered with dark crimson in the sun; flesh bright yellow, juicy and sweet. Middle of June.

Tuscan Cling. (Tuskena. Yellow Tuscan.)
Very large; yellow. The best early canning Peach. Middle of July.

Van Buren Dwarf. Tree very dwarf and or-namental; fruit medium, yellow shaded red; flesh yellow. Middle of Aug.

Wheatland. Very large; yellow, shaded red; flesh yellow; firm, melting, juicy. Aug.

Vellow St. John. Favorite southern sort; medium; yellow, red cheeks. Late June.

## New Peach, "The Leader"

Price, 75c each; \$6.00 for 10.

This and the following, originated by Burbank and described by him the earliest of all the Muir X Crawford types, of all the Muir X (ripening near the coast in July. usually vigorous trees which never fail to produce a full crop of beautiful, smooth, globular, bright yellow fruit with deep crim-son blush; flesh pure yellow, meaty, firm, very sweet and delicious—far superior to any other. Freeston—exceedingly small stone. Has never shown any trace of curl leaf.

The best Peach for canning or shipping owing to its earliness, productiveness, globular form, beautiful appearance, firm, delicious fiesh, and long-keeping qualities. A Peach with all the good qualities of the Muir and Early Crawford combined and with the addition of several new ones. As a home Peach, unexcelled.

## New Peach, "The National"

Price, 75c each; \$6.00 for 10.

A giant Muir X Crawford Peach which, like the "Leader," is yellow, but is half covered with deep crimson-blush and crimson dots. Tree a strong grower and never-failing producer of very firm, nearly globu-lar fruits. Freestone—small stone. Flesh pale yellow, firm, superior quality, far ex-celling either parent. Ripening from ten days to two weeks after the "Leader," and before the old Muirs and Crawfords. En-tirely free from curl leaf.

A firm and most delicious Peach when canned, and unexcelled for drying and shipping. Extra handsome and extra good, also as a market or home Peach.

#### New Peaches

0 \$25.00 20.00 Prices on Peach roots— Each 1 year, 4 to 6 ft...\$0.40 \$3 1 year, 3 to 4 ft... .30 \$3.00 2.50

CONNET'S SOUTHERN EARLY. Creamy white, with bright red blush; large, and of fine flavor; the tree is a vigorous grower. Last of May.

REENSBORO. Originated at Greensboro, N. C. Among the earliest and largest. Creamy white, with dainty blush; a wonderfully vigorous grower. May 1.

MAYFLOWER. One of the earliest Peaches; red all over. Tree a strong grower, late bloomer and heavy bearer. Early May.

OKLAHOMA BEAUTY. Extremely large; nearly round, with high color. Among the finest in quality. Specimens measure 8 inches in circumference. May.

OKLAHOMA QUEEN. "Queen of Peaches."
Larger than Greensboro in size, color and quality, one of the finest early Peaches grown. Wonderfully productive. Middle of May.

#### NECTARINES

Prices on Peach Roots-					Each	10	100	1000
1 year								\$200.00
1 year	3	to	4	ft.	.30	2.50	20.00	180.00

Advance. dvance. Large; green, blotched we flesh greenish white. Early July. blotched with red;

Boston. Large; bright yellow, with deep red cheek; flesh yellow, rich and luscious. A splendid variety for home use or for market. Late July.

Humboldt. Very large; bright orange-yellow, streaked crimson; flesh orange. Aug.

New White. Large; greenish white. Early July.

anwick. Very large; skin pale, shaded rich violet; flesh white, tender, juicy. The best all-round drying, shipping and can-Stanwick.

ning sort. Aug.

Lord Napier. Large; cream color with dark red cheek, flesh white. July.

#### THE NUT TREES

#### Almonds

Prices-On Almond and Peach roots-	Each	10	100	1000
1 year, ½ to % caliper	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$150.00
1 year, % to ½ capiler		2.00	15.00	125.00
1 year, ¼ to % caliper	20	<b>1.50</b>	12.50	100.00

The natural tendency of almonds is to grow stocky, rather than tall, therefore trees are listed on caliper basis rather than by height.

Seedling. Regular and abundant bearer; soft shell.

Harriot's Seedling, or Commercial. One of the largest of the soft shells, with a sweet

I. X. L. Sturdy, upright grower; nut large; soft-shell; bears heavily and regularly. Highly recommended by all orchardists.

No Plus Ultra. Large and very long; soft shell. A rapid grower and regular, heavy bearer.

Nonpareil. Weeping habit and forms a beautiful tree. One of the best. An extraordinary heavy bearer of the paper-shell type.

Peerless. Preferred by some to I. X. L., which it resembles, but the nut is larger.

Texas Prolific. Closely resembling Drake's Seedling. Kernel very plump and of medium size, shell soft, hulls very easily. Never fails to produce a good crop.

The Jordan. The famous Spanish variety so long sought after by nut-growers. Nuts are long, with hard shells; the kernels are superior in flavor, long and plump and filling the entire cavity. A strong grower and heavy bearer.



Eureka Almond.

CUREKA (New). This is a novelty only in the sense that it has never been offered for sale before last season. Blooms with Nonpareil, usually in full bloom Mar. 1. Nuts mature Sept. 1. One of the leading firms in San Francisco, has bought the crop from this one orchard for a period of years writes of it as follows: "The Eureka, on account of the similarity of the kernel in shape and flavor to the famous Jordan, commands the very highest price, and confectioners pay a premium to secure it." It differs in two essentials to the Jordan, being somewhat smaller in size and is a papershell. The tree is not only an exceptionally strong grower but is an unfailing heavy cropper. Originated on the farm of A. M. Newland, Colusa, Cal. Trees are eighteen years old and a failure of crop has never been known. The commercial value of this nut has been established by years of trial. Mr. Newland's orchard of this variety is extensive and he recommends it above any EUREKA

other variety. To the prospective fruit grower, our words of commendation must be summed up by advising the extensive planting of this valuable variety which has so much to commend it."

#### Butternut

The rough-coated nut, with a peculiar but most attractive flavor, so well known in the Middle West.

Each 10 1 to 2 feet......\$0.50 \$4.00

#### Chestnut Seedlings

															Each
4	to	6	feet												\$0.50
3	to	4	feet.												.40

American Sweet. The well-known native tree of the Eastern states; nuts small sweet; very desirable in coast counties.

Italian, or Spanish. Introduced from Europe. Very ornamental; medium-sized nuts.

#### Chestnut

#### Grafted Varieties

				Each	10	100
6	to	8	feet	\$1.00	\$8.00	\$60.00
4	to	6	feet	.80	6.00	50.00
3	to	4	feet	.60	5.00	40.00

The grafted varieties come into bearing when four years old and produce nuts of superior quality. The trees have more distinctive character. For fruit and ornamental purposes they have few equals.

Japanese Mammoth. Tree of compact habit. Nuts very large, being over an inch wide and weighing 1½ ounces each.

Marron Combale. French; nut large sweet and highly flavored; glossy foliage.

Marron de Lyon. Similar to the preceding, but the nuts are somewhat larger.

Numbo. Nuts large, handsome, and as finely flavored as any large Chestnut.

#### Filbert

2 to 3 ft., 75c each.

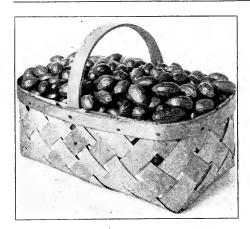
Filberts are particularly well adapted to the coast counties and the lower mountain-ous and foothill regions. The nuts have a sweet, delicious flavor and are in great de-mand.

European White. Should be trained as bush rather than a tree. Nut large, ol long; kernel sweet and highly flavored.

#### Shagbark Hickory

3 to 4 ft., \$1.00 each.

Very striking trees with straight tall trunks and lustrous foliage. The nuts have a peculiar rich flavor. Should be planted only in localities influenced by the coast



Pecans.

### **Pecan Seedlings**

				Each	10	100
4	to	6	feet	. \$0.70	\$6.00	\$50.00
			feet			

#### **Pecans Grafted**

Each 10 3 to 4 feet ......\$1.50 \$12.00

Too much cannot be said in praise of the improved types of the Pecans. The Papershell types, which we are offering for sale, are so far superior to the common Pecans, that they cannot be considered in the same category. The Pecan thrives and produces fine crops of nuts in all localities throughout California, except in the immediate vicinity of the coast, where on account of the fog and cool breezes they would be rather late in maturing.

Frotscher. One of the best; nuts cylindrical; shell thin, parting from the kernel easily. Pabst. Nut cylindrical; soft-shell; kernel particularly well filled.

particularly well filled.

Russell. Vigorous and productive. Nut oval, pointed, very large; shell very thin.

Stuart. A standard for commercial orchards; large; good shape and of fine appearance; always well filled; meat of good flavor.

Success. One of the largest and best; shell very thin; kernel plump.

Van Deman. Large and oblong in shape; shell thin; kernels plump; good quality.

## Pistachio Nut Seedlings

				Each	10
4	to	6	feet	\$1.00	\$8.00
3	to	4	feet		6.00

The "Green Almond" of Europe. Tree of dwarf habit, producing nuts in enormous clusters. Thrives well in the interior valleys. Not only very ornamental but profitable as well.

We list two varieties: Atlantica and Vera.

#### Walnut Seedlings

				Each	10	100
8	to	10	feet	. \$0.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
6	to	8	feet	40	3.00	25.00
4	to	6	feet	3.0	2.50	20.00

American Black. Moderate grower, starting late in the spring. Nut is very hard, with corrugated exterior.

California Black. Rapid growing and desirable as a stock; adapts itself to all conditions. Nut medium size, hard, smooth shell.

### Soft Shell Walnut, Grown from Selected Seed

		Each	10
6 to 8	feet	\$0.50	\$4.00
4 to 6	feet		3.00
3 to 4	feet		2.50

now generally recognized as a leader in Southern California. Placentia Perfection.

Santa Barbara Soft Shell. Large; shell; kernel white, full and sweet.

#### Walnuts Grafted on California and Eastern Black

					Each	10	100
8	3	to	10	feet	. \$1.25	\$10.00	\$80.00
(	6	to	8	feet	. 1.00	8.00	70.00
-	4	to	6	feet	8.0	7.00	60.00

A'Bijou. (Large-fruited.) Immense in size; the quality of the kernel is excellent. Chaberte. Good size; kernel extra fine flavor; a good bearer; one of the best. in size;

nt-leaved. A most graceful ornamental tree, particularly adapted to gardens and lawns; foliage deeply cut and laciniated; put lorge round smooth shell kernel Cut-leaved. nut large, round, smooth shell; kern sweet and well filled; very best quality.

sweet and well filled; very best quality.

Franquette. The standard among walnuts, and commanding a higher price in the market than any other. Nut large, elongated, oval and very attractive in form; kernel full, sweet with a very rich nutty flavor. Blooms late in spring.

Mayette. This ranks with the Franquette as one of the leading commercial varieties. Imported under the trade name Grenoble; size large and unequalled as a dessert nut; an abundant bearer; starts very late in the spring.

Mayette Rouge. Identical with the Mayette, except that the nut is reddish.

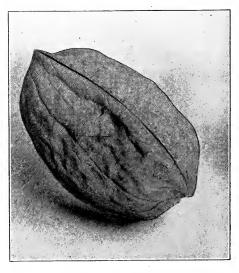
Parisienne. Large; excellent; starts late. The nut is large and of fine shape.

Placentia Perfection. A vigorous grower; commences to bear abundantly about the fifth year after planting. An improved Santa Barbara Soft-Shell, commanding 1½ to 2 cts. per pound more than its parent.

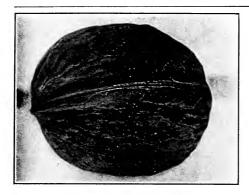
## Walnuts of Recent Introduction

Grafted on California and Eastern Black-Each 10 100 6 to 8 feet.....\$\\$1.50 \\$12.50 \\$100.00

Eureka. Regarded as one of the coming walnuts in the southern part of the state. Tree a vigorous, upright grower, leaves and blooms fully three weeks later than seedlings of the Santa Barbara Soft-Shell, and is therefore very desirable in localities subject to late frosts. An immense producer and one of the most resistant to blight. Nuts large, elongated, smooth and tightly sealed.



Franquette Walnut.



## Eureka Walnut.

(See Page 12)

Neff's Prolific. A rapid-spreading grower with smooth and clean bark. Blooms late but ripens its nut early. Nuts large, oval, slightly ribbed and tightly sealed. Trees fifteen years old in orchard form have produced 215 pounds of fine, large nuts. Highly resistant to blight. Especially suited to Southern California conditions.

ONCORD. This popular variety originated from a seedling planted years ago by the father of Mr. George Westcott in Walnut Creek, Contra Costa County, Cal. The fact that the tree has been a strong grower, enormous bearer, producing large, smooth, round nuts, well filled, has placed it in the front rank as the sort to plant by all Walnut growers in this district. It is certainly worthy of trial in other sections of the state.

#### WALNUT TREES FOR TIMBER

Grafte				Each	10
8	to	10	feet	. \$1.50	\$12.50
6	to	8	feet	. 1.25	10.00

Burbank's latest creations in rapid-growing timber trees. For complete description of these trees, as well as for many other new and popular fruits, write for illustrated booklet in colors, entitled "New Products of the Trees." Price 25 cents.

Paradox. Grafted on California Black. It grows fully a third faster than the California Black, is very hardy and free from pests. Produces timber light in color and with fine, compact grain. In cold climates winter protection should be given the trees for two or three years. We can furnish no seadings of this variety. nish no seedlings of this variety.

coyal. Grafted on California Black. A stately, symmetrical tree, with all the good qualities of the California Black, exceeding it by far in its rapidity of growth. The wood is exceedingly hard, closegrained and takes a silky polish, more nearly resembling the tropical mahogany. The scions for our grafted trees are taken from the original Royal tree.

Royal Seedling. Purchasers of seedlings must bear in mind that they may not equal parent tree in rapidity of growth.

Each 3 to 4 feet .....\$0.60 \$5.00

#### Japanese Varieties

				Each	.10
2	to	3	feet	\$0.60	\$5.00
1	to	2	feet		4.00

apanese. Nuts produced in clusters; shell smooth; kernel very sweet. Japanese.

## **NEW FIGS** Smyrna Class

				Each	10	100	1000
4	to	5	feet	.\$0.40	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
3	to	4	feet	30	2.50	20.00	180.00
			feet		2.00	18.00	160.00

Special attention is called to our fig trees, which are 2-year-old roots, and not sappy, over-irrigated yearlings. Our endeavor is to promote stocky, well-matured wood in our trees. Heights of trees are based on caliper measurements. Tall, pithy trees having no well-ripened wood invariably die back to the ground.

Calimyrna. Large to very large; lemon-yellow; pulp reddish amber, sometimes pale, turning dark, just before falling; seeds large, yellow, fertile, overspread with a clear, white syrup, giving the fruit a richness and meatiness unsurpassed by any other Fig. Dries readily, dropping to the ground of its own accord. Aug to Oct.

Black, or Purple Bulletin Smyrna. Very large; light purple, streaked gray; pulp reddish pink; rich, luscious. Late Aug Kassaba. Large; almost globular; skin pale green, pulp reddish pink. Sept

## Wild, or Capri Class

The Smyrna Figs cannot be grown with-out Capri Figs. The Capri Figs serve as a home for the minute insect. Blastophaga grossorum, the only insect which can carry the pollen from the Capri Figs to the fe-male flowers of the Smyrna types.

Each 4 to 5 feet ......\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00 3 to 4 feet ......40 3.00 25.00

Roeding's Capri No. 1. Produces an abundance of all crops necessary for the Blastonkore.

tophaga.

Roeding's Capri No. 2. Produce of the Profichi crop. Produces an abun-

Roeding's Capri No. 3. Figs of the Profichi crop; quite large and early.

Capri Magnissalis. By far the largest, and abundantly supplied with insect galls. Our stock of trees is limited.

Capri Milco. One of the most promising varieties. A good producer of all the crops necessary to perpetuate the insect. Profichi crop rather late in maturing.

#### Adriatic Class

This class of figs does not require pollination to mature its fruits. They will adapt themselves to a wider range of localities than the Smyrna types.

Each 10 \$3.00 \$25.00 2.50 20.00 \$200.00 180.00 2.00 18.00

ission. (California Black.) Stands in the lead of all black figs for shipping and drying. Tree a vigorous grower and heavy bearer. Late June and Aug. Mission.

San Pedro Black. Very large; violet-black; pulp red. Early in Aug.
San Pedro White (Fico de San Pietro).
"Apple Fig." Excellent flavor; skin golden yellow; very palatable. Middle of June.

Verdal Longue (Sultana, Verdal Honde). Very rich, sweet, aromatic. Sept. and Oct.

White Adriatic. Fruit large; greenish yellow; pulp carnation-red. Second week in Aug.

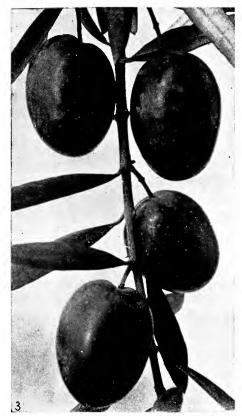
White Endich. Medium sized; thin white skin; pulp white. One of the best for canning and pickling. First week in Aug.

"CALIFORNIA HORTICULTURE." The Fruit-Grower's guide. By George C. Roeding. To learn more is to know more. We are desirous that you should know more about your orchard. Better preparation of your soil, proper pruning of your trees, irrigating and cultivating at the right time, are a few of the things our Guide will teach you, for only 25c.

#### **OLIVES**

OLIVES. These Trees are graded by caliper measurement only. Trees will be pruned back when dug.

_						. 10	100	1000
1	to	2	ın.	caliper	31.60	\$14.00	\$125.00	
				caliper		12.00	100.00	900.00
5/8	to	3/4	in.	caliper	1.25	10.00	90.00	800.00
1/2	to	5/8	in.	caliper	1.00	9.00	80.00	700.00
3/2	to	1/2	in.	caliper	90	8.00	70.00	600.00
, 0						0.00		000.00



Sevillano Olive.

Ascolano. Large; early; among the best of the pickling varieties. First of Nov. Atroviolacea. Medium size; deep jet-black; a good oil Olive. Late Oct.

HEMLALY. (New.) Introduced U. S. Department of Agriculture. CHEMLALY. Introduced by This is U. S. Department of Agriculture. This is the variety of Olive so extensively grown in Algiers for oil purposes. There are several hundred thousand acres of these Olives growing in Algiers on arid lands and the orchards are never irrigated. The trees are producing with us for the first time and it is quite evident they are enormous bearers. The Olives are small and only adapted for oil purposes.

Corregiola. Small; high grade for oil. Nov. Cucco. Large; valuable for pickling. Late Oct.

Lucques. Crescent-shape; good for oil and pickling. Middle of Oct.

Manzanillo. One of the standards for green and ripe pickles. Produces oil of a very high grade. Very hardy, and a regular and prolific bearer. First week in Oct.

Manzanillo No. 2. Valuable for green pickles; rich in oil. Middle of Nov.

Mission. Tree a handsome, upright grower, and fine for avenues. Medium to large; excellent pickles; as well as a superior oil. Late Oct.

evadillo Blanco. Medium; deep black; rapid grower; and makes a pickle of superior flavor, but runs somewhat small in Nevadillo Blanco. size. Sept.

bliza. Large; borne in clusters on the stems. Excellent for pickles. Middle Oct. Obliza. Pendulina. Grows in clusters and produces a high grade of oil. Last of Nov.

azzo. Oval; medium; yields the finest grade of oil. Last of Nov. Razzo.

Rubra. Yields oil of highest grade. Nov.

Sevillano. The largest of all. The "Queen Olive" of commerce. Early Oct. Olive"

#### CITRUS FRUITS

For explicit instructions on the subject of Citrus Fruits, we refer our patrons to "California Horticulture.

#### **Oranges**

ORANGE-On Sweet, Sour and Citrus Trifoliata roots-	Eacl		100
1 and 2 year buds, ¾ to 1 in, caliper			
1 and 2 year buds, 5% to 34 in. caliper	1.50	12.50	110.00
1 year buds, ½ to % in caliper	1.25	11.00	100.00
1 year buds. % to % in caliber	1.10	10.00	90.00

#### Except Willow-leaved Mandarin and Kumquat noted below.

oppa. Fruit large; red; nearly seedless; pulp very fine, sweet, juicy. April to July. Mediterranean Sweet. Large; pulp solid and few seeds; ripens late. Feb.

Ruby Blood. Medium; very smooth; prich, juicy and melting. Jan. to April.

Satsuma (Unshiu, Oonshiu). Deep yellow; flesh very tender, juicy. Oct to Dec.

St. Michael. Small; round; firm; thin skin; pulp juicy and very sweet. Feb.

Golden Nugget Navel (New). Oblong; good size; deliciously sweet; seedless. Nov. to March. March.

Navalencia (New). Ripens sixty days after Washington; equal to the very best. April to June.

Tangerine ungerine (Dancy's). Medium size; very sweet; rind thin and separating readily. March

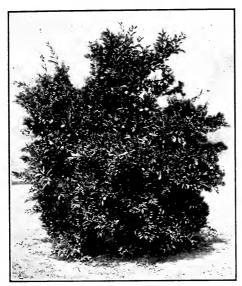
Thompson's Improved Navel. Medium size; very smooth and thin; pulp juicy. Earlier than Washington Navel. Nov. to Jan.

Valencia Late. Large; reaching the market when all other varieties are gone. A profitable variety.

Washington Navel. In California it has reached its highest stage of perfection, and stands in the lead of all other varieties for its large size, lusciousness and sweetness of pulp. The most extensively planted variety on the market. Nov. to March.

umquat. About the size of a large goose-berry; rind sweet, juice acid, delicious and refreshing. Tree dwarf and desirable for pot and garden culture. May to July. Kumanat.

On Citrus Trifoliata roots— Each 10 ½ to ½-inch caliper....\$2.00 \$17.50 % to ½-inch caliper.....1.75 15.00



Washington Navel Orange. (See Page 14)

mow-leaved Mandarin. Skin thin; flesh dark orange-yellow, spicy and aromatic. Dec. to Feb. Tree handsome. One-year buds, ½ to 5% of an inch in diameter, \$2 each, \$15 for 10. Willow-leaved Mandarin.

#### Lemons

2-year buds,	Each	10	100
34 and up	. \$1.75	\$15.00	
1 and 2-year buds,			
% to % caliper	. 1.50	12.50	110.00
1-year buds,			
½ to % caliper	1.25	11.00	100.00
1-year buds,			
% to ½ caliper	1.10	10.00	90.00
Eureka, Medium size;	sweet:	smooth.	glossy:
abundant acid and			
popular on account			
crop, maturing when	n Lemoi	ns are in	great-
est demand.			
Lisbon. Medium size			
strong acid; few se	eeds; a	prolific	bearer.
Very hardy.			
Villa Franca. Oblon	g; rına	tnin,	without
any trace of bitter			
nearly seedless. A fi			_
New Seedless Lemon			
Roeding from Algie			
ing with us for			
Tree a vigorous gro			
fruit about the siz			
pear shaped; thin s	kinnea	and very	Juley;
absolutely seedless.	n nost	3/ + 0 1	inch
2-year buds on sou caliper, e	r root,	50	men
camper, e	acii, \$2.	. 50.	
	_		

#### Pomelos (Grape-Fruit)

On Sweet and Citrus Trifol	liata roo	ts—
Each	10	100
1 and 2-year buds, % to % caliper\$1.75	\$15.00	\$125.00
1 and 2-year buds,		
* to % caliper 1.50	12.50	110.00
Marsh's Seedless, Medium	: skin	verv

smooth, glossy, lemon-yellow color; pulp juicy, with very little rag. The finest variety of Pomelo. The fruit will hang on the trees till late in September the following year.

riumph. Medium size; peel smooth, clear, thin, and fine-grained; very heavy. One Triumph. of the best.

### Citron of Commerce

Large, weighing from three to five pounds; shaped like a lemon; skin bright yellow, smooth and very glossy. The tree is of a

dwarf habit, with large glossy leaves and very ornamental.

Each 

#### Limes

1-year buds. Each 10
½ to 5½ in caliper......\$1.75 \$15.00

Bearss Seedless. Very large; seedless; very juicy, with pronounced acidity. One of the best in cultivation. Hardy, enormously productive, and matures fruit year round.

Mexican. Largely used in California for hedges; fruit large and excellent.

#### **Pomegranates**

1 40 5 6004		10	
	\$0.60		
	Very large: s		

Paper-Shell. Very large; skin thin, pair yellow, with crimson cheek.

Sweet-fruited. Fruit large, with sweet, juic, pulp; ripens in Sept.

pulp; ripens in Sept.

Wonderful. The largest and most attractive of all. Valuable for shipment. Ripens early. Pulp a rich garnet color, with an abundance of juice, dark as port wine; exquisite flavor Oct.

## PERSIMMONS Seedlings

					Each	10	100
6 to	8	feet			\$0.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
4 to	6	feet			.40	3.00	25.00
3 to	4	feet			.35	2.50	20.00
For	in	form	ation	on	Persi	mmons	consult
"Calife	mni	io U	Ortion	1+1120	, ,,		

"California Horticulture."

American. Fruit small, cannot be eaten except when frosted.

#### Grafted Varieties

Our stock will run practically to the 4 to 5-ft. grade. Each 10 100 4 to 5 feet ... .50 4.00 25.00 3 to 4 feet ... .\$0.40 \$83.00 \$20.00 Dai-Dai-Maru. Very large; light yellow; flesh delicious, firm, juicy.



Hachiya Persimmon.

achiya. Very large; conical; bright red with dark blotches; flesh deep yellow, soft and jelly-like when ripe. One of the best. Sept. Hachiya. sept. e. Very

best. Sept.

Hyakume. Very large; orange-yellow; few seeds; juicy and not astringent. Oct.

Mammoth Gosho. Very large; round, somewhat flattened. Specimens average 10 oz. Flesh red. Tree erect grower.

Tane-Nashi. Very large; bright red; flesh yellow; seedless. A good market variety of fine quality. Vigorous grower and heavy bearer. Sept.

Yemon. Large; dull red; flesh deep yellow; seedless. When fully ripened one of the most delicious persimmons. Nov.

#### **BANANA**

Leaves often 2 feet wide and 8 feet long make it a fine plant for decorative purposes.

In pots, 2 to 3 feet, each ......\$2.00

Cavendishii. Dwarf in habit; fruit yellow; small; in immense bunches.

Orientum, or Hart's Choice. Clear yellow, with unsurpassed fruity flavor.

Sapientum, or Orinoco. Rapid and robust; large dark green leaves; fruit large.

## Carob Tree (Ceretonia siliqua)

The saccharine seed-pods are of value as food for horses, cattle and hogs. A fine tree for dry situations, doing exceptionally well in the interior valleys of this state. A fine avenue tree.

	Eac	n 10
Balled, 3 to	4 feet\$1.25	\$10.00
	3 feet 1.00	
	to 2 feet50	

## Elaeagnus Longipes

Bears an abundance of oval-shaped fruits of deep orange-red, which make an excellent jelly.

																											Each	
6	to	8	feet																								. \$1.00	
4	ιo	О	řeet	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		

### **LOQUAT**

2 to 3 feet, each .....\$2.00

Advance. Very large; deep lemon-yellow; flesh firm, juicy, sweet. One of the best.

Champagne. A large midseason variety similar to Advance; bunches large and fruit sufficiently far apart in clusters to permit full development of fruit.

Early Red. Earliest variety grown; highly recommended for Southern California planting.

Premier. Fruit large, lemon-yellow; flesh melting, juicy and sweet; seeds small.

## Ahuacate (Avocado) Alligator Pear

A tropical or subtropical pear-shaped or spherical fruit, of great food value, which will undoubtedly become one of the leading commercial fruits of California, as all who have tested it so far are enthusiastic in its praise, as an income producer.

Budded varieties ......\$5.00 to \$10.00

Ganter. Color, light green, skin thin, and yellowish flesh, good flavor, pyriform, 2½ to 4 inches long and 1¾ to 2½ inches in diameter. Ripens Oct. to Dec.

Harman. Oval or pyriform, weighing 8 to 1 wounces, of good quality and exceptionally hardy.

Meserve. Nearly round, thick skin, color green, weight about 1 pound, good flavor and seed tight in cavity. Ripens April to May. Good shipping variety.

Rhoad. Introduced from Guatemala; pyriform, medium size, quality good.

Taft. Pyriform, of good quality, skin thick and woody, making it good for shipping.

Wagner. Said to be a seedling from the Walker, slightly oval in shape, thick skinned, of good size and quality. Ripens July to Sept.

## Custard Apple

Produces fruit in great abundance, the flesh of which has the consistency of ice-cream, with a custard flavoring.

Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.....\$1.00 \$7.50

#### Feijoa (Sellowiana)

Balled, 2 to 3 ft......\$2.00 \$15.00

Fruit 2½ inches long by 2 inches across. Flesh thick, white, pulpy and watery with a sugary taste resembling the pineapple and guava, and with a strong agreeable odor.

#### **GUAVAS**

Pear, or Lemon Guava. Grows to be a large shrub. Should be planted only in favored localities as it is somewhat tender; fruit pear-shaped, yellowish; highly prized for jellies and jams.

Strawberry Guava. Shrub or small tree, producing fruit of a fine deep claret color, with strawberry-like flavor.

#### Hovenia Dulcis

A small, round-headed tree, with handsome shining foliage, small greenish flowers and succeeded by small, sweet, aromatic fruits with reddish flesh.

				Each	10
Balled,	4	to	6	feet\$2.00	\$15.00
Balled,	3	to	4	feet 1.50	10.00
Balled.	2	to	3	feet 1.00	8.00



Ahuacate (Avocado) Alligator Pear.

## Jujube (Chinese Date Plum)

Beautiful ornamental tree, with bright glossy green, locust-like foliage. The pulp of the fruit is of a gingerbread color, having a pleasant, agreeable flavor. Ripens in October.

	Each	10.
et et		$\begin{array}{c} \$10.00 \\ 7.50 \end{array}$

#### GRAPES

Our stock of vines on their own roots is very complete and are grown on new land causing them to have a fine, vigorous root system.

### New Grapes

Dattier de Beyrouth (Rosaki). Of the numerous varieties of Grapes which we have introduced from Europe in recent years, not one is to be compared to this magnificent variety. Bunches large, only slightly shouldered; berries loose, never compact. Berries very large; quite oval in form, of a beautiful golden amber and covered with a whitish bloom; very fleshy; juicy and sweet, with little or no acidity. Its keeping qualities are unsurpassed. We predict a great future for this beautiful Grape. Aug. predict a great 14 Grape. Aug.
Each

10 On own root..\$0.25 \$2.00 \$5.00 \$30.00

Sultanina Rosea. Identical with the well-known Thompson Seedless in everything except color. The berries are oval; medium in size and vary in color from a violet-rose to a deep coppery red, and are loose in the cluster. Early Aug.

Each 10 100 On own roots.....\$0.75 \$6.00 \$40.00

## Foreign Table Grapes of Very Recent Introduction

10 Each Price .....\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00

A few years ago we introduced a number of new varieties of Grapes from France. It is only recently that we have observed these varieties sufficiently to feel at liberty to offer them for sale. They have been carefully tested in our trial grounds and their value has been fully determined. Our descriptions and recommendations are made from actual observation for several years. from actual observation for several years.

ugulato. A very handsome grape, bluish black, large size, oval. Bunch large, closely set; flesh firm, juicy, sweet and crackling. A good table and market sort.

Buckland Sweetwater. A splendid English variety, exclusively grown for table use; bunch medium, compact; berries medium juicy; fine yellow skin when ripe. Aug.

Damas Rose. Bunch large, compact; berry large, elongated; red; very fine. Nov.

Dronkane. As a late shipping Grape this sort has qualities which will cause it to be in great demand in the interior valleys. Bunches are very large, berries are ovalshaped, compactly set on the clusters. Berries of a metallic red, very firm and highly flavored. Nov.

Gradiska. For home use this is a most desirable variety. The bunches are large, heavily shouldered; berries large, greenish white and of excellent flavor. A fine trellis Grape and a valuable dessert fruit. Sept.

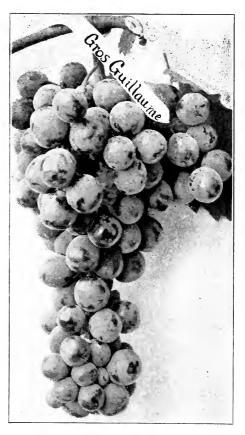
Grape and a valuable dessert truit. Sept.

Gros Guilliaume. Among the Grapes of recent introduction, this of the black type is the show fruit of them all. Bunches are of medium size but berries are as large as Damson Plums, with a coloring when used for table decoration that makes them look as if molded in wax. Flavor the very best. Ripe in early Sept., but keep well until the middle of Oct. Enormous producers. Vines should be canepruned. Recommended for trellising.

Joannenc, or Lignan. Ripe with us July 1. Much earlier and a far better Grape than the White Sweetwater. Bunch medium; berries compact. medium; fiesh sweet and juicy; golden yellow when ripe.

Juicy: golden yellow when ripe.

Maraville de Malaga. It is no exaggeration to say that this Grape has a coloring of red which is later modified with a bluish tint, which will make it an excellent market variety. Bunches long and loose; berries large, conical, oval. Ripe in Sept. and will keep in the best of condition until the middle of October; flesh crisp and juicy.



Gros Guillaume.

Ohanes d' Almeria. Bunch above average. Berries are a beautiful golden color; fine flavor; good shipper. This variety is imported from Spain in cork dust. Nov.

Olivette Blanche. As this variety does not ripen until Oct. it is adapted only to warm climates. The Grape is large, fully 2 ins. long, never too close: berries long, olive-shaped, greenish amber, slightly brown on side exposed to sun; crisp, firm, with a neutral flavor. Vine very abundantly furnished with foliage and not only produces heavily but is a vigorous grower. As a market Grape and for trellising it is sure to take a prominent place.

Olivette de Vendemian, This Grape bears a very close resemblance to the Almeria, so extensively exported from Spain, packed in cork dust, with several important exceptions. Vine stronger grower, not so subject to mildew; bunches and berries larger. In every way a better Grape. Oct.

## GENERAL COLLECTION

#### Foreign Grapes

Price .......\$0.15 \$1.00 \$3.00 \$20.00

Black Cornichon (Red Cornichon). Bunches long, berries long; skin thick and dark. Flesh firm. good flavor; good shipper. Oct. Black Hamburg (Frankenthal). Large; round; coal-black; flesh sweet and juicy. The famous English table Grape. An immense bearer. Late Sept.

Emperor. Large; oblong; deep rose; one of the most profitable market Grapes. Withstands rain better than any other variety. Vine strong grower, heavy bearer. Nov. Each

Grapes Continued



Olivette Blanche Grape. (See Page 17)

ame Tokay. Large; pale red, covered with bloom; flesh firm, sweet. Commands a good price in Eastern markets. Sept. Flame Tokay.

Malaga. Very large; oval; yellowish green; fleshy; one of the best shipping Grapes. Immensely productive, thriving in almost any soil. Makes a good second quality any soil. raisin. A

## Rare Foreign Grapes For Table and Shipping

Each \$1.50 \$5.00 .....\$0.20

Black Ferrera. Large; black, with violet bloom; flesh sweet; valuable for shipping. Late Sept.

Black Morocco. lack Morocco. Very large; black; fl firm, juicy, sweet and crackling. Nov.

Chasselas Ciotat. Bunches small, compact; fruit greenish-white, small, juicy. Leaves laciniated. Ripe about Aug. 1.

hasselas de Fontainebleau (White Sweetwater). Medium size; round; greenish yellow; pulp juicy, sweet. Late July. Chasselas de

Chasselas Golden. Berries of an amber color; sweet and juicy. Late Aug.

Golden Champion. Golden yellow; large; round; flesh juicy; a magnificent table Grape. Aug.

ros Colman.. As large as Damson Plums; skin thin; dark; covered with bloom; flesh firm, with a pleasant vinous flavor. Nov. Gros Colman..

dy Finger (Pizutella di Roma). Rare white Grape, highly esteemed for table use. Bunches long and tapering. Vine a strong grower with luxuriant foliage. Late Sept.

Purple irple Damascus. Bunches large; deep purple; skin thick; flesh meaty and juicy.

ose of Peru. Large; fruit round; highly esteemed as a market variety. Oct. Rose of Peru.

Sabal Kanski. Large; coppery red; bunches often weigh eight pounds. Sept.

## Foreign Wine Grapes

Alicante Bouschet. Red; gives a very superior wine; bright in color. Sept.

Zinfandel. Round; dark purple; most extensively planted in California for claret. Sept.

#### Raisin Grapes

 Muscat.
 The variety so extensively planted for raisins.
 Fine for table and wine.

 Sept.
 Each 10 100 1000

 Price
 ...\$0.15 \$1.00 \$2.00 \$16.00

 Sultana.
 Small; amber colored; seedless; makes fine seedless raisins.
 Aug.

 Each 10 100 1000
 Price
 ...\$0.15 \$1.00 \$2.50 \$20.00

Price .......\$0.15 \$1.00 \$2.50 \$20.00

Thompson's Seedless. (Sultanina Blanche.)

Very large; greenish yellow; firm, oval, seedless; prized for shipping and raisins. Aug. Each 10 100 1000

Price ......\$0.15 \$1.00 \$2.00 \$18.00

Zante Currant (Black Corinth). Bunches medium; berries small, seedless; skin thin; black; blue bloom; this is the variety producing the currant of commerce and imported from Greece under the name "Zante Currant." Aug. Each 10

Price .......\$0.30 \$2.50 .....\$0.30 \$2.50 Price

## American Grapes

Each 10 100 Price .....\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00

#### Except Campbell's Early

gawam. One of the best red varieties; large; pulp tender; sweet. Aug. Agawam.

atawba. Coppery red, becoming purplish when well ripened; vinous and rich. Sept. Catawba.

Concord. Bunch and berry very large; blue-black; flesh sweet, pulpy, tender. Aug.

abella. Berries black; oval; juicy, sweet, with distinct musky flavor. An immense bearer and valuable market variety. Sept. Isabella.

Moore's Diamond. Large; greenish white; juicy and almost without pulp. Few seeds. Sept.

Moore's Early. Very large; black, resembling Concord; ten days earlier. Aug. Niagara. Pale yellow; flesh tender, sweet; one of the best whites. Sept. Pierce (Isabella Regia). Of extraordinary size; exceedingly sweet. Cannot be surpassed by any of the American varieties.

## THE SMALL FRUITS Phenomenal Berry

Originated by Burbank; berries in clusters of from 5 to 10 and somewhat larger than the Loganberry, to which it has a close reblance.

Each 10 100 1000 .....\$0.20 \$1.50 \$6.00 \$50.00 Tips

#### Loganberry

Fruit is 1½ in. long, dark red; as large as the largest blackberry and partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and raspberry; excellent for table, eaten raw or stewed; makes a fine jelly or jam. Ripe in May.

Each 10 1000 1000

Tips ....\$0.15 \$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00

#### Mammoth Blackberry

#### Himalaya Blackberry

Imported originally from the Himalaya mountains by Luther Burbank. It is a remarkable grower, canes growing 40 ft. in a single season; an enormous bearer, a good shipper; berry round; very few seeds and with almost no core. June to late fall.

Each 10 100 1000 \$0.20 \$1.00 \$6.00 \$50.00

#### Blackberry

Each 10 100 1000 1 year .....\$0.15 \$0.75 \$3.00 \$25.00 Crandall's Early-Everbearing. Large and firm.

Erie. Largest size; coal-black.

Evergreen. Large; black, sweet. July to

Kittatinny. Large; conical; juicy; sweet. Excellent.

Lawton. Large; ripens late; very productive. Wilson's Junior. Large; black; very produc-

#### Dewberry

100 Tips ......\$0.15 \$0.75 \$3.00 \$20.00
Gardena, Large; glossy black; delicious; heavy bearer. Middle of May.
Lucretia, Very large; glossy black; luscious.

#### Raspberry

1-year ......\$0.15 \$0.75 \$3.00 Cuthbert. Large; rich crimson; good shipper. Golden Queen. Large; golden yellow; fine quality.

Gregg. Standard blackcap; productive and hardy; occupies the same position among blackcaps as Cuthbert among the red sorts. Hansell. Bright crimson: productive: very early.

Marlboro. Very large; bright scarlet; excellent.

Mammoth Cluster. Blackcap; of high quality. Souhegan. One of the most valuable of the blacks; very large; early.

#### New Raspberries

SUPERLATIVE.

CALIFORNIA SURPRISE. The value of this new red raspberry lies in the fact that it is far superior to the Cuthbert. Begins ripening fruit from 6 to 8 weeks earlier and continues throughout the entire summer and fall. In size, shape and color it is similar to the Superlative and thoroughly satisfactory in convergence.

ly satisfactory in every respect.

Each 10 100
Tips ......\$0.35 \$3.00 \$20.00

#### Currants

Each 10 100 \$0.15 \$1.00 \$ 8.00 ..\$0.15 .....\$0.15 Except where noted. Black Naples. Very large and black. Cherry. Very large; deep red. Fay's Prolific. Bright red; very sweet. La Versaillaise. Large size; bright red.

White Grape. Large; yellowish white.

Crandall's Black. Only variety which will grow in the hot interior valleys; deep black; very large. Each 10 100 1-year ..........\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00 



Superlative Raspberry.

#### Gooseberries

In the mcuntains, at an elevation of 5000 ft. and anywhere in the coast regions, the gooseberry thrives and produces an abungooseberry thridance of fruit.

#### AMERICAN VARIETIES

Each 10 100 .\$0.25 \$2.00 \$15.00 1-year ...........\$0.25 \$2.00 \$15.00 Downing. Good size; whitish green; good. Oregon Champion. Very large; brownish red. Smith's Improved. Quite large; light green.

#### **ENGLISH VARIETIES**

Industry. Largest size; dark red. Each 10 1 year .....\$0.25

#### Strawberries

## New Strawberry, "Patagonia"

...\$1.00 \$5.00 Price \$1.00 \$5.00

This magnificent new strawberry, which we offer, is sure to be in great demand in all strawberry sections. It is not necessary to dwell on its possibilities further than to say that the vines are strong growers, the foliage large and stands upright, the berries have a delicacy of flavor and aroma combined with a firmness which is sure to make them popular both for home consumption and marketing.

#### RHUBARB

Myatt's Linnaeus. Large; early; tender and fine. Each 10 100 Each 10 100 .....\$0.15 \$1.00 \$8.00 Price

Burbank's Crimson Winter. Pale, greenish crimson; especially adapted to the long seasons of California.

Each 10 100 1000 .....\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00 \$75.00

Burbank's Giant Crimson Winter. A new and distinct variety which must not be confounded with Crimson Winter Rhubarb. A robust grower and prolific producer of mammoth stalks, three times the size of the older sort; thrives amazingly during the winter months; of fine flavor, suggestive of pine apple and ripe loquats.

Each 10 100 Price .....\$0.75 \$6.50 \$60.00



Garden Scene.

## Ornamental Department

Space will not permit us to give more than a very brief description of ornamentals in this booklet; for complete descriptions, reference must be made to "California Horticulture," copy of which will be mailed for 25c, postage paid.

#### **DECIDUOUS TREES**

ALBIZZIA Julibrissin (Acacia Nemu). A
handsome avenue tree. Feathery fol-
iage; pink feathery flowers.
Each 10
4 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00
3 to 4 ft
ALDER, European (Alnus glutinosa). A
rapid-growing tree, well adapted to
moist situations. Each 4 to 6 ft
4 to 6 ft\$0.60
Cut-leaved. (A. glutinosa imperialis).
Stately tree, large, deeply cut foliage.
77 h
4 to 6 ft\$0.75
ALMOND, Double White (Amygdalus Dav-
idiana alba). First tree to bloom in the
spring. Double white flowers appearing
before the leaves.
Double Red (A. Davidiana rubra). Red
flowers; very double. Each 10
4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00
ASH, American White (Fraxinus Ameri-
cana). Magnificent avenue tree with broad, round head and dense bluish
broad, round head and dense bluish
green foliage. Each 6 to 8 ft
6 to 8 it
4 to 6 ft\$0.50
European (F. excelsior). Beautiful, rapid-
growing tree with dark green leaves
and black buds. Each 6 to 8 ft\$1.00

111 6
with fragrant, greenish white flowers,
borne in large clusters on ends of
branches. Each 10
8 to 10 ft\$1.25
6 to 8 ft
Green (F. lanceolata). Of medium growth
with slender branches and bright green
leaves. A fine specimen tree.
Each 10
8 to 10 ft
6 to 8 ft
6 to 8 ft
BALD CYPRESS (Taxodium distichum). A
deciduous coniferous tree, of slender
habit. Trunk straight and tapering;
very ornamental. Each 10
very ornamental. Each 10 8 to 10 ft\$1.50 \$12.50
6 to 8 ft
4 to 6 ft
BEECH (Fagus). Among the most beauti-
ful of deciduous trees, with rich, glossy
foliage. Do best in a cool, damp climate.
European (F. sylvatica). Compact head
with foliage of deep, dark, glossy green.
Each
6 to 8 ft\$0.75
Purple-leaved (F. sylvatica purpurea). A
handsome tree with deep purple foliage
in spring, changing to crimson in fall.
Each
6 to 8 ft\$1.25
4 to 6 ft

Flowering (F. Ornus). Moderate grower,



Double Flowering Almond. (See Page 20)

BIRCH, European White (Betula alba), A
BIRCH, European White (Betula alba). A rapid-growing tree with silvery white bark, and slender, drooping branches.
bark, and slender, drooping branches. Each 10
6 to S ft\$0.80 \$7.00
Purple-leaved (B. alba atropurpurea). A striking variety; leaves purple above, and of a lustrous metallic hue under-
striking variety; leaves purple above,
neath. Each
6 to 8 ft\$1.25
4 to 6 ft
BIRD CHERRY (Cerasus padus). Wide- spreading tree with long racemes of
white flowers in spring and bearing a small black fruit, resembling wild cher-
small black fruit, resembling wild cher-
ries. Each 10 6 to 8 ft
BROUSSONETIA papyrifera (Paper Mulberry). A fine tree for city streets; of rapid growth and forming a compact head. Remarkable for its cylindrical
berry). A fine tree for city streets; of
rapid growth and forming a compact head Remarkable for its cylindrical
catkins. Each
12 to 15 ft\$1.50 10 to 12 ft
8 to 10 ft
CATALPA. Highly ornamental tree with
large bright green foliage and beautiful
white flowers in showy panicles.
Bungei. Forms a dense, round, umbrella- like head. Each
8 to 10 ft., fine heads\$2.00
6 to 8 ft., fine heads 1.50
Japan (C. Kaempferi). Somewhat dwarf in habit, with glossy green leaves. Flow- ers cream-colored, speckled with purple
ers cream-colored, speckled with purple
and yellow; very fragrant. Each 8 to 10 ft
6 to 8 ft
Western         (C. speciosa).         Rapid grower; the most desirable where quick effects are desired.           8 to 10 ft.         5.00           6 to 8 ft.         60
most desirable where quick effects are
8 to 10 ft\$0.75 \$6.00
6 to 8 ft
CITRUS trifoliata (Trifoliate Orange). A
small tree, armed with very strong, stiff
thorns; fruit of golden yellow. Fine for hedges. Each 10 4 to 6 ft
COTTONWOOD (Populus Fremonti). Very
rapid growing tree with a spreading head. A splendid tree for quick shade.
Each 10 8 to 10 ft\$0.75
6 to 9 # 60 #5 00
ELM, American White (Ulmus Americana).  A magnificent large tree, with drooping, spreading branches. One of the grandest of our native forest trees; requires mosts sails
A magnificent large tree, with drooping,
est of our native forest trees: requires
moist soils. Each 10
moist soils. Each 10 8 to 10 ft

Clemmeri. Of moderate growth, with narrow, pyramidal head. A very popular avenue tree in Belgium. Each 8 to 10 ft
avenue tree in Belgium. Each
8 to 10 ft
Cork Bark (U. suberosa). Very de- sirable for streets and avenues: young
branches very corky. Each
sirable for streets and avenues; young branches very corky. Each 6 to 8 ft
erect tree of rapid compact growth, with dark green foliage. Very extensively
used for avenue planting. Each. 10 10 to 12 ft\$1.25 \$10.00
8 to 10 ft
Golden English (U. campestris aurea).
Each   10   10   to   12   ft
Huntingdon (U. glabra vegeta). Very erect habit; bark smooth; one of the finest
specimen and avenue trees. Each 10
8 to 10 ft
Monumental (U. Monumentalis). Dwarf
variety, forming a straight and dense column. Each
6 to 8 ft
growing with long, undulating leaves. Each
6 to 8 ft\$1.00
Leaves rich purple when young, chang-
6 to 8 ft
Variegated (U. argenteo-variegata). Large
8 to 10 ft. \$1.00
EMPRESS TREE (Paulownia imperialis). A
enormous round leaves and large clus-
ters of purple flowers in spring. Each 10 to 12 ft\$1.50
EMPRESS TREE (Paulownia imperialis). A rapid-growing tropical-looking tree, with enormous round leaves and large clusters of purple flowers in spring. Each 10 to 12 ft. \$1.50 S to 10 ft. 1.25 6 to 8 ft. 1.00
FALSE WALNUT (Pterocarya fraxinifolia). A grand shade tree, with spreading branches and compound foliage. Fruits light green, in long clusters, 12 to 15 inches long.
branches and compound foliage. Fruits
menes rong.
6 to 8 ft
A rare tree of large growth, with numerous slender branches, and apple-like
foliage. Each 10 4 to 6 ft
HONEY LOCUST, Common (Gleditschia
HONEY LOCUST, Common (Gleditschia triacanthos). Strikingly ornamental tree; with finely pinnate, glossy green foliage; greenish flowers and bean-like
iage; greenish flowers and bean-like
8 to 10 ft
pods. Each 10  8 to 10 ft
habit, but airy and graceful; practically without thorns. Each 10
8 to 10 ft
HOP TREE (Ptelea trifoliata). A small tree, with short spreading branches and
glossy green foliage. Flowers small,
glossy green foliage. Flowers small, greenish white, followed in the fall by wafer-like fruits. Each
glossy green foliage. Flowers small, greenish white, followed in the fall by wafer-like fruits. Each 6 to 8 ft
glossy green foliage. Flowers small, greenish white, followed in the fall by wafer-like fruits. Each 6 to 8 ft
glossy green foliage. Flowers small, greenish white, followed in the fall by wafer-like fruits. Each 6 to 8 ft
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glossy green foliage. Flowers small, greenish white, followed in the fall by wafer-like fruits. Each 6 to 8 ft



Rose Flowering Locust.

uropean (C. Siliquastrum). Spreading crown and purplish pink flowers in European spring White-Flowering (C. Siliquastrum album).
Flowers pure white.
KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnocladus KOLREUTERIA, Paniculata (Varnish Tree).
Small tree; glossy divided foliage; yellow flowers. Fine for lawns. 

MAGNOLIA, Cucumber Tree (Magnolia acuminata). Pyramidal tree; large leaves and yellowish white flowers.
acuminata). Pyramidal tree; large
leaves and yellowish white flowers.
Each
6 to 8 ft
very free bloomer, with very fragrant,
large white flowers. Each
3 to 4 ft\$1.25 2 to 3 ft
Kohus. Flowers white reverse of netals
shaded light pink. Very hardy. Each
Kobus. Flowers white, reverse of petals shaded light pink. Very hardy. Each Potted, 3 to 4 ft
Soulang's (M. Soulangeana). Small tree;
flowers cup-shaped, pink and fragrant. Each
2 to 4 ft \$1.95
Starry (M. stellata). Dwarf species, pro-
Starry (M. stellata). Dwarf species, producing starry-shaped pure white flow-
ers. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
•
MAIDENHAIR TREE (Salisburia adianti-
folia). Foliage fern-like, yellowish- green, curiously lobed, resembling maidenhair fern. Each
maidenhair fern. Each
4 to 6 ft\$1.00
MAPLE, Ash-Leaved, or Box Elder (Acer Negundo). A fine, rapid-growing ave-
Negundo). A fine, rapid-growing ave-
nue tree; withstands both cold and drought. Each 10
10 to 12 ft\$1.25
8 to 10 ft
nue tree; withstands both cold and drought. Each 10  10 to 12 ft. \$1.25  8 to 10 ft
California, or Large-Leaved (A. macro- phylum). A strong-growing native tree;
adapts itself to almost any location.
Each 10
8 to 10 ft\$1.00 \$7.50
English (A. campestris). Stocky tree of
compact habit with rough corky bark.  A good variety for the interior, withstanding hot suns.  Each  8 to 10 ft
A good variety for the interior, with-
8 to 10 ft
6 to 8 ft
Norway (A. platanoides). Large and
handsome; deep green foliage and com-
for interior valleys Fach 10
8 to 10 ft\$0.80 \$7.00
Norway (A. platanoides). Large and handsome; deep green foliage and compact growth. A valuable avenue tree for interior valleys. Each 10 8 to 10 ft
<b>Reitenbach's Purple</b> (A. platanoides Reit-
enhachi) Purnlish green foliage
Each 10 4 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00
T to 0 It



Norway Maple.

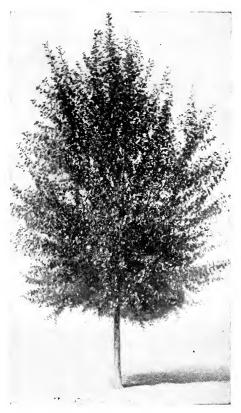
Maples Continued



Silver or Soft Maple.

Silver, or Soft (A. dasycarpum). A large tree of rapid growth; foliage bright green above, silvery beneath. A favorite for streets and parks. Each 10 % to 10 ft
namental trees all have handsome fol-
MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus). These very ornamental trees all have handsome foliage turning orange-red in the fall. The scarlet fruits often remain on the branches all winter.  Furonean (S. aucunaria). White flowers
European (S. aucuparia). White flowers followed by brilliant red berries.
Ionowed by brimant red berries.
6 to 8 ft
6 to 8 It
MULBERRY, Downing's Everbearing (Morus rubra). A rapid grower and valuable as a shade tree; produces good fruit. Each \$1.00
6 to 8 ft\$1.00
Lick's American (M. rubra). Fruit large, black and of exquisite flavor; tree a strong thrifty grower. Each 10 8 to 10 ft\$1.00 6 to 8 ft
6 to 8 ft 75 \$6.00
Multicoulus (Chinoso) Widely plented
for gill worm culture Each 10
Multicaulus (Chinese). Widely planted for silk-worm culture. Each 10 6 to 8 ft50 4.00
New American (M. rubra). A vigorous grower, with fine, large leaves and producing large black fruit. Each 10 8 to 10 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 6 to 8 ft 60 5.00 Persian, or English (M. nigra). A slow-growing waristy producing large and fine
New American (M. rubra). A Vigorous
grower, with fine, large leaves and pro-
Queing large black fruit. Each 10
8 to 10 1t
Descion on English (M. nigna) A glow
rersian, or English (M. filgra). A slow-
growing variety producing large and line
growing variety producing large and fine fruit; very productive. Each 10 6 to 8 ft
0 to 8 It
4 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Russian (M. Tatarica). Of spreading habit and rapid growth. Valuable for tim-
and rapid growth Valuable for tim-
ber. Each 10
10 to 12 ft\$1.00
8 to 10 ft 75 \$6.00
8 to 10 ft
White (M. alba). Medium-sized, glossy green foliage; fruit small, pale white. Each
6 to 8 ft\$0.60

OAT Falish (Oursell and Internal Action Co.
OAK, English (Quercus pedunculata). Of low, spreading growth; leaves dark
brown in autumn. Each
low, spreading growth; leaves dark green, fading to yellow and russet; brown in autumn. Each 4 to 6 ft
graceful and shapely trees for avenue planting. Each
6 to 8 ft\$1.25 Red American (Q. rubra). Of large size
and rapid growth. A splendid speci-
men or avenue tree. Each 4 to 6 ft\$0.75 Scarlet (Q. coccinea). A rapid-growing pyramidal tree; especially beautiful in
pyramidal tree; especially beautiful in
the autumn, when the foliage changes to a bright scarlet.
4 to 6 ft\$1.50  Turkey (Q. Cerris). A rapid, symmetrical
ing a broad, pyramidal head. Each
grower; short spreading branches, forming a broad, pyramidal head. Each 4 to 6 ft\$1.00  Valley, or Weeping (Q. lobata). One of the great and striking trees of California, with wide-spreading and slender dropping branches
nia, with wide-spreading and slender
6 to 8 ft\$1.00
PAGODA TREE (Sophora Japonica). A rare tree with dark green, compound leaves
and creamy yellow, pea-shaped flowers. Each
6 to 8 ft
PARASOL TREE (Sterculia platanifolia). A
PARASOL TREE (Sterculia platanifolia). A splendid thrifty tree with large, maple-like leaves, and greenish white flowers,
fine street or lawn tree. Each 10
Potted, 4 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 PEACH, Flowering (Persica). They blossom in April, and the branches are cov-
som in April, and the branches are covered with a mass of beautiful highly
ered with a mass of beautiful highly colored flowers, long before the leaves appear.
4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Blood-Leaved (P. vulgaris purpurea). Fol-
iage of a deep, blood-red color.  Double Red-Flowered (P. vulgaris sau-
appear. Each 10 4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00  Blood-Leaved (P. vulgaris purpurea). Foliage of a deep, blood-red color.  Double Red-Flowered (P. vulgaris sanguinea plena). Flowers semi-double, bright red, superb.  Double Red Fringed (P. vulgaris rosea plena). Flowers double: fringed and
Double Red Fringed (P. vulgaris rosea plena). Flowers double; fringed and
rose-colored.  Double White (P. vulgaris alba plena).
Flowers large; double, pure white.
PLUM (Prunus). Medium sized trees, used very effectively in grouping with other
Purple-Leaved (P. Pissardi). Wood and
4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00
very effectively in grouping with other trees and shrubs.  Purple-Leaved (P. Pissardi). Wood and leaves dark purple.  4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00  Vesuvius (New Foliage Plum). A foliage tree like the Purple-Leaved Plum, but vastly superior in growth, and in the
vastly superior in growth, and in the size and beautiful tints of the foliage,
vastly superior in growth, and in the size and beautiful tints of the foliage, which is of a rich, metallic crimson color, with a crumpled surface like a Coleus. A splendid ornamental tree
with earnie purple fruit.
Each 10 100 4 to 6 ft\$0.60 \$5.00 \$40.00
POPLAR, Aurea van Geerti (Populus). Has fine golden yellow foliage. Each 10
10 to 12 ft\$1.25 \$10.00 8 to 10 ft 100 7.50
6 to 8 ft
cans). A handsome, tall tree with spread-
shade and avenue planting. Each 10 100
12 to 15 ft\$1.25 10 to 12 ft 75 \$6.00
8 to 10 ft
4 to 6 ft
pact, upright grower with glossy leaves, green above and silvery beneath.
Each 10
10 to 12 ft\$1.00 \$8.00
10 to 12 ft\$1.00 \$8.00 8 to 10 ft
10 to 12 ft
10 to 12 ft\$1.00 \$8.00 8 to 10 ft80 6.00  Carolina (P. Carolinensis). Very rapid grower. Valuable for avenue planting. Each 10 100



Balm of Gilead Poplar. (See Page 23)

$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
SERVICE TREE (Sorbus domestica). A round-headed tree, with white flowers and orange red fruits. Each 6 to 8 ft
SIBERIAN         PEA         TREE         (Caragana arborescens).         arborescens           cens).         Very ornamental; yellow pealike flowers.         Each 10         10           8 to 10 ft.         \$1.00         \$1.00           6 to 8 ft.         .75         6.00
SWEET GUM TREE (Liquidambar styraciflua). Glossy green, star-shaped foliage, changing to bright red in autumn.  Each 10 6 to 8 ft
SYCAMORE (Platanus aceroides). Of more pyramidal habit than the European Sycamore: leaves more deeply serated; and adapts itself to a wider range of climatic conditions. Each 10 8 to 10 ft
European (P. orientalis). Erect-growing tree, with bright green foliage, and
6 to 8 ft

ouble Scarlet Pauli). Small ouble Scarlet (Crataegus monogyna Pauli). Small tree, with spreading branches. Flowers of a deep crimson.

Double White (C. monogyna alba plena). Small, double, white flowers and lustrous green leaves.

English Hawthorn (C. monogyna). Small tree with spreading, spiny branches; flowers single white; fruit scarlet.

Single Pink Thorn (C. monogyna punicea). Flowers in clusters, single, varying in color from pink to rose.

TULIP (Liriodendron tulipifera). Has lig green, glossy, fiddle-shaped leaves as greenish-yellow, tulip-shaped flowers.

Each 10 ft. \$1.00 6 to 8 ft. 75 4 to 6 ft. 60 \$5. Has light

WALNUT (Juglans). American Black and California Black. (See page 12.)

valuable for basket-making and tying.

Each 10
6 to 8 ft...........\$0.60 \$5.00

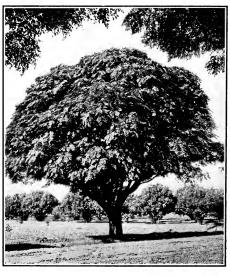
#### WEEPING DECIDUOUS TREES

The weeping trees stand in a class by themselves and are particularly effective when standing as specimens on a lawn or when grouped along the outer edges of larger-growing trees. They are budded or grafted on straight stems of the same species at a height of 6 to 8 feet from the ground

6 to 8 ft.....\$2.00

European Weeping (Fraxinus excelsior pendula). A fine lawn and arbor tree.

CCH, Cut-Leaved Weeping (Betula alba pendula laciniata). Has a silvery white bark and slender drooping branches with deeply laciniated foliage. Each 8 to 10 ft. \$2.00 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 BIRCH.



Texas Umbrella.



#### European Sycamore. (See Page 24)

CHERRY, Japanese Weeping Flowering (Cerasus Japonica rosea pendula). A
(Cerasus Japonica rosea pendula). A
graceful tree, covered in spring with blossoms before the leaves appear. Each
blossoms before the leaves appear. Each
4 to 6 ft\$1.50
ELM, Camperdown Weeping (Ulmus scabra
pendula). Branches of uniform weeping habit, overlapping regularly; leaves
habit, overlapping regularly; leaves
dark, glossy green. Each 6 to 8 ft\$2.00
MAPLE, Wier's Cut-Leaved (Acer sacchar-
inum Wieri laciniatum). One of the
most beautiful trees with cut foliage.
Each
4 to 6 ft\$1.25
MULBERRY, Teas Weeping (Morus alba
Tatarica pendula). One of most grace- ful and vigorous weeping trees; the
ful and vigorous weeping trees; the
slender branches drooping parallel to the trunk.
6 to 8 ft
SOPHORA, Weeping (Sophora Japonica pen-
dula). Of regular and graceful habit;
leaves deen dark classy green Each
leaves deep, dark glossy green. Each 6 to 8 ft\$1.50
THORN Weening (Crataegus monogyna
pendula rosea). A pretty, drooping tree
with pink flowers. Each
pendula rosea). A pretty, drooping tree with pink flowers. Each 6 to 8 ft
WILLOW, Common (Salix Babylonica. The
well-known Weeping Willow. Each 10
10 to 12 ft \$0.80 \$6.00
8 to 10 ft
10 to 12 ft
New American (S. Babylonica dolorosa).
New American (S. Babylonica dolorosa). Large, glossy leaves and very pendulous
habit. Each 10
12 to 15 ft\$1.00 \$8.00
10 to 12 ft
habit. Each 10 12 to 15 ft. \$1.00 \$8.00 10 to 12 ft. \$80 7.00 8 to 10 ft. 70 6.00 6 to 8 ft. 60 5.00
Dane de Calaman (The mass penid energy
Baron de Solomon. The most rapid grow- ing of all Weeping Willows. Very re-
cent introduction.
cent introduction.         Each           6 to 8 ft

	Tooth-Leave		
grandi	dentata pend	lula). A ra	pid grow-
er, w	ith slender,	drooping,	cord-like
branch	nes and dark	green serrat	ed leaves.
			Each
8 to	10 ft		\$2.00

#### **DECIDUOUS SHRUBS**

		of Sharon	
		easiest culti	
with t	heir large	delicately	hued, bell-
shaped	flowers a	ppearing ver	y profusely
during	the sumr	ner months.	

				Each	
ŧ	to	5	ft	 \$0.40	\$3.00

#### Except Meehanii.

Boule de Feu.	Double	pink	center,	shad-
ing to red.				
Jeanne d'Arc.	Double,	pure	white.	
Meehanii. Varie	gated l	eaves	; single	lilac-
pink flowers.				Each
Price				90.75

APPLE,

BUCKTHORN (Rhamnus catharticus). A fine, very robust shrub, with large dull green, rough foliage; blooms in April, succeeded by numerous small fruits.

3 to 4 ft.....\$0.40 BUDDLEIA JAPONICA. A curious but most ornamental shrub with winged branches. Flowers illac, produced in dense pendular recommendations.

lous racemes. Price .....\$0.75 



Camperdown Weeping Elm.

CHERRY, Flowering (Cerasus). Each 10	Ciliatum variegatum. Similar to the pre-
4 to 5 ft	Ciliatum variegatum. Similar to the pre- ceding except that the leaves have a yellowish variegation, pink when young. Each 10
CORCHORUS, Japanese rose (Kerria Japon-	Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
ica). Double rose-like flowers of the	Vulgare. A fine variety for hedges; flowers sweet-scented, white at first, chang-
deepest yellow. Each 10 4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	ing later to reddish-brown. Each 10
CORYLOPSIS spicata (Flowering Hazel). An	Pots, 2 to 3 ft\$0.20 \$1.50 LILAC. Each 10
attractive shrub, with handsome foliage	Each 10 3 to 4 ft\$3.50
and showy bright yellow, fragrant flowers.	Common Purple (Syringa vulgaris). An
Pots, 2 to 3 ft\$0.75	old favorite; very fragrant.  Common White (S. alba). Similar to pre-
CRAPE MYRTLE. Each 10 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00	ceding with white flowers.
	Grafted and Budded Varieties
Except White	Each 10 3 to 4 ft\$0.50 \$4.00
Pink (Lagerstroemia Indica rosea). Flowers pink; very free bloomer.	2 to 3 ft
<b>Purple</b> (L. Indica purpurea). Flowers deep	Japonica (Japanese). A new species from Japan; creamy white; blooms later than
purple. White (L. Indica alba). Flowers very	other lilacs.
much crimpled and ruffled. Each	Persica (Persian). With small foliage and bright purple flowers.
2 to 3 ft\$0.75 <b>DEUTZIA.</b> Each 10	Persica laciniata (Cut-Leaved Persian).
DEUTZIA. Each 10 3 to 4 ft	Erect grower, with slender branches; deeply cut foliage; flowers light purple.
Crenata candidissima (Double White).	deeply cut lonage, nowers ngnt purple.
Flowers double; pure white.  Gracilis Rosea. Dwarf; flowers light rose.	
Scabra (Rough-leaved). Flowers white;	
bell-shaped.	
OOGWOOD, Red Osier (Cornus sanguinea). Purplish branches and greenish white	A Action to the second
flowers, followed by small, black ber-	
ries. Each 10 3 to 4 ft	Y
ELDER. Each 10 4 to 6 ft	
4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 <b>European</b> (S. nigra). Flowers produced in	
clusters.	A Comment of the comm
ERYTHRINA crista-galli (Coral Plant). The	
flowers are bright brilliant crimson col- or, like immense peas. Flowers pro-	
fusely from early spring till late in fall.	
Each 10 Strong heads\$0.50 \$4.00	
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). Each 10	
4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Virdissima. An upright grower with nar-	
row dark green leaves and golden-yel-	
low flowers.	
HYDRANGEA. We will have a fine lot of forced plants in bloom ready for de-	A Comment of the Comm
livery in March. Ask for special quotations.	
HYDRANGEA Hortensis. Has large, dark	
green leaves and globular heads of rose-	7 6
colored flowers. Each 10 15 to 18 in\$0.75 \$6.00	
Thomas Hogg. One of the hardiest; flow-	
ers pure white; a profuse bloomer. Each 10	
15 to 18 in\$0.75 \$6.00	
Otaksa (Giant-Flowered). Immense blooms of a pleasing shade of pink; heads 12 to	
15 in. in diameter not uncommon.	
Each 10 15 to 18 in\$1.00 \$7.50	
15 to 18 in\$1.00 \$7.50 Paniculata grandiflora. Immense heads,	
cream-colored in bud, pure white, changing to pink and bronze with age.	Flowering Pomegranate.
Each 10	(See Page 27)
2 to 3 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 <b>LEMON VERBENA</b> (Lippia citriodora). The	Single
old-fashioned favorite shrub, with long,	Alba. Creamy white.
narrow, pointed leaves, which emit a delightful fragrance. Each 10	Alba grandiflora. Pure white trusses large flowers.
4 το ο 1τ	Charles X Reddish nurnle.
AGUSTRUM (Deciduous Privets). Good for hedges.	Ludwig Spaeth. Fine, dark purplish red.  Marie Legraye. Large panicles; pure white; one of the best.
California (Ovalifolium). A pyramidal	white; one of the best.
shrub, with bright green, narrow leaves; producing white flowers in June.	Double
Each 10 100	Charles Joly. Large truss; reddish purple Madame Casimir Perier. Large compact
4 to 6 ft\$0.25 \$2.00 \$15.00 3 to 4 ft20 1.50 12.50 Ovalifolium Aureum. Identical with pre-	panicles; purest white.
Ovalifolium Aureum. Identical with pre-	Michel Buchner. Pale lilac. President Grevy. Magnificent; beautiful
ceding; foliage golden yellow; a mag- nificent hedge plant.	blue panicles.
Each 10 100	MOCK ORANGE (Philadelphus).
15 to 18 in\$0.40 \$3.00 \$25.00 Ciliatum. Dwarf dense shrub, with short,	Each 10 4 to 6 ft\$0.50 \$4.00
rigid branches; leaves dense, glossy, dark	3 to 4 ft
green, leathery; flowers white, in erect, compact clusters. Each 10 100	Coronarius (Garland Mock Orange). Flow- ers pure white, delightful orange-blos-
4 to 5 ft\$0.75	ers pure white, delightful orange-blossom fragrance; one of first to bloom.
3 to 4 ft	Grandiflorus (Large-Flowered). Slender, twiggy habit, with fragrant flowers.
_ 00 0 1.00 1.00	

Mock Orange Continued



Marie Legraye Lilac. (See Page 26)

Inodorus (Scentless). Spreading branches, coated with brown bark; flowers very large, white, scentless.

Lemonei. Flowers yellowish white, semidouble; very fragrant.

POINCIANA Gilliesii (Bird of Paradise).

Adapts itself to the poorest soils. Flow-ers light yellow, pea-shaped, 2 in. long, with brilliant protruding red stamens. Each 10

4.00

POMEGRANATE (Punica). These fine shrubs do particularly well in California; flowers are very double and appear all through the season, followed by brilliant, showy fruits. Each 10 100 4 to 6 ft.......\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00 3 to 4 ft........40 3.00 25.00 Scarlet (Punica rubra).
growing shrubs; flowers Double Verv

rapid-growing deep. double scarlet. Double White (P. alba). Flowers double, creamy white.

Mme. Legrelle (P. Legrellei). Very fine large scarlet flowers, edged with yellow.

#### Dwarf

Dwarf Scarlet (P. nana rubra). A very handsome small shrub with beautiful double scarlet flowers; fruits brilliant red, very showy, but not fit to be eaten.

Dwarf White (P. nana alba). Very similar in habit to the preceding; flowers are double, yellowish white.

Each 3 to 4 ft.....\$0.50 \$4.00

QUINCE (Cydonia). The first shrubs to Alba

white or delicate blush.

Grandiflora rosea. Flow Flowers pink; very show v.

Lemonei Flore Plena. Pink and white.

Macrocarpa. White. Rubra Grandiflora. Flowers bright scar-

let crimson.

Umbilicata. Flowers brilliant red, succeeded by large, showy fruit.

RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (White Kerria).
Has deeply veined leaves and white flowers, followed in fall by small, black berries berries. Each 

SMOKE TREE (Rhus cotinus). A low-growing shrubby tree, with clusters of feathery flowers, giving the appearance of a oud of smoke. Each 6 to 8 ft.....\$0.60 4 to 6 ft......50 cloud 4 to 6 II.........\$0.50 \$4.00

SNOWBALL.
3 to 4 ft..............\$0.50 \$4.00

Common (Viburnum Opulus sterilis). Produces an abundance of pure white, globular flowers in May and June.

Japanese (V. tomentosum plicatum). Flowers pure, delicate white in large globular heads, appearing in May.

Each 10

...\$0.50 \$4.00 2 to 3 ft......\$0.50 \$4.00 SPIREA (Spiraea). Medium-sized shrubs, embracing a wide range of growth, color of flowers and season of blooming. Of easy culture. Each 10 3 to 4 ft.....

Except Anthony Waterer Billardii alba (Billard's). White flowers in dense spikes; blooms nearly all summer.

Reevesiana (Bridal Wreath). Well known; graceful, arching branches and round clusters of white flowers. Blooms in May.

Van Houttei (Van Houtte's). Similar to the Bridal Wreath, but of far more graceful habit. Blooms in April.

Anthony Waterer (Crimson Spirea). New. A strong grower; a free bloomer; an ideal pot-plant; a grand Spirea. Each 1 to 2 ft............\$0.50 1 to 2 ft. \$0.50

SUMACH (Rhus). Few shrubs are more picturesque. Their beauty lies in the gorgeousness of their foliage. Each 10
4 to 6 ft. \$0.50 \$4.00
3 to 4 ft. 40.00

Glabra luciniata (Cut-leaved). Leaves very large, deeply cut, and turning to a rich red in autumn. Each 2 to 3 ft. 50.60

SWEET SHRUB (Calycanthus floridus). Has fragrant wood and flowers. Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0.40

Praecox. A very vigorous-growing variety, having larger leaves than the preceding.





Flowering Quince.

TAMAKIX (Tamarisk). Elegant		
ing and handsome foliage p	lant; t	hrives
in all soils. One of the bes	st plan	ts for
subduing shifting sands.	Each	10
6 to 8 ft	. \$0.60	\$5.00
4 to 6 ft	50	4.00
Gallica (French Tamarisk).	Foliag	e ex-
ceedingly fine and feath	ery; fl	owers
pink. small, very numerous		

Germanica (German Tamarisk). Compact growth; leaves bluish green, minute; growth; leaves bl flowers light pink.



Japanese Snowball.

(See Page 27)

Tamarix Hispida (T. Kashgarica). New. Very vigorous, upright grower; leaves bluish green; flowers bright carmine-red. VITEX agnus castus (Chaste Tree). A small tree with palmate leaves, scented like lavender. Pale lilac flowers.

Each 10 4 to 6 ft.....\$0.50 3 to 4 ft......40 \$3.00 

#### **EVERGREEN TREES**

We invite inspection of our evergreen stocks as it often happens we have an assortment of large sizes in specimen plants on which it is difficult to make quotations in this list.

This list includes trees that do not shed all their foliage at one time, thereby remaining green after deciduous trees are bare.

bare.
All stock quoted in tubs and boxes are specimens which have been well established in their containers.

#### Acacias

Although there are some 400 species of Acacla, we have confined ourselves to varieties of well-known merit, the uses of which are enumerated below. The Acacla finds the most favorable conditions to its development in California.

Armata (Kangaroo Thorn). A spreashrub, with yellow flowers; excellen	ading
grouping. Fach	t for
Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$0.50	\$4.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft	3.50
tree: blooms earliest of all loman	enue
Baileyana. A fine specimen or averse; blooms earliest of all; lemon low flowers. One of the hardiest.	-ye1-
Each	10
Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$1.00	
	\$6.00 4.00
Cultriformis (Knife-leaved). A small	
Cultriformis (Knife-leaved). A small leaves triangular shaped; blooms	pro-
fusely; flowers deep yellow. Hard;	у.
Each	\$4.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft	3.50
Dealbata (Silver Wattle). A rapid-s	row-
ing tree: feathery foliage: golden	vel-
low flowers in February. Very har Each	dy. 10
Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.75	\$6.00
Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.75 Potted, 4 to 5 ft60 Potted, 3 to 4 ft40	5.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft	3.50
Decurrens (Green Wattle). One of best for parks or avenues; leaves feery, dark green; flowers whitish ye	the
erv. dark green: flowers whitish ve	eath-
appearing in May; upright habit; ha	ardy.
Rach	10
Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.75	\$6.00
Potted, 4 to 5 ft	4.00
Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A beai	itiful
street tree, of pendulous habit;	long
narrow leaves and bright yellow	itow-
Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.60	\$5.00
Potted, 4 to 5 ft	4.00
Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A heat street tree, of pendulous habit; narrow leaves and bright ers. Fine for grouping. Each Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.60 Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$0.60 Potted, 3 to 4 ft40	3.00
Latifolia. Of a spreading habit; value for grouping; long glossy green lead flowers golden yellow. Each Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.50 Potted, 4 to 5 ft40	ıable
flowers golden vellow Each	ives;
Potted, 5 to 6 ft\$0.50	\$4.00
Potted, 4 to 5 ft	3.50
Melanoxylon (Australian Black Wood	). A
strong grower; one of the best for pand street ornamentation.	arks
Floob	10
Potted, 6 to 7 ft\$1.00	
Potted, 5 to 6 ft	6.00
Potted, 6 to 7 ft. \$1.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft	3.50
	3.03



Spirea Van Houttei. (See Page 27)

Mollissima (Black Wattle). One of the finest, foliage feathery, dark green; flowers yellow, appearing in early spring.

Potted, 6	to	7	Each ft\$1.00	10 \$7.50
Potted, 5	to	6	ft	6.00
Potted, 4	to	5	ft	5.00
Potted, 3	to	4	ft	4.00
New and Ran	re V	ar	ieties. Each	10
Potted, 5	to	6	ft\$1.00	\$7.50
Potted, 4	to	5	ft	6.00
			ft	5.00
Farnesiana.			Verticillata	

ARAUCARIA Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Tree).
A magnificent tree; branches in regular
whorls, closely set with spiny, deep
green leaves; handsome for lawn, and
by far the finest and most attractive of
all evergreen trees. Each
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$6.00
Tubs, 3 to 4 ft 5.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 3.00
Potted, 2 to 3 ft
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft 1.50
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft 1.00
Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine). One of
the handsomest of all trees; pryamidal
in form and very symmetrical; very de-
sirable for interior decoration; not
adapted to outdoor culture in the warm
interior valleys. Each
Tubs, 3 to 4 ft\$5.00
Potted, 2 to 3 ft
Potted, 2 to 3 ft
Excelsa glauca. Similar to the preceding
but the foliage has a bluish cast.
Each
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$3.00
Excelsa robusta compacta. Differs from
Excelsa in its more robust and compact
growth. Color rich, deep green. Each
Tubs and pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$3.00
Tubs and pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ th 35.00 Tubs and pots, $1$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2.50
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle). A fine tree of regular pyramidal form; leaves bright
of regular pyramidal form; leaves bright
green, broad, thick, pointed and over-
lapping each other. Each
Tubs and pots, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$5.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft 1.50



Acacia Mollissima. (See Page 28)

ARBORVITAE (Thuya). The Thuyas are all of regular, symmetrical habit. They are roundish, pyramidal, and are well suited for massing or borders, also for hedges and windbreaks.
American (T. occidentalis). A native species known as the White Cedar. Foliage bright green, yellow-green beneath: brown and bronze in winter.

	Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	\$2.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft	1.00
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft	40 \$3.50
vangeriana (Tom Thu	mb Arborvitae).

Ellwangeriana (Tom Thumb Arborvitae). A dwarf, compact-growing variety. Each

Balled, 3 to 4 ft.....\$2.00

Ever Golden (T. orientalis semperau-
rescens). Of compact growth; golden
tinted the year round. One of the best.
Each 10
Boxed, fine specimens,
6 to 8 ft\$5.00
Boxed, 5 to 6 ft 4.00 \$35.00
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft 3.50 30.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 3.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.50 20.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.50 12.50
Baneu, 2 to 5 1t 1.50 12.5V
Gigantea (Plicata). Branches spreading.
regularly and closely set; foliage bright
green, dark green beneath. The bark is
brownish red and very attractive.
Each 10
Boxed, 10 to 12 ft\$8.00
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft 7.00
Boxed, 6 to 8 ft 5.00
Dollad 5 to C 4t
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 2.50
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.00 \$18.00
Golden (T. orientalis aurea). Elegant va-
riety, regular habit; foliage beautifully
tinged with gold in the spring.
Each 10
Boxed, 6 to 8 ft\$5.00
Boxed, 5 to 6 ft 4.00
DOXEG. 5 to 6 1t 4.00

	eacn	10
Boxed, 6 to 8 ft	\$5.00	
Boxed, 5 to 6 ft	4.00	
Tubs, 3 to 4 ft		
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	3.00	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft		\$20.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	1.50	12.50
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft	1.00	7.50
vow's Goldon (T. cocidents	No T	

Hovey's Golden (T. occidentalis Hoveyi).
Globular in outline with bright green foliage. Well adapted for small gardens.
Each

Balled,	4	to	5	ft\$3.00
				ft 2.50
Balled,	$^{2}$	to	3	ft 1.50

Lobbi Aurea (T. Lobbi). Similar to Gigantea, but has yellow foliage.

Each 10

Balled,	2 to 3 ft	.\$1.50	10
Balled,	1½ to 2 ft	. 1.25	\$10.00
Balled,	1 to 1½ ft	. 1.00	8.00

Each

Weeping (T. filiformis pendula). Weeping variety, with pendulous thread-like branches: foliage light yellowish green.

Boxed.	8	to	10	ft		. <b>\$</b> 8.0 <b>0</b>	
Boxed.	6	to	8	ft		. 6.00	
Boxed.	5	to	6	ft		. 5.0 <b>0</b> .	
Tubs a	nd	bo	xe	s. 4	to 5 ft	. 4.00	
Balled,	4	to	5	ft		. 3.00	\$25.00
Balled,	3	to	4	ft		. 2.50	20.00
Balled.	2	to	3	ft		. 1.50	12.50

Diversifolia (Victorian Bottle Tree). A magnificent avenue tree with graceful tapering trunk. Foliage bright, glossy green, deeply lobed; shape changes throughout the season.

Populneum (Poplar-Leaved). Similar to preceding; leaves poplar-shaped.

#### Prices of Diversifolia and Populneum.

						Each	10
Bare	roots.	-6	to	8	ft	. \$1.50	
Bare	roots.	5	to	6	ft	. 1.25	\$10.00
Bare	roots,	4	to	5	ft	. 1.00	7.50
Bare	roots,	3	to	4	ft	75	6.00

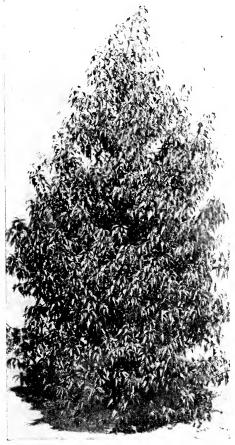
CALIFORNIA BIG TREE (Sequoia gigantea). A magnificent park, avenue or specimen tree, of pyramidal form; lower branches sweeping the ground. Foliage bluish green, completely covering the branches. This is the "Big Tree of California." The seeds are in roundish oblong cones, 2 to 3 inches long.

	Each	10
Tubs and boxes, 8 to 10 f	t.10.00	
Tubs and boxes, 7 to 8 f	t. 9.00	
ubs and boxes, 6 to 7 f	t. 8.00	
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 f	t. 7.00	
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 f	t. 6.00	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	. 5.00	\$37.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	. 3.75	30.00
Balled 9 to 3 ft	3.00	25.00

CALIFORNIA LAUREL, or Bay Tree (Um-
bellularia). A very rapid-growing tree,
with glossy oblong leaves and foliage
emitting an agreeable perfume. Each
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$150
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.00
CALIFORNIA REDWOOD (Sequoia semper-
virens). A valuable ornamental tree, of
rapid growth and of a tapering pyra-

virens). A valuable ornamental tree, of rapid growth and of a tapering pyramidal habit. Leaves dark green with two pale bands beneath. The seed-cones, measuring 1 inch or less in length, are borne on long, drooping stems. Timber world famous.

				1	gaen	10
Boxed,	8	to	10	ft\$1	0.00	
Balled,	6	to	7	ft	6.00	
				ft		
				ft		\$20.00
				ft		
Balled,	2	to	3	ft	1.50	10.00



#### Brachychiton Diversifolia.

CAMPHOR TREE (Camphora officinalis). A most symmetrical ornamental tree, thriving in poor soil; foliage bright green. Well adapted for lawn, street and avenue planting.  Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft60 5.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft50 4.00
CASUARINA (The Beefwoods). Native of Australia; extremely hard, of reddish color, hence the name. A valuable tree for the coast as well as for the interior. Fine for avenues and hedges. Requires heavy pruning.
Equisetifolia         (She Oak)         Of very rapid growth, with drooping branches and dark green needle-like leaves.         Each 10           Balled, 8 to 10 ft.         \$2.00 \$15.00           Potted, 5 to 6 ft.         1.00 \$3.00           Potted, 3 to 4 ft.         60 5.00           Potted, 2 to 3 ft.         40 3.00

	_
Stricta (C. quadrivalvis). Is of more erec	et.
habit than the preceding, but does no	
grow so tall. Each 10 Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$1.00 \$8.0	0
Balled, 4 to 5 ft80 6.0	ŏ
Potted, 2 to 3 ft40 3.0	
CEDAR (Cedrus). Of majestic habit: valu	1-
able for planting grounds or avenue	s,
CEDAR (Cedrus). Of majestic habit; valuable for planting grounds or avenue where shade is not an object. Will succeed all over California.	3-
Atlantica (Mt. Atlas Cedar). A handsom pyramidal tree; silvery green foliage	.e ∂:
pyramidal tree; silvery green foliage branches have an upright tendency.	
Each 10 Tubs and boxes, 10 to 12 ft12.00 100.0	0
Tubs and boxes, 8 to 10 ft10.00 80.0	0
Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft 6.00 50.0 Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft 5.00	10
Balled, 6 to 8 ft 4.00 30.0	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 3.00 20.0 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.00 15.0	
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft40 3.0	0
Atlantica glauca (Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar Similar to preceding, irregular strag gling when young, later becoming syn metrical. A striking and most beautif	).
gling when young, later becoming sym	5- 1-
metrical. A striking and most beautifu	ıl
tree. Each 10 Tubs and boxes, 10 to 12 ft15.00 120.0	0
Tubs and boxes, 10 to 12 ft. 15.00 120.0  Tubs and boxes, 8 to 10 ft. 12.00 100.0  Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft. 8.00 60.0  Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 6.00 50.0  Balled, 4 to 5 ft	0
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft 8.00 50.0	0
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.50 20.0	0
Balled, 3 to 4 It 1.50 12.0	0
Atlantica pyramidalis. Shrub or tree of pyramidal habit, with ascending branch	)Î
es. Eac	h
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. (New)\$1.5	0
Deodara (Himalayan, or Indian Cedar Exceedingly handsome; drooping branch es and silvery green foliage; very pop	). 1-
es and silvery green foliage; very por	ō-
ular. The most rapid-growing of a cedars. Each 10	.11
Boxed, 12 to 15 ft\$15.00	
Boxed, 12 to 15 ft\$15.00 Boxed, 10 to 12 ft 12.00 \$100.0 Boxed, 8 to 10 ft 10.00 80.0	) () ) ()
Boxed, b to 8 It 6.00	, 0
Froh 10 100	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft.\$4.00 \$30.00 \$200. Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 2.50 20.00 175.	) () ) ()
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 15.00 125.0	őő
	Οf
striking habit; foliage tipped golden. Each 10	
Balled, 6 to 8 ft\$6.00 \$50.0	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 5.00 40. Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.50 10.6	
	).
Deodara verticillata glauca (Blue Cedar Very picturesque; branches rather irre- ular and clothed with silvery blue fo	g- 1_
iage; very distinct. Each 10	1-
iage; very distinct. Each 10 Tubs and boxes, 6 to 7 ft.\$7.00 Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 6.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 4.00 \$30.0	00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.50 20.6 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 2.00 15.6	
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft50 4.0	
Deodara viridis (Green Cedar). Of gracef	ul
habit; foliage rich, lustrous green. Each 10	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 \$30.0	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 3.00 25.0	
Libani (Cedar of Lebanon) Vigorous, con pact growth; foliage dark green.	1-
Floor 10	١.
Tubs and boxes, 8 to 10 ft. \$8.00 \$70.  Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft. 7.00 50.  Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 5.00 40.  Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 5.00 40.	00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft	
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei (Cluster-Flowe	r-
ed Yew). A graceful tree with Yew-III	ζe
foliage; plum-like fruit in clusters. Each 10	
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. \$5.00	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 3.00 25.0 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.50 20.0	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.00 15.0	00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.50 12.1 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft60 5.0	
Drupacea. A low bush with stiff spreading	
branches. Each 10	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.50 \$10.0	



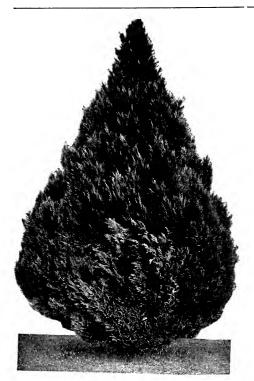
Cedrus Deodara. (See Page 30)

Large, elongated, pyramidal tree, with straight, slender, tapering trunk; fern- like, upward spreading branches.	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
Japonica elegans (Elegant Japanese Cedar) Low, dense tree, with horizontal and pendulous branchlets; leaves soft, and of bronzy crimson in fall and winter. Each 10	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft \$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 3.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.00 \$15.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.00 \$8.00	
CYPRESS (Cupressus). This includes num- erous varieties well adapted to Califor- nia, all having aromatic foliage Not particular about soils but prefer deep, sandy loams.	
Arizonica       (Arizona Cypress).       Rare, slender pyramidal; foliage pale, glaucous green, brown in winter.       Each 10       10         Balled, 4 to 5 ft.       \$2.00 \$15.00       \$15.00         Balled, 3 to 4 ft.       1.50 12.50         Balled, 2 to 3 ft.       1.25 10.00         Potted, 3 to 4 ft.       1.00         Potted, 2 to 3 ft.       .75	
Funcbris (Funeral Cypress). A noble tree, with wide, drooping branches.	
Boxed, 12 to 15 ft. \$10.00 Boxed, 10 to 12 ft. \$0.00 Boxed, 8 to 10 ft. \$0.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft. \$2.50 \$20.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft. \$2.00 \$15.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.50 \$2.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.00 \$0.00	
Goveniana (Goven's Cypress). Of erect growth, forming a handsome crown.	
Each 10 Balled, 6 to 8 ft\$2.50 \$20.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft2.00 15.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.25 10.00	
Knightiana.       Rapid grower; foliage glaucous green.       Each 10         Balled. 6 to 8 ft.       \$2.00 \$15.00         Balled. 5 to 6 ft.       1.50 12.50         Balled. 4 to 5 ft.       1.00 7.50         Balled. 3 to 4 ft.       75	

CRYPTOMERIA Japonica (Japan Cedar).

```
Lawsoniana Argentea. A California species, drooping branches, foliage lovely
                                                                      Each
    sea green.
        Balled, 1½ to 2 ft.....$1.00
Lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress). Graceful and conspicuous; branches horizontal, slightly pendulous; foliage dark green. Fine for grouping or single specimens. Each 10 100
        Balled, 4 to 5 ft.$1.50 $12.00 $100.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 $.00 75.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. .75 6.00 50.00
Lawsoniana Coerulea Glauca. A Lawson type with foliage of immensely glaucous tint. Each 10
        Balled, 3 to 4 ft......$1.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft......1.00
                                                                      $12.50
Lawsoniana lutea (Yellow Lawson Cypress). Young foliage; clear yellow.
        Balled, 11/2 to 2 ft.....$1.50
Macrocarpa Guadalupensis (Blue Cypress).
    Branches spreading; foliage silvery blue; attractive. Each 10
        tractive. Each
Boxed, 10 to 12 ft... $6.00
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft... 5.00
Balled, 6 to 8 ft... 2.00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft... 1.25
Balled, 4 to 5 ft... 1.00
                                                                     $15.00
10.00
                                                                         8.00
Macrocarpa lutea (Monterey Golden). A form of the preceding; early follage, suffused with yellow. Each
        Balled, 11/2 to 2 ft.....$1.00
Macrocarpa (Monterey). One of California's famous trees; foliage grayish
macrocarpa (months) nia's famous trees; foliage green; desirable for hedges.

Each 10
        Balled, 8 to 10 ft. $2.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 Balled, 4 to 6 ft. .75 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. .60 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. .30
                                                       $15.00
                                                        10.00
                                                           6.00
                                                           5.00
                                                                     $25.00
                                                           3.00
                                                          2.50
        Transplanted in flats, 10 to f2 in., $2.50 per 100; $20.00 per 1000.
```



Lawson Cypress. (See Page 31)

empervirens fastigiata (Italian Pyramidal). Tall, tapering; branches erect, growing parallel with trunk; branches frond-like. Leaves smooth, deep green.

Each

Tubs and boxes, 12 to 15 ft. \$8.00 Sempervirens

Tubs and	a.	$\mathbf{x}$ od	es,	12 to	15	It.	\$8.00	
Tubs and	ď	box	es,	10 to	12	ft.	6.00	
Tubs and	d l	box	es,	8 to	10	ft.	4.00	
Tubs and	ď.	box.	es,	7 to	8	ft.	3.00	
Tubs and	d i	box	es,	6 to	7	ft.	2.50	
Tubs and	ď.	box.	es,	5 to	6	ft.	2.00	
Balled,	8	to	10	ft			3.00	\$25.00
Balled,	6	to	8	ft			2.00	15.00
Balled,	5	to	6	ft			1.50	12.50
Balled,	4	to	5	ft			1.25	10.00
Balled,	3	to	4	ft			1.00	7.50

#### Eucalyptus (The Gum Tree)

The tree is a native of Australia and serves a variety of purposes—for example, it is often planted in damp, swamp places, where it acts as a sort of drain, absorbing excess moisture and frequently improving an otherwise malarial locality. The ornamental value of the Eucalyptus is considerable; its merits should not be overlooked.

All varieties planted in flats contain about 100 plants to the flat. As it is necessary to cut the flat in case a smaller quantity is ordered, part flats will be charged at 1½ cents per tree higher than the hundred rate. Citriodora (Lemon-scented). A handsome fast-growing tree, one of the most attractive. Leaves have lemon odor.

Each 10

Potted, 3 to 4 ft.......\$0,40 \$3.00

Transplated in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2
per 100, \$18 per 1000.

Crebra (Narrow-Leaved Iron Bark). Extremely hardy; stands great extremes of heat Wood hard, elastic; very heavy.

Each 10
Potted, 3 to 4 ft.......\$0.40 \$3.00
Potted, 2 to 3 ft........\$0.40 \$3.00
Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in.,
\$2.50 per 100, \$20 per 1000.

Ficifolia (Crimson-Flowering). A unique type; dwarfish habit, large, dark green leaves and great clusters of brilliant scarlet flowers. Seed-cones so large they are often used for pipe bowls. Each

Globulus (Blue Gum). Broad, blutsh leaves when young. More extensively planted than any other variety; wood when polished resembles hickory. Valuable for wagon work, bridges, toolhandles, insulator pins, and as firewood.

Potted, 5 to 6 ft...\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft... .40 3.00 25.00 Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$1.75 per 100, \$16 per 1000.

Polyanthema (Red Box). A fine avenue tree; leaves round, silvery; a late bloomer, not subject to drought and cold.

Each Potted, 5 to 6 ft.....\$0.50 Potted, 4 to 5 ft......40 Potted, 3 to 4 ft......35 3.50 Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2 per 100, \$18 per 1000.

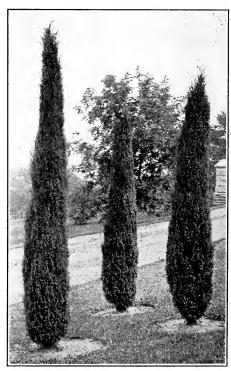
Robusta (Swamp Mahogany). Well adapted to low ground; foliage deep. glossy green; immense clusters of white flowers in fail and winter make it desirable for bee-keepers.

Potted, 5 to 6 ft.....\$0.60 \$5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft......\$0 4.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft......\$40 3.00

Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2 per 100, \$18 per 1000.

Rostrata (Red Gum). Remarkably rapid grower. Wood takes a handsome finish and is desirable for interiors. Called "Red Mahogany" by the trade. Valu-able for ties, fence-posts, piles, etc.

Each 10 100 Potted, 4 to 5 ft...\$0.40 \$3.00 \$25.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft....30 2.50 20.00 Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$1.75 per 100, \$16 per 1000.



Italian Cypress.

	TREES,	SHRUBS,	EVER
Eue	alyptus Conti	nued	
and cc Has Fresnc in Ari establi Pott Pott Trail  Teretico: rapid somew Austra mercia Pott Pott Trail Viminali of rap long, rosses ages, and r. so str cies, b purpos terials Pott Trail	bld. Wood he been grown and its ent izona and shed.  ed, 4 to 5 f ed, 3 to 4 f ed, 2 to 3 f isplanted in 7.5 per 100, rais (Forest a grower as that more dilian author):  ed, 5 to 6 f ed, 4 to 5 f ed, 3 to 4 f isplanted in 7.5 per 100, is (Manna) is (Manna) is (Manna) is graceful, is a numb among them esistance to	t avenue tree, withstands be lard and close a extensively ire suitability similar places Each 10 t\$0.40 \$3.0 t30 2.5 t25 2.0 a flats, 10 to \$16 per 1000. Red Gum). So the Rostrata urable. Said ities to lead a Each 10 t30 2.5 a flats, 10 to \$16 per 1000 Gum). Very fine avenue to test of distinct a t	-grained around to thrive is well 100 22.00 12 in., Fully as; timber by some s a com- 100 25.00 0 20.00 0 25.00 0 20.00 12 in., hardy; reanches advant- nardiness er is not
NEW A		CE VARIET LYPTUS	IES OF
Amygda Bosistia: Calophy Cajaput Cornuta Goniocal Hemiph	ted, 4 to 5 ted, 3 to 4 nsplanted in .50 per 100. lina na lla en	ft\$0. ft\$0. ft a flats, 10 to Leucoxylon Leucoxylon Melliodora Resinifera Sideroxylon Siderophlois Stuartiana	60 \$5.00 50 4.00 12 in., rosea
FICUS ela indoor glossy a hab even cable coasts Pott Pott Macropl than leaves planti	ted, 2 to 3 ted, 1½ to 3 to 1½ to 5 <b>nylla</b> (Moretthe above, 12; valuable 1	per Tree). Po a; leaves large, yellow beneg g bright and a cted; is hardle except along ft	pular for ge, dark, eath. Has attractive y practisouthern Each \$1.25 1.00 Hardier t smaller l outdoor Each

Potted. 3 to 4 ft. . . . \$
Potted. 2 to 3 ft. . . . . \$

GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). Very graceful, fern-like leaves; of rapid growth; covered with bronze-yellow flowers in early summer. Resists drought; one of the most stately for avenue and lawn.

flowers in early summary one of the most stately for avenue and lawn.

Potted, 5 to 6 ft...\$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft...\$0.30 \$2.50 Potted, 2 to 3 ft...\$25 \$2.00

HOLLY, European (Ilex aquifolium). A small tree; shining, dark green, thorny leaves; bright red berries in winter.

Each 10

Balled. 1½ to 2 ft., imported stock ......\$1.25 \$10.00

Golden Variegated. Imported well furnished plants. Very best varieties. Balled. 1 to 1½ ft......\$2.00

Balled, I to 1/2 It......

JACARANDA mimosaefolia. Symmetrical tree; fern-like leaves; flowers blue or violet, appearing in early summer.

Each 10

JUNIPER (Juniperus). Hardy and ornamental; of pyramidal or columnar habit; for hedges and windbreaks.

Bermudiana (Bermuda Juniper). A very beautiful tree; foliage pale, bluish green.

Each 10

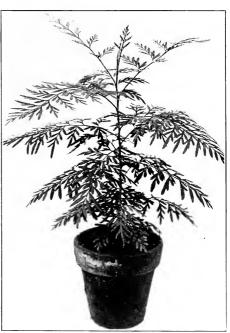
Balled. 1 to 1½ ft....\$0.75

Potted, 3 to 4 ft......\$0.75 \$6.00

Each ..\$1.25

Symmetrical

Chinensis Procumbens (Japanese Creeping Juniper). Valuable for rock work. A striking variety. Each
striking variety. Each 2 ft\$2.00
Irish (J. communis Hibernica).       An erect dense, conical tree.       Each 10         Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$2.50       \$20.00         Balled, 3 to 4 ft2.00       Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Japan       (J. Japonica).       Of pyramidal habit with grayish green foliage.       Each Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Japan Golden (J. Japonica aurea). Spread ing habit; foliage beautiful golden. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.50
Large-Fruited (J. Neaboriensis). Dense pyramidal outline; foliage bluish green leaves spiny. Each Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Sabina (J. Sabina). Low shrub; trailing branches; foliage dense, dark green.  Eacl
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.5 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
The state of the s



Grevillea Robusta.

Sabina, Variegated (J. Sabina variegata). Same as above; small branchlets variegated with creamy white.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Virginiana         (Red Cedar).         Usually pyramidal; foliage green, or bronze-green.           Tubs and Boxes, 8 to 10 ft.         \$5.00           Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft.         4.00           Balled, 5 to 6 ft.         2.00           Balled, 4 to 5 ft.         1.50           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         1.00           Balled, 2 to 3 ft.         .75
BOCEDRUS (Incense Cedar). A valuable park and lawn tree, of pyramidal form; foliage bright green. Chilensis (Chilian Cedar). Silvery foliage;
broad, drooping branches, ascending to- wards the summit, and quite erect at top. Each 10 Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft.\$6.00 Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 5.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.50 \$20.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.00 15.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.50 12.50

Chilensis viridis (Green Chilian Cedar). Of same general type, but light green fol-
same general type, but light green 101- iage. A magnificent evergreen. Each
Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$3.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.50
same general type, but fight geen to liage. A magnificent evergreen.       Each         Balled, 5 to 6 ft.       \$3.00         Balled, 4 to 5 ft.       2.50         Balled, 3 to 4 ft.       2.00         Balled, 2 to 3 ft.       1.50
Barred, 2 to 3 ft 1.50
Decurrens (Incense Cedar). Distinct, erect,
compact; stout trunk, and bright, glossy
green leaves. Each 10 Boxed, 10 to 12 ft\$8.00
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft 6.00
Boxed, 6 to 8 ft 5.00
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft 6.00 Boxed, 6 to 8 ft 5.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 3.00 \$25.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.00 15.00
MADRONA (Arbutus Menziesi). Foliage thick, leathery, bright green; bark smooth, brownish red; flowers white, fragrant; white berries.
smooth brownish red: flowers white.
fragrant; white berries. Each Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.50
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.50
MAGNOLIA. One of the grandest of broad-
leaved evergreens; flowers fragrant, 10 to 12 in. across. Blooms abundantly in May and June, succeeded by cone-like fruits, bearing seeds of deep coral-red
to 12 in. across. Blooms abundantly in
fruits, bearing seeds of deep coral-red
in October.
Grandiflora (Bull Bay). Foliage thick
Grandiflora (Bull Bay). Foliage thick, brilliant green on the upper surface, and
rusty underneath; flowers pure waxy white. Each 10 100
Tubs and boxes —
9 to 10 ft \$9.00
6 to 8 ft 6.00
Balled, 6 to 8 ft. 2.00 17.50
Balled, 5 to 6 ft. 1.50 12.50 100.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 80.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 8.00 70.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft75
6 to 8 ft 6.00 4 to 6 ft 4.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft. 2.00 17.50 Balled, 5 to 6 ft. 1.50 12.50 100.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 80.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 8.00 70.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft75 Potted, 2 to 3 ft60
Grandiflora Exoniensis (Exmouth Mag- nolia). Hardiest of Magnolias; begins blooming young; flowers large, pure white double.
nolia). Hardiest of Magnolias; begins
white, double. Towers large, pure
Potted, 3 to 4 ft\$2.50 Potted, 2 to 3 ft2.00
Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, up-
Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, upright grower, Leaves glossy green above.
Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, upright grower. Leaves glossy green above, russet silky brown beneath. Attractive for its fine foliage and large blooms.
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Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, upright grower. Leaves glossy green above, cusset silky brown beneath. Attractive for its fine foliage and large blooms.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.50  OAK (Quercus). The evergreen oaks are among our most picturesque trees; recommended for parks and avenues.  California Live Oak (Q. agrifolia). The well-known majestic evergreen, growing abundantly along the shores of San Francisco Bay.  Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$1.50 \$12.50  Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$1.50 \$12.50
Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, upright grower. Leaves glossy green above, cusset silky brown beneath. Attractive for its fine foliage and large blooms.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.50  OAK (Quercus). The evergreen oaks are among our most picturesque trees; recommended for parks and avenues.  California Live Oak (Q. agrifolia). The well-known majestic evergreen, growing abundantly along the shores of San Francisco Bay.  Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$1.50 \$12.50  Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$1.50 \$12.50
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Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, upright grower. Leaves glossy green above, cusset silky brown beneath. Attractive for its fine foliage and large blooms.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft
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Grandiflora Galissoniensis. Compact, upright grower. Leaves glossy green above, cusset silky brown beneath. Attractive for its fine foliage and large blooms.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft

 PEPPER TREE
 (Schinus Molle).
 A most picturesque park, avenue or shade tree. Feathery follage, yellowish white blossoms followed by rose-colored or deep red berries.
 Each 10 10 100
 Potted, 6 to 7 ft... \$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00
 Potted, 5 to 6 ft... 50 5.00 40.00

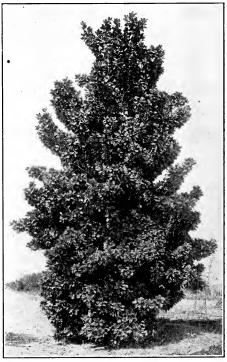
 Potted, 4 to 5 ft... 50 4.00 30.00

PINE (Pinus). An important timber tree; usually tall, spreading, pyramidal or round-topped. Valuable for parks, gardens and massing.

Austriaca (Austrian Pine). Robust, hardy, spreading; leaves rigid, dark green; thrives in exposed situations.

Each 10

Palled	0	to	1	0 ft		00	10
				ft			
				ft			15.00
				ft			12.50
Balled,	3	to	4	ft	1.	25	10.00



Magnolia Grandiflora.

Banksiana. Branches slender; spreading;

very hardy. Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.00 \$7.50
Coulteri (Bull Pine). Stout branches,
drooping below, and ascending above,
form a loose, pyramidal head.
Each 10
Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$2.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.50 \$12.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25 10.00
Excelsa. Handsome tree with drooping
silvery foliage. Hardy. Each 10
Silvery Iollage. Hardy. Mach 10
Balled, 6 to 8 ft\$2.50 \$20.00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 2.00 15.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.50 10.00
Halepensis (Aleppo Pine). A fine variety,
with dense, bluish foliage, Each 10
with dense, bluish foliage. Each Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 175 15 00
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.50 12.50
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.50 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.50 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.25 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft40 3.00 Insignis (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft1.25 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft1.25 10.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft40 3.00 Insignis (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender and dark green. Well adapted to coast
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.25 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft40 3.00 Insignis (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender
with dense, bluish foliage. Each Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft1.25 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft1.25 10.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft40 3.00 Insignis (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender and dark green. Well adapted to coast regions.  Balled, 10 to 12 ft\$3.50 \$25.00
with dense, bluish foliage. Each Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.25 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft 40 3.00 Insignis (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender and dark green. Well adapted to coast regions.  Balled, 10 to 12 ft \$3.50 \$25.00
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft
with dense, bluish foliage. Each 10 Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft
with dense, bluish foliage. Each Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$18.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft1.25 10.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft40 3.00 Insignis (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender and dark green. Well adapted to coast regions. Balled, 10 to 12 ft\$3.50 \$25.00 Balled, 8 to 10 ft2.00 15.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft1.50

Di
Pines Continued
<pre>Laricio (Corsican Pine). Erect; branches tend to curve round the tree; leaves</pre>
long, dark green. Each 10 Balled 8 to 10 ft\$2.50
Balled, 6 to 8 ft 2.00
tend to curve round the tree, leaves long, dark green. Each  Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.50  Balled, 6 to 8 ft 2.00  Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.50 \$12.50  Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00  Lambertiana (Sugar Pine). Tallest of all Pines; very large trunk; leaves dark bluish green.
Lambertiana (Sugar Pine). Tallest of all Pines: very large trunk: leaves dark
Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$2.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 Maritima (Cluster Pine). A beautiful tree;
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
leaves stiff, twisted, bright, glossy green.
From Southern Europe; of variable habit. Valuable for the seaside.
Each 10 Balled, 5 to 6 ft $$1.50$ $$12.50$
Balled, 5 to 6 ft
Montana (Swiss Mountain Pine). Hand-
some, spreading, low-growing; bright green leaves. Each
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.25 Potted, 6 to 12 in50
Pinea (Parasol Pine). Branches spreading, usually clustered at top of tree.
Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.25 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft1.00 Balled, 1 ft
tree. Rapid grower, perfectly hardy Each 10
Pored 6 to 9 ft \$4.00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.50 \$12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.00 7.50 Strobus (Weymouth Pine) Very tall trees:
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.50 \$12.50  Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.00 7.50  Strobus (Weymouth Pine). Very tall trees; branches horizontal, in regular whorls;
leaves soft, bluish green.   Each     Balled, 4 to 5 ft.   \$1.50     Balled, 3 to 4 ft.   1.25     Sylvestris (Scotch Pine). Of robust growth,
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
with pendulous branches; leaves bluish
Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$17.50
Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.25 10.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.00 7.50
Torreyana (Soledad Pine). Branches
with pendulous branches; leaves bluish green.  Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 \$17.50 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 1.25 10.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.00 7.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 75 6.00  Torreyana (Soledad Pine). Branches spreading or ascending; leaves rigid, dark green.
Balled, 8 to 10 ft\$2.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.25 \$10.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
RETINOSPORA ericoides (Japanese Cypress). Dwarf; foliage bright green
above, glaucous beneath; ruddy in win-
ter. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25 \$10.00
Plumosa aurea (Golden Japanese Cypress).  Dense growing, more conical than preceding. Young shoots and foliage golden
ceding. Young shoots and foliage golden
yellow. Each Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.00
SCIADOPITYS Verticillata (Umbrella Pine).
Branches in regular whorls; leaves deep green, lustrous. A fine lawn tree; not
adapted to the interior valley; does well on the coast.
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25
CDDLIGEC AND FIDE (ALL )
SPRUCES AND FIRS (Abies)
In habit of growth the Spruces are very similar to the Firs, but the branches stand
out from the main stem more horizontally,
from the Firs mainly by their drooping
In habit of growth the Spruces are very similar to the Firs, but the branches stand out from the main stem more horizontally, and not so closely together. Distinguished from the Firs mainly by their drooping cones and linear flat leaves on the upper side of the branches; the Firs have their needles short and scattered all around the branches.
needles short and scattered all around the branches.
Alba (White Spruce). Foliage silvery gray;
strong aromatic odor when bruised. Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.25 10.00
Douglasi (Douglas Spruce). A rapid- growing native tree of symmetrical
habit. Each Balled. 2 to 3 ft\$1.50

Excelsa (Norway Spruce). A lofty, rapid grower; branches of graceful drooping habit. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25 \$10.00  Menziesii (Sitka Spruce). Similar to White Spruce; foliage rich blue or sage color.  Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
Nordmanniana (Nordmann's Silver Fir). Very symmetrical; foliage massive, dark green, glossy above, slightly glaucous below.  Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$2.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft1.50
20101, 1/2 10 2 21 11 11 11 11 11 11



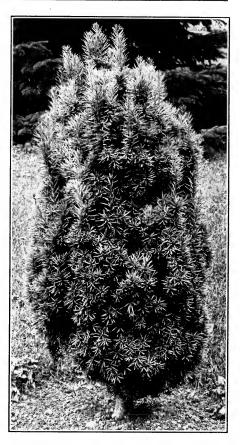
Ponderosa Pine-Yellow Pine.

Pectinata (European Fir). A noble tree; spreading branches, broad silvery foliage. Each Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.50
Pinsapo (Spanish Silver Fir). Very regu- lar and symmetrical in habit; leaves bright green above, silvery beneath. Each
Balled, 4 to 5 ft.       \$4.00         Balled, 3 to 4 ft.       3.00         Balled, 2 to 3 ft.       2.00
Pungens (Colorado Spruce). Branches in regular whorls, gradually receding toward top, and forming a conical outline. Leaves vary from green to silvery white. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00
Pungens Glauca Kosteriana (Colorado Blue Spruce). A form of preceding. The most beautiful for garden or lawn: foliage silvery blue. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft \$3.00 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 2.00
STERCULIA. See Brachychiton.
THUYOPSIS         borealis         (Nootka         Sound         Cypress)           120         feet.         Very desirable;         pyramidal habit,         with light,         glossy         green           foliage.         Each         Each         Each           Balled,         6 to 8 ft.         \$4.00         \$4.00           Balled,         5 to 6 ft.         2.50         \$3.00           Balled,         4 to 5 ft.         2.50         \$4.00           Balled,         3 to 4 ft.         1.50           Dolobrata         (Hatchet-Leaved Arborvitae).         Leaves shining green above, silvery beneath.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.00 \$7.50



Colorado Blue Spruce.

(See Page 36)



Irish Yew.

## **EVERGREEN SHRUBS**

AZARA microphylla A graceful shrub, with dark shining green leaves; flowers greenish yellow, succeeded by orange-
Talamad kamming Front 10
Balled, 5 to 6 ft\$2.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
BERBERIS Darwini (Darwin's Barberry). A spreading shrub, with thick, leathery foliage; flowers on ange-yellow, very fragrant, followed by dark purple fruit.
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 Illicifolia (Holly-Leaved Barberry). Of
low, dense growth; brilliant red fruits, scarlet in fall. Each 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.25 \$10.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft75 6.00
BOX (Buxus). Shrubs of dense, rather slow growth, with shining foliage; valuable for grouping, lawn decoration and hedge
Balearica. A handsome shrub, foliage
light green. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft60 5.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft60 Sempervirens arborescens. Tall shrub or
sman tree. Suitable for tan neage.
Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft
Sempervirens argenteo-marginata (Silver Striped-Leaved Box Tree). Of the same
Striped-Leaved Box Tree). Of the same habit as the above, but with silvery-striped leaves. Each 10 100 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00 Sempervirens aurea (Golden Leaved Box
with colden Fach 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Each 10 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Sempervirens Suffruticosa (Dwarf Box). Small bush, with glossy, roundish leaves;
Each 10 100
Tubs, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.50 Balled, 1 ft 1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 6 to 12 in50 4.00
Naked Roots, 4 to 5 in \$6.00
BROOM (Cytisus). Will succeed in almost any soil or situation. The large, peashaped flowers appear in the spring, followed by small pods; leaves rounded elegation of the stem.
followed by small pods; leaves rounded elongation of the stem.  Alba. With slender, erect, grooved
branches, and white flowers.  Each 10 Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.50 \$4.00
Andreana (C. scoparius Andreanus). New. A beautiful variety. Flowers golden
yellow. rich, velvety purple and crimson wings. Each Potted, 1½ to 2 ft
Canariensis, eree flowering, attaining a height of 6 to 8 feet. Small leaves and bright yellow flowers.
scotch (C. scoparius). Drooping branches; covered in spring with bright yellow,
Potted. 1½ to 2 ft
Spanish (C. Hispanica). An upright- growing shrub; flowers yellow, on long, drooping, leafless branches.
Spanish (C. Hispanica). An upright-growing shrub; flowers yellow, on long, drooping, leafless branches.  Each 10 Potted, 2 to 3 ft
Spanish (C. Hispanica). An upright-growing shrub; flowers yellow, on long, drooping, leafless branches.  Bach 10 Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.50 \$4.00  BURNING BUSH (Crataegus Pyracantha). A thick, thorny shrub, foliage small, rich, bronzy, glossy green color; white flowers, followed by masses of crimson berries, persisting all winter.
Spanish (C. Hispanica). An upright-growing shrub; flowers yellow, on long, drooping, leafless branches.  Each 10 Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 BURNING BUSH (Crataegus Pyracantha). A thick, thorny shrub, foliage small, rich, bronzy, glossy green color; white flowers, followed by masses of crimson

Crataegus Lelandii. Similar to the preceding, but of more vigorous growth, berries orange yellow. Each 10
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft......\$0.60 \$5.00 CAMELLIA Japonica. Beautiful winter-flowering evergreens, with dark glossy green foliage and magnificent waxy flow-ers of various colors. Each Double Pink. Blooms early; one of the Double Red. Flowers very double; largest size; beautiful red. Double Red and White. Flowers double red, striped white; free-flowering. Double White. Produces abundance of large, pure white, double flowers. CARPENTERIA Californica. Tall shrub, with pure white, fragrant flowers. CASSIA corymbosa (Wild Senna). An elegant shrub, with yellow flowers. Each Balled, 4 to 5 ft.....\$0.75 Balled, 3 to 4 ft......60 CEANOTHUS azureus. Flowers pale blue, leaves bright green above, downy beneath. CESTRUM aurantiacum. Free-flowering ever-green shrub; covered all summer with orange-colored flowers. Each Potted, 1 to 1½ ft...........\$0.75



Camellia.

CHEDDY Colifornia Evergreen (Cerasus
Officially, Cambridge of great troe with
CHERRY, California Evergreen (Cerasus ilicifolia). Shrub or small tree with brilliant foliage, lighter than Holly;
brilliant foliage, lighter than holly,
flowers white; fruit purplish or blackish.  Broad-leaved (C. integrifolia). Similar to preceding; leaves larger, with few spines; flowers more numerous, and the
Broad-leaved (C. integrifolia). Similar to
preceding: leaves larger, with few
spines: flowers more numerous, and the
fruit much larger. Each
fruit much larger. Each  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.50  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft. 50
Dalled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 5 to 4 ft
Pots, 1½ to 2 it
CHOISYA ternata (Mexican Orange). Low-
CHOISYA ternata (Mexican Orange). Low- growing shrub; glossy, bright green, fragrant leaves and abundant, snowy,
fragrant leaves and abundant, snowy,
geagan Each 10
season. Each 10 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.00 \$7.50 CHRISTMAS BERRY (Heteromeles arbutifolia). White flowers and clusters of deep red berries, persisting until February
CITETOTONIAC DEDDY (Heteromolog orbuti
CHRISTMAS BERKY (Heterometes arouti-
folia). White nowers and clusters of
deep red berries, persisting until Feb-
ruary. Each
Balled. 4 to 5 ft\$2.00
Balled 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00
Pottod 11/ to 9 ft 75
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft
COLLETIA cruciata. Curious surubs, with
oval, spiny leaves; flowers small, white.
Each 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft $$1.00$
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots 11/4 to 2 ft 40 3.00
CODDOCATA Devenience michanists Denge
COPROSMA Daneriana Dicturata. Dense
3-3 -1 1
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
growing; rounded, glossy leaves. Each 10
growing; rounded, glossy leaves.  Each 10  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00
growing; rounded, glossy leaves.  Each 10  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, con-
growing; rounded, glossy leaves.  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Each  10  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Each  11  12  13  14  15  16  16  16  16  16  16  16  16  16
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Each  10  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Each  11  12  13  14  15  16  16  16  16  16  16  16  16  16
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at
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Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.
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Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.40  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.40  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.40  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$75 6.00  DAPHNE odora (White-Flowering). Lowgrowing; dark, glossy foliage and very fragrant white flowers in winter.  Variegated (D. odora variegata). Similar
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft50 4.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00  PAPHNE odora (White-Flowering). Lowgrowing; dark, glossy foliage and very fragrant white flowers in winter.  Variegated (D. odora variegata). Similar to above; leaves are variegated and
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.50  COPPHNE odora (White-Flowering). Lowgrowing; dark, glossy foliage and very fragrant white flowers in winter.  Variegated (D. odora variegata). Similar to above; leaves are variegated and flowers pink.
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00  Baueriana variegata. Very showy, conspicuous yellow, variegated leaves.  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  CORONILLA glauca. Foliage glaucous green; masses of yellow flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime, scentless at night.  Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves mottled yellow. Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 \$5.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft50 4.00  COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00  PAPHNE odora (White-Flowering). Lowgrowing; dark, glossy foliage and very fragrant white flowers in winter.  Variegated (D. odora variegata). Similar to above; leaves are variegated and



Carpenteria Californica. See Page 38.

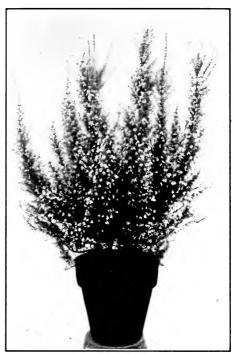


4.713	1
	1
Christmas Berry.	
DAPHNIPHVLLUM macronodum Eff.	ective
shrub; large, broad, leathery leave	es. Each
	.\$0.75 Large
DATURA arborea (Angel's Trumpet). shrub or tree; leaves 6 to 12 inches covered with fine "powder." Fl creamy white, trumpet-shaped, 7 inches long, with a musk-like Blooms all summer. Potted, 1½ to 2 ft	TO X
<b>DEERINGIA celesoides.</b> Pretty, grashrub; light green foliage.	
Celesoides variegata. Slender-greshrub; white margined leaves and spikes of white flowers in summer	long
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	. \$1.25 75
DENDROPANAX Japonicus. Very u and attractive; has maple-like l	nique leaves small, Each
DIOSMA ericoides (Breath of Heaven) liage heath-like; agreeably frag flowers white, small, star-shaped; in floral work. Plant hardy; very grown. Each Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75	. Fo- grant; used
Blue flowers, oddly striped in profusion all summer, followed by low berries. Each Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.60 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$40 Potted, 2 to 3 ft40	rop). great yel- 10 \$5.00 4.00 3.00
ELAEAGNUS reflexa pungens (Bronze aster). Spreading shrub, bronzy k branches; leaves glossy green above silvery beneath.	Ole- prown a and
Reflexa maculata (Golden Leaved C ter). Foliage blotched golden yell	ow.
Reflexa variegata (Variegated Olea Of same habit as two preceding, e leaves margined yellowish. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00	ster). xcept 10 10.00 8.00
ESCALLONIA Montevidensis. Erect cylindrical branches; roundish, glossy leaves; flowers white, all sun Rosea. In general, same as prece	bush, dark nmer. ding:
flowers light pink.	

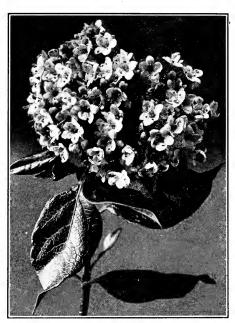
Escallonia Continued
Ruhra. Branches erect. hairy: dwarf:
Rubra. Branches erect, hairy; dwarf; shining green leaves, bright red flowers.
Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25 \$10.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft75 6.00
### Halled, 3 to 4 ft
leaves; small, fragrant, myrtle-like now-
ers in abundance.
Myrtifolia (Australian Bush Cherry).
Glossy leaves; quantities of small, dou-
ble white flowers. Each Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.75
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
EUONYMUS Japonicus (Evergreen Euony-
mus). Dense, upright; leaves dark, lustrous green; valuable for specimens or
hedges.
Japonicus, Duc d' Anjou (Golden-blotched Euonymus). Foliage light green, outer
Euonymus). Foliage light green, outer
edges variegated, golden yellow band.  Japonicus aureus (Golden-Leaved Euony-
Japonicus aureus (Golden-Leaved Euony-
mus). Prized for its golden foliage. Japonicus albo-marginatus (Silver Mar-
gined Fuonymus) Compact growth.
gined Euonymus). Compact growth; leaves have narrow white margin. This
one fine for hedge
Japonicus argenteo- variegatus (Silver
Variegated Euonymus). Upright; silvery variegated foliage. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$2.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.50 \$12.50
very variegated foliage. Each 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$2.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50 \$12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.00  Japonicus microphyllus (E. pulchellus).
Japonicus microphyllus (E. pulchellus).
Dwarf; small, deep green leaves.
Each 10
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 GARDENIA jasminoides (G. Florida). Cape
GARDENIA jasminoides (G. Florida). Cape
Jasmine. Thick foliage; large, double, waxy, fragrant flowers. May to Sep-
waxy, fragrant nowers. May to Sep-
tember. Each
Potted, 1 to 1½ It
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75  GARRYA elliptica (The Quinine Bush).  Leaves elliptical, dark green; shining
above beary beneath; orange colored
flowers: black herries Each 10
above, hoary beneath; orange-colored flowers; black berries. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.50 \$12.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 8.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25 10.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.00 8.00



Euonymus Duc d'Anjou.



Mediterranean Heath.
HEATH, Mediterranean (Erica Mediterranea). Small and compact; leathery foliage, purplish pink flowers in spring.  Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50 \$10.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
LAGUNARIA Patersonii. Tall pyramidal; leaves whitish beneath. Flowers like Hibiscus; white to pink. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft \$1.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft \$6.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries.
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50 \$12.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.25 10.00
Portugal       (L. lusitanica).       Dwarfish, with glossy dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night.       Each 10         Boxed, 6 to 8 ft.       \$5.00         Balled, 5 to 6 ft.       3.00         Balled, 4 to 5 ft.       2.00         Balled, 3 to 4 ft.       1.50         Balled, 2 to 3 ft.       1.25       \$10.00
Sweet Bay (L. nobilis). Upright; deep, dark green, fragrant leaves; covered in fall with shiny black berries. May be pruned or cropped into various shapes.  Each 10
Tubs and Boxes, 6 to 7 ft. \$6,00 Tubs and Boxes, 4 to 5 ft. 4.00 Tubs and Boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 2.50 Balled, 5 to 6 ft 2.50 \$20.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.00 15.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25 10.00 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft 50 4.00
Sweet Bay, Trained Trees. Where formal effect is desired, nothing is more satisfactory than these specimens. Standards have straight stems 4 feet high with crown trimmed to globular form. Pyramids trained in pyramidal form from base to leader; dimensions indicate diameter at base. Prices on application.



### Laurustinus Rotundifolia.

Laurustinus Rotunditolia.
TATIBUSENING (Winhammung Dings) Abun
LAURUSTINUS (Virburnum Tinus). Abundance of white flowers in winter; fine hedge plant.
dance of white howers in winter, and
neage plant.
hedge plant.  Grandiflorus (V. Tinus grandiflorum).  Leaves and flowers much larger than
preceding.
Potentialia (V Tinua netundifolium)
Tagwag rounded glossy groop: flower.
preceding.  Rotundifolia (V. Tinus rotundifolium).  Leaves rounded, glossy green; flowerheads very large; never sun-scalds.  Each 10
Trach 10
Palled 2 to 3 ft \$1.00 \$7.50
Balled 114 to 2 ft 75 6.00
Variagated (V Tinus variagatum) Leaves
hlotched silvery Each
heads very large; never sun-scalds. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
LEPTOSPERMIM laevigatum Tall grace-
Variegated (V. Tinus variegatum). Leaves blotched silvery. Each Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.00  LEPTOSPERMUM laevigatum. Tall, gracefully arching; foliage grayish; flowers white; profuse bloomer. Each Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$0.75  LIGUSTRUM coriaceum (Privet). Dwarf; dense; short, rigid branches; leaves dark green, shining above. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft \$1.00
white profuse bloomer Each
Potted 4 to 5 ft
LIGUSTRIM coriaceum (Privet) Dwarf:
dense short rigid branches leaves
dark green shining above. Each
Balled 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
dark green, shining above. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Japonicum (Japanese Privet), Glossy,
dark, leathery leaves; white flowers in
clusters; purplish berries.  Each 10 100
Each 10 100
Naked Roots,
Naked Roots, 8 to 10 ft \$1.00 \$7.50 Naked Roots, 6 to 8 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00 Naked Roots, 4 to 5 ft 60 5.00 40.00 Naked Roots, 3 to 4 ft 50 4.00 30.00
Naked Roots, 6 to
8 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00
Naked Roots, 4 to
5 ft
Naked Roots, 3 to
Naked Roots, 3 to 4 ft
Potted, 4 to 6 in 6.00
Sinense (Chinese Privet). Siender, spread-
ing; leaves snining, dark above, light
beneath; bluish black berries, covered
Polled 6 to 9 ft \$2.50
Balled 4 to 6 ft 2.00
Balled 3 to 4 ft 125
with bloom. Each 10  Balled, 6 to 8 ft\$2.50  Balled, 4 to 6 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.25  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 \$7.50  MAHONIA aquifolium (Oregon Grape).  Shining, purplish, prickly leaves; bright yellow flowers; berries blue-black.  Each 10
MAHONIA aquifolium (Oregon Grape).
Shining, purplish, prickly leaves; bright
vellow flowers; berries blue-black.
Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft $$1.50$
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.25
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.00 \$8.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.50  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.00 \$8.00  Japonica (Japanese Mahonia). Very distinct; leaves about a foot long; clusters
tinct; leaves about a foot long; clusters
of bright yellow flowers. Each
Balled, 1 to 1½ It\$1.00
MANZANITA (Arctostaphylos Glauca).
of bright yellow flowers. Each Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.00  MANZANITA (Arctostaphylos Glauca). Shrub or small tree. Wood extremely hard. Native mountain regions. Each 10 Potted, 8 to 10 in\$0.50 \$4.00
naru. Native mountain regions.
Potted 8 to 10 in\$0.50 \$4.00
1 οτίσα, ο το το πι ψ ψ

MAYTENUS CHILENSIS. Tree or shrub
from Chili; flowers greenish yellow;
MAYTENUS CHILENSIS. Tree or shrub from Chili; flowers greenish yellow; leaves oblong, serrated. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.60
MELIANTHUS major. Leaves gravish
green, over a foot long deeply lohed
MELIANTHUS major. Leaves grayish green, over a foot long, deeply lobed; flowers reddish brown, in long spikes.
Each
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75
MELALEUCA. These low-spreading shrubs are wonderfully well adapted to the interior valleys of California. Their free-flowering qualities, combined with their rapidity of growth, makes them valuable acquisitions.
are wonderfully well adapted to the in-
flowering qualities, combined with their
rapidity of growth, makes them valu-
able acquisitions.
Armillaris. Flowers white.
flowers in August
Ericifolia. Flowers pale vellow: leaves
Armillaris. Flowers white.  Decussata. Smooth leaves; lilac-colored flowers in August.  Ericifolia. Flowers pale yellow; leaves leathery, spreading or recurved.  Oppositifolia. Graceful foliage; scarlet flowers Prices of Melaleuce Fach.
Oppositifolia. Graceful foliage; scarlet
flowers. Prices of Melaleuca: Each 10  Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.00 \$8.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft75 6.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft50 4.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft50 4.00
METROSIDEROS robusta (Bottle Brush).
Narrow leaves; rich crimson flowers in
July.
Semperflorens. Leaves thick, lanceolate, reddish when young; flowers in reddish spike; rather loose. Rapid grower.
reddish when young; flowers in reddish
Price of Metrosideros:
Each 10
Balled. 4 to 5 ft\$1.25
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Daneu, 2 to 5 1t00 5.00
MYOPORUM laetum. Quick growth; leaves
large, glossy, oleander-like; small white flowers, pink berries.
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.50
MVRICA Californica (Way Murtle) Foliage
MYRICA Californica (Wax Myrtle). Foliage magnolia-like, evergreen and leathery; fruit roundish; ripens in July. Each Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft60
fruit roundish; ripens in July. Each
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50
Potted, I to 1½ It
MYRTLE (Myrtus communis). Dwarf shrubs; lustrous green leaves; fragrant,
shrubs; lustrous green leaves; fragrant, white flowers.
Microphylla (Small-leaved Myrtle) Small
Microphylla (Small-leaved Myrtle). Small dark green foliage, set closely along
branches. Fine ornamental shrub.
Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.25 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft75 \$6.00 Potted, 6 to 10 in25 2.00
Potted, 6 to 10 in25 2.00
NANDINA domestica Dwarfish: reed-like
stems: glossy green leaves and tall
spikes of white flowers. Masses of small
red and white berries. Each
NANDINA domestica. Dwarfish; reed-like stems; glossy green leaves and tall spikes of white flowers. Masses of small red and white berries. Each Tubs, 2 to 3 ft. \$2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25
OTEANDED (Navium) Took 10
OLEANDER (Nerium). Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.00 \$8.00
Dallod 9 to 9 ft 90 600
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
Album maximum. Single white.
Album plenum. Perfect white Oleander;
flowers very double.  Atropurpureum duplex. One of the best doubles; deep carmine, streaked white.
doubles: deep carmine. streaked white.



Mahonia Aquifolium-Oregon Grape.

Evergreen Shrubs Continued
Dr. Golfin. Bright lilac rose, single.  Laurifolium. Broad, laurel-like foliage; flowers rosy, pink and white; single.  Lillian Henderson. Double white; helio- trope-scented.
Madame Peyre. Double; ivory to straw- color.
Madama Sarah Rarnhardt Immense
Madame Sarah Bernhardt. Immense truss; single, delicate white, streaked
pink.
Madoni grandiflorum. Creamy white,
madoni grandinorum. Creamy winter,
semi-double; fragrant; strong grower.
Mrs. F. Roeding. Originated by us;
strong grower; very hardy; flowers dou-
ble, finely fringed, color of La France
Rose.
Nankin. Single; salmon-yellow; of dwarf-
ish habit; best yellow.
Nankin Variegated. Leaves beautifully
variegated; flowers double, light pink.
Pierre Roudier. Semi-double; soft, rose-
edged, bright rose.  Professor Durand. Very double; chang-
Professor Durand. Very double; chang-
ing from creamy yellow to deep amber-
yellow.
Purpureum. Single; deep carmine-crim- son, shaded maroon.



### Oleander.

Sister Agnes. Very large truss; single pearly white; very free-blooming.  Splendens giganteum. Double rose; very fragrant; largest of all Oleanders; blooms all summer.
OLEA fragrans (Japan Fragrant Olive).
Small tree; sweet; fragrant; both white
and yellow flowered varieties. Blooms
and yellow howered varieties. Blooms
continuously during winter. Each
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
PHOTINIA serrulata. Has glossy green
leaves, beautifully tinted in winter;
flowers small, white; bright red berries.
Each
Bare Roots, 4 to 5 ft\$1.50
Bare Roots, 3 to 4 ft
Bare Roots, 2 to 3 ft
PITTOSPORUM crassifolium (Thick-leaved
Pittosporum). Highly ornamental on
account of pale, glaucous foliage; valu-
able for windbreaks. Each 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.25
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.00 \$7.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft30 2.50

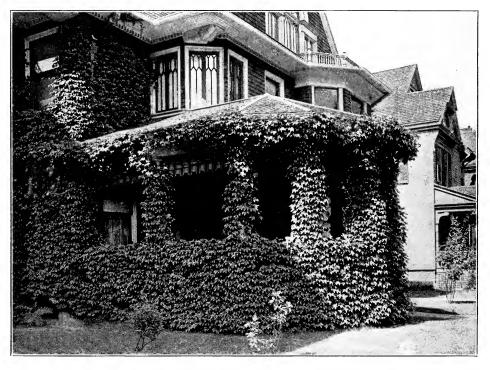
Eugenioides. Upright grower; silvery, light green leaves; black stems; very fine for hedges. Each 10  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.25  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 \$7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 75  Potted, 1½ to 2 ft. 40 3.50  Phyllroeoides. Slender graceful habit like Weeping Willow; flowers yellow.  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft. \$0.40 \$3.00  Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low-growing shrub, dark green leaves; fragrant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the preceding; foliage margined white.  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft. 2.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 2.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum). Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night. Each Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. 50.75  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft. 50.75  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft. 50  RAPHIOLEPIS ovata. Compact-growing shrub; dark, green leaves; white flowers in summer, followed by black berries.  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. 50 4.00  RAPHIOLEPIS ovata. Compact-growing shrub; dark, green leaves; white flowers in summer, followed by black berries.  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. \$0.60 \$5.00  RAHMNUS Alaternus. Hardy; smooth, shining green leaves; greenish flowers.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 \$1.50  RHAMNUS Alaternus. Hardy; smooth, shining green leaves; greenish flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50  RHAMNUS Alaternus. Hardy; smooth, shining green leaves; greenish flowers.  Each 10  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50  RHAMNUS Alaternus. Hardy; smooth, shining green leaves; greenish flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. \$0.50 \$4.00  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft. \$0.50 \$0.50  Frucans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$0.50 \$4.00  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft. \$0.50 \$0.50  Frucans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$0.50 \$4.00  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft. \$0.50 \$0.50  Frucans. Suitable for dry locati	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	Eugenioides. Upright grower; silvery,
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	light green leaves; black stems; very
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low- growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra- grant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the pre- ceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).  Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers in- tensely fragrant at night. Each  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft50  POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	fine for hedges. Each 10
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low- growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra- grant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the pre- ceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).  Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers in- tensely fragrant at night. Each  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft50  POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Polled 2 to 4 ft 100 \$7.50
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low- growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra- grant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the pre- ceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).  Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers in- tensely fragrant at night. Each  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft50  POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Ralled 2 to 3 ft 75
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low- growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra- grant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the pre- ceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).  Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers in- tensely fragrant at night. Each  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft50  POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Potted 11/4 to 2 ft
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low- growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra- grant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the pre- ceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).  Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers in- tensely fragrant at night. Each  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft50  POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Phyllrocoides. Slender graceful habit like
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low- growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra- grant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pittosporum). Same habit as the pre- ceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft2.00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).  Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers in- tensely fragrant at night. Each  Balled, 1 to 1½ ft50  POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Weeping Willow; flowers yellow.
growing shrub, dark green leaves; fragrant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japaness Pittosporum). Same habit as the preceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum). Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night. Each Balled, 1 to 1½ ft	Each 10
growing shrub, dark green leaves; fragrant flowers; pure white.  Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japaness Pittosporum). Same habit as the preceding; foliage margined white.  Each 10  Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00  Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50  Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum). Deep green, glossy leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night. Each Balled, 1 to 1½ ft	Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40 \$3.00
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low-
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	growing shrub, dark green leaves; fra-
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	grant nowers; pure white.
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	Pittosporum) Same habit as the pre-
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	ceding: foliage margined white.
Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	Each 10
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.00
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50 \$12.50
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.00 7.50
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum).
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Deep green, glossy leaves; nowers in-
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Ralled 1 to 114 ft \$0.75
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Potted, 1 to 1½ ft
with rosy, pea-shaped flowers.  Balled, 2 to 3 ft	POLYGALA Delmaisiana Free-blooming:
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00 \$7.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	Potted, 1 to 1½ ft50 4.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	RAPHIOLEPIS ovata. Compact-growing
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	shrub; dark, green leaves; white flow-
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	ers in summer, followed by black ber-
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	ries. Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	Balled, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0.60 \$5.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	Potted, 4, to 6 In30 2.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	RHAMNUS Alaternus. Hardy; smooth,
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	shining green leaves; greenish nowers.
reding; leaves variegated, silvery white. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00  ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Well known hardy shrub; used to make medicinal tea. Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft30 2.50  TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Polled 2 to 4 ft \$1.95
reding; leaves variegated, silvery white. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00  ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Well known hardy shrub; used to make medicinal tea. Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft30 2.50  TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Balled 2 to 3 ft
reding; leaves variegated, silvery white. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00  ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Well known hardy shrub; used to make medicinal tea. Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft30 2.50  TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Alaternus variegata. Same as the pre-
Potted, 2 to 3 ft	ceding; leaves variegated, silvery white.
ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Well known hardy shrub; used to make medicinal tea.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.50 \$4.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.50 \$2.50 TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$60 5.00 VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Each
cinal tea.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft30 2.50  TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	
cinal tea.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft30 2.50  TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Well
cinal tea.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00  Potted, 1 to 1½ ft30 2.50  TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	known hardy shrub; used to make medi-
grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	cinal tea. Each 10
grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00
grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Potted, 1 to 1½ It30 2.50
ple to creamy.  Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00  VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low
Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00 VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue. Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red. Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	grounds and moist borders; flowers pur-
leaves ovate; flowers blue Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60 5.00 VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue. Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red. Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Transforms Coltable for June levelings
glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	leaves ovate: flowers blue Each 10
glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50
glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue.  Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves
Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.  Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white.  Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	glossy green, margined silvery: flowers
Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red. Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large violet, changing to pure white. Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.  Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	violet-blue.
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	leaves small; flowers red.
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flow-
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	ers large violet, changing to pure white.
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	anth-red or crimson-nurnla flowers
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00	Each 10
OT 12 (D12) O . 21D MD . 11 1210	Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.50 \$4.00

### **CLIMBING AND TRAILING PLANTS**

AKEBIA lobata.	Flowers	purple;	showy
purple fruit.			
Quinata (Five-le	eaved Ak	ebia). (	One of
the hardiest			
green foliage;			
showy, dark p			
Prices of Al		Each	1.0
Potted			
AMPELOPSIS Eng			
shorter joints		e rapid	growth
than the follow			
Henryana. A re			
with large pec	uliarly vai	riegated	foliage.
Veitchii (Boston	ı Ivy).	Leaves	glossy
green; glorious	autumnal	coloring	: flow-
ers small; der	se cluster	s of dee	ep blue
berries.			
Quinquefolia (Vii	ginia Cre	eper). C	ommon
American Ivy;			
ing gorgeous o	olors in a	utumn.	
Prices of A			10
Field Grown			
Potted			
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			,

ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchman's Rapid climber, dense growth;	
heart-shaped leaves; curious, shaped, yellowish brown flowers.  Potted	Each
BIGNONIA grandiflora (Trumpet Strong climber; large, orange- flowers; deciduous foliage. Each Potted	scarlet 10 \$3.00 igorous
shade of yellowish red; deciduode Potted	us. Each \$0.50 blood- of the 10

Mad. Edouard Andre. New; flowers large claret-red; fragrant. Each Potted\$0.75
Montana (Mountain Clematis). Flowers white, dashed pink; very sweet; ideal for California. Each Potted
Paniculata. Hardy Japanese climbers; clusters of small fragrant white flowers. Each Potted\$0.50
Viticella (European Sweet Clematis). Climbing, flowers blue or rosy purple; stamens yellow. Each Potted



Ampelopsis Veitchii. (See Page 42)

small evergreen leaves; flowers canary-yellow; trumpet-shaped. Each Potted\$0.50
Venusta. Vigorous grower; large, deep orange-colored flowers; will not withstand very much cold; evergreen.
Each 10 Potted\$0.75 \$6.00
BOUGAINVILLAEA Braziliensis. Taller
and with thicker leaves than Sanderiana; flowers deep rose, purple to greenish.  Each 10  Potted, 3 to 4 ft\$0.75 \$ 6.00  Potted, 4 to 5 ft1.25 10.00
Glabra sanderiana. Evergreen climber;
deep rosy flowers in abundance. Each Potted\$0.50
Refulgens. Form of Braziliensis. Flowers blue. Each Potted\$0.50
Spectabilis lateritia. Flowers larger than preceding, brick-red; very rare. Each Potted\$3.00
CLEMATIS, Duchess of Edinburgh. Flow-
ers double white; strongly imbricated.
Potted\$0.75
Flammula (Sweet Clematis). Slender, vigorous climber, prized for small, white, fragrant flowers. Each Potted\$0.50

Strong grower, clinging;

Tweediana.

Jackmani. Large, intense violet flowers; very free. Each Potted
EUONYMUS Japonicus radicans argentea- marginatus (Variegated Trailing Euony- mous). Light green, silver-edged fo- liage. Each 10
Balled
Japonicus radicans (Climbing Euonymus). Low, procumbent shrub with trailing or climbing branches, sometimes 20 feet long. Leaves roundish, generally dull green above, with whitish veins.
Each 10 Potted\$0.30 \$2.50
FICUS repens (Climbing Fig). Evergreen climber; small, roundish, dark green leaves; attaches itself to walls like ivy.  Each 10  Potted
HEDYSARUM mulitjugum. Showy climber; flowers violet, yellow blotches; suitable for rockwork. Each Potted\$0.50

ericlymenum (Woodbine Honeysuckle). Flowers yellow, blotched red above; very fragrant; blooms all summer. Periclymenum

Chinese (L. Standishi). Half evergreen: flowers white and pink; fragrant.

Halliana Japonica (Japanese Honeysuckle). Rampant evergreen climber; dark green, ovate leaves; flowers fragrant, white,

changing yellow.

Red Coral (L. semperflorens). Strong, rapid grower; blooms all summer; flowers scarlet.

Yellow Coral (L. flava). Flowers pale yellow; corolla yellow, marked purplish outside; abundant red berries in fall.

IVY, English (Hedera Helix). Large, thick, shining leathery leaves. Each 10
Potted ......\$0.30 \$2.50
Giant (H. Canariensis). Large, roundish leaves; bright yellowish green; sometimes 8 in. broad.

times 8 in. broad.

Maculata major. Large leaves, spotted and striped yellowish white.

Variegated (H. variegata). Form of "Common English Ivy." Bright green leaves, margined and blotched, creamy shades.

Raegneriana. Handsome and distinct; leaves large, dark, green, leathery.

JASMINE (Jasminum). Assorted Varieties. Field Grown Plants, 6 to 8 ft...\$1.00

(Naked-flowered branches; enve Nudiflorum

Nudiflorum (Naked-flowered Jasmine).
Drooping branches; enveloped with bright yellow flowers in winter before leaves appear.

Primulium. New variety; same as above but flowers are fully double the size.

Officinale (True Jasmine or Jessamine).
Slender-growing vine; produces abundance of snow-white, fragrant flowers all summer. The foliage is glossy and clean. clean

Revolutum (Italian Yellow Jasmine). Vigorous; rich yellow flowers all summ Leaves thick, glossy and evergreen.



Bignonia Grandiflora.



Hall's Japan Honeysuckle.

KENNEDYA, Assorted Varieties. Suitable for trellises; flowers white, pink and red. Each Potted

KUDZU VINE (Pueraria Thunbergiana). Im-

LANTANA Sellowiana (Weeping or Trailing Lantana). Pretty trailing variety; flow-ers delicate rosy lavender, produced freely. Potted

LYCIUM BARBARUM (Matrimony Vine). An ornamental climbing shrub. Each 10
Field grown ......\$0.30 \$2.50

MANDEVILLA suaveolens (Chili Jasmine).

Fine summer climber; large clusters of fragrant, waxy, star-shaped blossoms.

Each 10
Potted ...\$0.30 \$2.50

MUEHLENBECKIA complexa (Wire Vine). Very rapid and showy climber; flowers small, thick, waxy white, followed by transparent, glistening, icicle\_like fruits.

Each 10 ....\$0.40 \$3.00

PASSION VINE (Passiflora. Each E (Passiflora. Each 10 ......\$0.50 \$4.00 Potted

Coerulea. Vigorous; hardy; flowers faintly scented, purple at bottom, white in middle, blue at ends; fruit yellowish.

Constance Elliott. Pure white, slight coloring at base of petals; very hardy.

Edulis. Rapid grower; glossy green foliage. Flowers white, blue or violet base; fruit edible.

Ignea (Scarlet Tacsonia). Flowers tense crimson; showy and handsome.

Pink (Tacsonia Mollissima). Flowers rose-color; nearly 3 inches across.

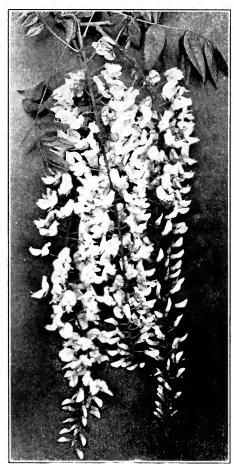
Violacea. Flowers 3 inches in diameter, blue in middle, white at base.

PLUMBAGO capensis. Flowers azure-blue, color most unique.

Capensis alba. Pure white, form of above.

Potted ......\$0.35 \$3.00

VIRGINIA CREEPER. See Ampelopsis quinquefolia.



Wistaria Multijuga Alba.

mens. Flowers purple. Each Price (W. Chinesse Double Purple (W. Chinensis flore pleno). Long clusters of pale, double blue flowers. Each Price \$0.75

Chinese White (W. Chinensis alba). Chinese White (W. Chinensis alba). Chinese white (W. Chinensis alba). Chinese variety; pure white. Each 10
Price \$0.60 \$5.00

Magnifica (American Wistaria). Flowers pale lilac, with yellow spot; blooms after Chinese. Each 10
Price \$0.60 \$5.00

Multijuga alba (Loose-clustered Wistaria). Flowers white, fragrant, in racemes. Price, each \$1.60

Multijuga Pink (Pink-Flowering Wistaria). Same as preceding, but pink flowers; very rare. Price, each \$1.50 **PALMS** 

No plants are more decorative, for indoors or out. The smaller and more tender varieties "set off" interior decorations, while the larger and hardier varieties are invaluable for garden, lawn and avenue. We carry a large stock in boxes and tubs, which have been taken from the open ground, and are well established. These can be used either for porch decorations or planted out in the open. Such plants give an immediate effect, and never go back, when transplanted.

All marked with an asterisk are for indoors and conservatory decoration.

### CHAMAEROPS.

Prices of		celsa,	Hun	ıilis	and	Ne-
palens	is:			Eac	h	10
Tubs ar	d box					10
Tubs ar	ıd box	es, 10	to			
Tubs ar		kes, 8	to			
Tubs ar		ces, 6	to			
Tubs ar		xes, 4	to		0 <b>0</b>	
5 ft. Tubs ai	nd bo			4.	00	\$35.00
4 ft. Tubs ai	ad box			2.	50	20.00
					00 00	35.00
Balled,	5 to 6	6 ft		3.	50 00	30.00 15.00
Balled, Balled,	3 to 4	l ft		1.	50	10.00
Balled,	z to a	5 It	• • • • •	1.	00	7.50



Chamaerops Excelsa.

# Rare Varieties

	Each\$3.00 2.00
Arborea Artosa Canariensis Cochinchinensis	Gracilis Humilis argentea Humilis spinosa
Farinosa	Robusta Tomentosa



Kentia Belmoreana.

### Cocos

Prices except on Plumosa:

Each 10
Tubs and Boxes, 6 ft\$12.00 Tubs and Boxes, 5 ft 10.00 Tubs and Boxes, 4 ft 8.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 5.00 \$40.00
Tubs and Boxes, 5 ft 10.00
Tubs and Boxes, 4 ft 8.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 5.00 \$40.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 3.00 25.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 3.00 25.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft 2.50 20.00
Potted, 1½ to 2 It 1.50
Alphonsei. A stocky and rather rapid grower; very hardy; leaves blue-green,
grower; very hardy; leaves blue-green,
finely arched.
Australis (Pindo Palm), Slow-growing,
Australis (Pindo Palm). Slow-growing, graceful, hardy; leaves silvery green.
Bonneti. Hardy; gray green; excellent
for house culture.
Campestris. Similar to Australis except
leaves more recurved and spiny.
Coronata. A tall, fast-growing variety, similar to Plumosa, but hardier.
Datil. Of most graceful habit; slender
stems; quite hardy.
Eriospatha. A larger palm of the Aus-
Eriospatha. A larger palm of the Australis type. Very hardy and beautiful.
*Plumosa. A quick grower; slender, smooth trunk; plumy, graceful leaves.
amouth trumbs plums amountal loaves
Each
Each
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft\$5.00
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft\$5.00  CORYPHA australis. Handsome Fan Palm. Leaves dark green, petioles heavy; suitable for hall decoration. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft\$5.00  CORYPHA australis. Handsome Fan Palm. Leaves dark green, petioles heavy; suitable for hall decoration. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$7.5 6.00  CYCAS revoluta (Sago Palm). A magnificent plant; many beautiful, pinnate, dark green leaves, uncurling from the
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	lach	10
Tubs and Boxes, 6 to 7 ft	7.00	60.00
Tubs and Boxes, 5 to 6 ft	5.00	40.00
Tubs and Boxes, 4 to		30.00
5 ft		
4 ft	3.00	25.00
3 ft		
Balled, 3 to 4 ft		20.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft		15.00
Balled, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1.25	10.00
Ammata (Dlus Delma) One -	£ 41	4

Armata (Blue Palm). One of the most graceful and striking of Fan Palms; color of leaves gives the plant a silvery blue hue. Quite distinct and hardy.

Brandegei (Brahea Brandegei). New; tallest-growing of fan-leaved Palms; hardy.

Edulis (Guadalupe Island Palm). Like California Fan Palm; stem slender, graceful; leaves deep green, no filaments.

JUBAEA spectabilis (Wine. or Honey Palm).
One of the hardiest; resembles Phoenix, but is more spreading and dwarf. Each Tubs and Boxes, 4 to 5 ft....\$10.00
Tubs and Boxes, 3 to 4 ft.....\$7.00
Tubs and Boxes, 2 to 3 ft.....\$00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft......\$3.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft.....\$2.00

\*KENTIA Belmoreana (Curly Palm). Valuable for house; elegant, pinnate leaves, stems gracefully arched. Large sizes are specimen plants.

\*Forsteriana (Thatch-Leaf Palm). Robust growth; for house culture only. Large sizes and specimen plants.

Potted, 7 ft.)
Potted, 6 ft.) Prices on application.
Potted, 5 ft.)
Potted, 4 ft.)

Each 10
Potted, 2 to 3 ft......\$2.00 \$15.00
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft......\$1.25 10.00



Livistona Chinensis.

\*LIVISTONA Chinensis (Latania Borbonica).
Leaves large, fan-shaped. rich, dark green. Popular for decorative work.

Tubs and Boxes, 5 ft.)
Tubs and Boxes, 4 ft.) Prices on Aptubs and Boxes, 3 ft.) plication.

D

PHOENIX.	Each	10
Tubs an	d Boxes— 12 ft\$20.00	
8 to	10 ft 15.00	
6 to 4 to	8 ft 8.00 5 ft 4.00	
3 to	4 ft	
Balled,	5 to 6 ft 4.00	\$30.00
Balled, Balled,	4 to 5 ft 2.00 3 to 4 ft 1.50	$egin{array}{c} {f 15.00} \ {f 12.50} \end{array}$
Balled, 1 Potted, 1	5 ft. 4.00 4 ft. 3.00 3 ft. 2.00 5 to 6 ft. 4.00 4 to 5 ft. 2.00 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 1/2 ft. 1.25	7.50
Canariensis	1/2 to 2 ft	Hand-
deep dark	green; effective for la	wns.
	(Fruiting Date Palm). aves decidedly upright	
a silvery s	reen.	
base.	trong grower; trunk thi ronds blue-green, spi	
*Pumila. Dw	varf; graceful, arching bender trunk. Never mor	ranch-
6 inches it	n diameter	
drooping l	Dwarf Date Palm). Geaves; handsome for a	venues
or lawns. Sylvestris (V	Will not stand much Vild Date Palm). Leave uish green; similar to	cold. s long,
arched, bl Palm of c	uish green; similar to	Date
		attan).
Pretty, car	elliformis (Ground Ra ne-like Palm, which such bamboo. Many fingered	ters at l. dark
green leav	es, at ends of reed-like plants are charged for	stems.
number of	shoots the plant cont	ains.
Potted,	price per shoot	Each \$0.60
*Humilis (Lo	ow-growing Palm). Sim	ilar to
the palmat	price per shoot w-growing Palm). Sim stems thicker and short ed leaves are broader. price per shoot	Each
SABAL.	price per snoot Each	10
Tubs and	Boxes, 4 to 5 ft.\$5.00 Boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 4.00 Boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 2.50	10
Tubs and	Boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 2.50	***
Balled, a	3 to 4 ft 2.50	$\begin{array}{c} \$25.00 \\ 20.00 \end{array}$
Balled, 2 Potted, 1	1 to 5 ft	15.00
rametto (Ca	abbage Palmetto). The to; leaves long, heart-s	Flor-
deeply cut	; hardy and desirable.	dorle
rich green;	smooth edged stems.	Flower
stands ten	perature of 10 degrees	s Fhr.
variety; le	smooth edged stems. 6 or 7 ft. above leaves. hperature of 10 degree lum. Distinct, slow graves long, bluish gree	rowing n.
*SEAFORTHIA	A elegans (Australian F	eather
or greenho	A elegans (Australian F ne of the best for conser use; pinnate leaves 2 to dark green, perfectly s	10 ft.
		Bacn
Potted, 4 Potted, 3	4 to 5 ft 3 to 4 ft 2 to 3 ft	.\$5.00 3.50
Potted, 2 Potted, 1	2 to 3 ft to 1½ ft	1.50
Prices of	n larger sizes on ap <b>pli</b>	cation.
WASHINGTON During April	IAS. and May, Washingtoni	as can
be transpl naked root	and May, Washingtoni anted safely, taken up s, with all leaves remov	with
cept the	center shoot. Write tees on this stock.	us for
Filifera (Cali	ifornia Weeping Palm). Imeter of 4 feet; leave	Trunk
attains dia shaped, w	meter of 4 feet; leave ith numerous division	s fan- s and
whitish fila 5 to 6 ft.	ith numerous division ments; petioles stout, so long, margined with h	nooth,
spines. Robusta (W.		type;
leaves droc	ping, much greener tha	n pre-
Petioles mo	with fewer white fila ore heavily spined; mucl wer than W. filifera;	more
rapid grov much mor	e slender than that v	trunk ariety.
Tubs an 8 to 10	u Boxes— Each	10
6 to	8 ft 6.00	
4 to	5 ft 3.00	
3 to 2 to 3	4 ft	* O F - :
baned, a	to o It 2.50	\$25.00 20.00
	to 4 ft 1.50	$15.00 \\ 10.00$
Balled, 2	to 3 ft 1.00	8.00

# AGAVES, DASYLIRIONS, DRACAENAS, YUCCAS

AGAVE Americana (Century Plant). The well known "Century Plant;" glaucous green leaves. Neither this nor the fol-lowing variety are difficult to grow, sandy loam being the best soil to use.

Americana variegata. Variegated form of preceding; leaves edged rich yellow.

		Each	10
Balled,	3 to 4	ft\$1.50	\$12.50
Balled,	2 to 3	ft 1.25	10.00
Balled,	1½ to	2 ft 1.00	7.50

DASYLIRION. Each 10 

Graminifolium (D. longifolium). Long, narrow leaves, drooping to ground; very desirable for lawn.

Quadrangulatum. Only species with entire leaf margin, drooping dark green.

Wheeleri. Leaves have a spiral twist which gives the plant a peculiar appearance.

RACAENA.	Each	10
Tubs and Boxes, 4 to 5	ft.\$3.00	
Tubs and Boxes, 3 to 4	ft. 2.50	
Tubs and Boxes, 2 to 3	ft. 2.00	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft		\$20.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft		12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft		10.00
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft		6.00

Australis (Cordyline australis). Dracaena Very fine; stout-branched stem; flag-like leaves.

Indivisa (C. indivisa). Fine for hall or porch; rapid grower; leaves long and narrow. long and

NOLINA Parrii. From Mexico. Like Dasy-lirion except their leaves are unarmed. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft.....\$1.50

PANDANUS utilis (Screw Pine). So called because of screw-like arrangement of leaves around stalk; leaves green, edged with small red spines. Each Fine strong plants......\$2.50

Aloifolia variegata. Raj leaves, banded yellow. Rapid grower; broad

Angustifolia. Tall-growing; long, narrow white-margined leaves; spikes of immense creamy flowers.

Baccata (Spanish Bayonet). Low, compact grower; leaves rigid; yellowish green flowers. Flower cluster 5 to 6 ft. long.

Filamentosa (Adam's Needle). Compact grower; dark green leaves, and majestic spikes of yellowish white flowers.

Whipplei. Very fine; has a flower-likestem 8 ft. high.

### BAMBOOS (Bambusa)

Very useful and ornamental; they seem to very useful and ornamental; they seem to do well in all reasonably good solls, and should be planted by every farmer. Deco-rative house plants, fine for lawns or group-ings. Whenever used they should be given warm, rich soil. All varieties respond quickly to good treatment.

											Each	
5	to	6	ft.								\$1.25	\$10.00
4	to	5	ft.								1.00	7.50
3	to	4	ft.								.75	6.00
2	to	3	ft.								.60	5.00

### Except Dendrocalamus.

Arundinaria Japonica (Arrow Bamboo). Extensively used for supporting potvely used for supporting pot-Will withstand severe cold.

ambusa fulda. A type from Bengal, India, is an exceedingly strong grower and has proved to be very hardy. Its identity is somewhat doubtful but our experience with it justifies us in recommending it. Attains a height of 20 feet. Bambusa fulda.

ambusa Henonis (Volatile Bamboo). Thick and bushy. Excellent windbreak; feathery foliage, on graceful, arching Bambusa

Bambusa Soho. Introduced by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. A strong grower and very striking on account of its luxuriant foliage.

ambusa vulgaris (Common Bamboo). Tall, quick growing; one of the best for tropical effects; attains height of 70 feet. Bambusa

Phyllostachys aurea. China and Japan Not over 10 to 12 ft., stems golden yel-low, very thickly jointed at the base.

Phyllostachys Castillonis (Golden Dwarf Bamboo). Bright yellow; stems thick; leaves large, green, striped with white. Phyllostachys Mitis (Noble Bamboo). Stem often 6 inches in diameter; used for furniture, etc.; young sprouts eduole Phyllostachys nigra (Black-stemmed Bamboo). Black stalks and branches, in contrast with bright foliage.

Phyllostachys viridis glaucescens. One of the hardiest. Stems often 2 inches in diameter; attains a height of 25 feet.

Phyllostachys viridis glaucescens. One of the hardiest. Stems often 2 inches in diameter; attains a height of 25 feet. One of the most graceful of the Bamboos and deserving of wide culture. Phyllostachys Quillioi (Giant Bamboo). Stems 4 to 5 inches at base; leaves largest of all; grows 75 feet high. Leaves dark green, often spotted brown, glaucous on the under side. Pendrocalamus latifolius. Erect stems, broad, long leaves; rapid grower. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft..........\$5.00

# Field-Grown Roses

For cultural instructions and detailed description refer to "California Horticulture."

We have the finest assortment of field grown, budded roses we have ever offered. This stock is growing at San Jose, California, and anyone acquainted with the grade of stock there will not hesitate to place his orders for these plants. The soil is particularly adapted to rose culture and the climatic conditions for growing this stock cannot be excelled anywhere in California. This stock will mature and be ready for shipment the latter part of November

Varieties marked with an Asterisk (\*) can also be supplied "on own roots" and are grown at our branch nurseries in Orange County, California.

Varieties marked "Newest in roses," which will be imported, will be ready for shipment

about February 1st.

### ABBREVIATIONS.

Abbreviations opposite each variety in the following list indicate the class to which it belongs. Ban., Banksia; Ben., Bengal; Bour., Bourbon; H. B., Hybrid Briar; H. N., Hybrid Noisette; H. P., Hybrid Perpetual; H. T., Hybrid Tea; Misc., Miscellaneous; M., Moss; N., Noisette; Poly., Polyantha; Pr., Prairie; Rug., Rugosa; T., Tea; Wich., Wichurlana Wichuriana.

### Standard or Tree Roses

2-year heads budded on strong stocks. Each 10 .....\$1.25 \$10.00

### VARIETIES.

Dean Hole Dorothy Perkins Etoile de France Farbinkonigin Flower of Fairfield Franz Deegan Frau Karl Druschki General Jacqueminot Heinrich Munch Harry Kirk Hugh Dickson Jonkheer J. L. Mock Richmond Juliet
K. A. Victoria
Konigin Carola
Lady Ashtown

La France Laurent Carle Laurent Carle
Lieutenant Chaure
Lyon Rose
Mad. Abel Chatenay
Mad. C. Testout
Mad. Jule Grolez
Mad. Leon Pain
Maman Cochet
Marie Van Houtte
Mistress Aaron Ward
Prince de Bulgarie
Richmond Sunburst Sunset Van Houtte White Maman Cochet

### Newest in Roses

We take pleasure in calling attention to a few varieties of roses which our Mr. Geo. C. Roeding saw in a number of different nurseries while on his recent trip to Europe. Many of these sorts are entirely new and have never been offered for sale before in the United States.

Among the immense list of new roses, it is a source of satisfaction to us to be in a position to offer for sale a few of the very best varieties. Price .....

grance is very pronounced.

ERNA TESCHENDORFF (Dwarf Poly.) Ever since the introduction of Mad. Norbert Levavasseur, rose originators have been endeavoring to improve this family of endeavoring to improve this family of roses; it remained, however, for Victor Teschendorff, of Dresden, to originate a variety which stands out supreme as the best of the roses of this type. The color is a brilliant carmine red, similar to Gruss an Teplitz. It is not only a very free bloomer, but in addition to this, the originator has instilled into this variety a permanency of color which has always been wanting in other roses of this family.

FARBEN-KONIGIN (H. T.). In a group of roses, this variety stands out so clearly that one is attracted to it from a distance. The color is a carmine rose, in-clined to somewhat deeper color on the outside of the petals; flowers very large and full.

HEINRICH MUNCH (H. P.) The prominent place which the magnificent rose, Frau Karl Druschki, has established for itself among the list of white roses will cause this new rose of German origin to be accorded the same position among the pink roses. It has every characteristic of the Druschki with the exception that the plants are somewhat stronger growers and plants are somewhat stronger growers and the flowers are more striking, both in bud form and when fully open. The petals are beautifully reflexed. It is sure to be accorded a high place among the list of new roses.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK (H. T.). ONKHEER J. L. MOCK (H. T.). Of all the roses of recent origin this stands out as a leader among the immense assortment of new roses and is so distinct that it will win its way and stand out permanently as a standard when many other sorts are long forgotten. It is not only fine in bud, being full and well formed, but it is equally as good when it opens up. In color, it is a mixture of bright red and salmon pink. As a grower, it is among the best.

JULIET (Hybrid Briar). Recognized as being a distinct type of rose. It is a most ing a distinct type of rose. It is a most wonderful grower, sending up long strong stems surmounted by flowers of most unique color; the outside of the petals is old gold; the interior, rich rosy red, changing to deep rose as the flowers expand; very large and full; delicious fragrance; excites universal admiration. Roses Continued

- KONIGIN CAROLA (H. T.). A seedling from Caroline Testout. Satiny rose with reverse of petals silvery rose. Very striking and free flowering. Even more so than its parent.
- LAURENT CARLE (H. T.). Brilliant velvety carmine; flowers very large, of perfect form, not too full, always opening freely.
- LIEUTENANT CHAURE (H. T.). Vigorous grower; long buds borne on long stems. Will become a very valuable sort for forcing and as a cut rose. A cross between Liberty and Etoile de France. Velvety crimson shaded garnet.
- ADY ASHTOWN (H. T.). This is recognized as being one of the best of its type in cultivation; very free bloomer and keeps a splendid color; pale rose shading to yellow at base of petals, reflex of petals silvery pink; buds long and pointed; flowers large and full. LADY
- LADY HILLINGDON (T.). A cross of Papa Gontier and Mad Hoste. A grand rose for either pot work or garden decoration. Blooms continuously, buds very long with a most pleasing shade of orange yellow. Particularly fine in the bud state.
- LEUCHTFEUER (Bengal). Among the new roses for bedding or massing, there is probably no variety grown today which is more effective than this rose of very recent origin. Its free blooming qualities, its brilliant blood red color combine to place it among the top notchers.
- MADAM JULE GROLEZ (H. T.). Another rose of very highest quality and entitled to a place at the head of the list among the roses deserving of the greatest recognition. Color a beautiful satiny China rose; flowers of large size; very double; of good form and very free flowering. Deserves to be planted extensively.
- SUNBURST (H. T.). (Pernet Ducher, 1911). UNBURST (H. T.). (Pernet Ducher, 1911). May be described as a glorified Mrs. Aaron Ward. Few roses have so many favorable points all combined in one plant. Its bronzy foliage; absence of thorns; its long pointed orange yellow buds becoming deeper towards the center, carried on long, stiff stems, places it in the front rank among the new roses
- among the new roses

  RAYON D' OR (H. B.). There is probably no yellow rose in existence today that possesses the remarkable coloring of this grand new rose. A vigorous grower, of fine branching habit, with fine bronzy green foliage and oval shaped buds; tinged coppery orange. It is not only very attractive in this form but equally so when the flowers are expanded, on account of its fine substance and magnificent golden yellow coloring; in every way a superbrose. rose.

### Late Introductions

Price .....\$0.60 \$5.00

Clio (H. P.). Flesh color, center shaded rosy pink, large and of fine form.

Climbing Killarney (H. T.). A sport of pink Killarney.

Duchess of Wellington (H. T.). Intense saf-fron yellow stained with crimson, chang-ing to deep coppery saffron yellow.

Florence Edith Coulthwaite (H. T.). Deep cream suffused with bright rose and petals reflexed and back delicate orange.

Geo. C. Waud (H. T.). Glowing orange-ver-million. Flowers large, full and perfect-ly formed, with high pointed center.

His Majesty (H. T.). Dark crimson, shaded deep vermillion edge of petals.

Harry Kirk (H. T.). Color deep sulphur-yellow with a lighter shade on the edges of petals. Flowers large, perfect form, buds long.

John Cuff (H. T.). Deep carmine-pink; yellow at base of petals. Buds long and pointed; fragrant.

\*Joanna Wessenhoff (H. T.). Sulphur yellow passing to light yellow.

Lady Ursula (H. T.). The flowers are large, and of a perfect form; delicately scented, and of beautiful pink color.

Margaret Molyneux (H. T.). Saffron yeilow shaded bronzy carmine.

Mary Countess of Lichester (H. T.). (son carmine delicately scented.

Mrs. E. J. Holland (H. T.). Deep sal rose shaded light at edge of petals. Deep salmon,

Mrs. Cutbush (Poly). Light pink tinted sal-

Marquise de Sinety H. T.). This rose inspires enthusiasm as soon as it is seen. It is clear yellow, fading to pale rose at edge of petals, large, full and cup-shaped; very fragrant.

stardy growth; flowers pure white, blooming profusely.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (H. T.). Long buds borne on erect stems. Flowers large; Indian yellow, suffused with salmon-rose.

Nita Weldon (H. T.). Ivory white with faint blush on edge of petals.

\*Prince de Bulgarie (H. T.). Silvery flesh, golden salmon center.

golden salmon center.

amona (Red Cherokee). A sport of the
pink Cherokee. A stronger and more vigorous grower than its parent. Produces
profsuion of flowers that entirely cover the
plant during the Spring and early Summer, and also produces a secondary crop
of bloom in the Autumn. Flowers are
larger than either the pink or white forms,
with brilliant golden yellow stamens and
broad carmine-crimson petals. Foliage has
the same glossy green color as the pink
and is mildew proof.

heresa (H. T.). Orange-apricot passing to Ramona

and is mildew proof.

Theresa (H. T.). Orange-apricot passing to pink with carmine shadings.

The Lyon (H. T.). Salmon pink shading into chrome yellow.

Walter Speed (H. T.). A vigorous, erect grower, of a deep lemon-yellow color becoming white as it develops.

William Shean (H. T.). Purest deep pink, with shell-shaped petals forming extra long buds.

with shell long buds.

ugh Dickson (H. P.). A vigorous grower, with handsome foliage; flowers very large, and of fine form, with large, smooth

petals.
Lady Battersea, or Red Kaiserin (H. T.).
Beautiful cherry-crimson, permeated with
an orange shade; vigorous, erect habit.
Mad. Abel Chatenay (H. T.). A strong
grower, and free bloomer, producing beautiful flowers of carmine-rose shaded with
salmon.

Mme. Vermeral (T.). Connect T.

Mme. Vermorel (T.). Coppers ter shaded red.

Peace (T.). Pale lemon-yellow; buds long and pointed, expanding into a large broad-netaled flower of great substance and

Perle von Godesburg (H. T.). Deep yellow,

Perle von Godesburg (H. T.). Deep yellow, merging to cream.

Pink Cherokee. A California introduction having all the qualities of the White Cherokee, possessing its vigorous growth, beautiful glossy follage.

Rhea Reid (H. T.). Color varying from rosecrise to rich crimson-red. Large full flowers; fine for forcing.

Schneikopf (Poly.). An exquisite rose of snow-white color, borne on slender, graceful stems like Mile. Cecille Brunner.

Souv. de Pierre Notting (T.). Canary yellow suffused with apricot.

Wellesley (H. T.). Fine shade of pink.

White Killarney (H. T.). A sport of the Killarney Rose. Identical in every way with its parent, except that it possesses far more substance; color is pearly white.

### GENERAL COLLECTION.

Each 10 100 Price .......\$0.30 \$2.50 \$20.00 Admiral Dewey (H. T.). White, tinged pink.

Agrippina (Ben.). Deep crimson. Alice Leroy (M.). Pink.

Agrippina (Ben.). Deep crimson.
Alice Leroy (M.). Pink.
American Beauty (H P.) Rosy crimson.
Angustine Guinoisseau, or White La France
(H. T.). Pearly white, tinted fawn.
Baby Rambler. "Mme. Norbert Levavasseur"
(Poly.). Dwarf, bright crimson.
Banksia, White (Ban.). White.
Banksia, Single White (Ban.). White.
Baroness Rothschild (H. P.). Bright rose, shaded white.
Beauty of Glazenwood (Misc.). Coppery carmine and salmon yellow.
Belle Siebrecht (H. T.). Imperial pink.
Bessie Brown (H. T.). Creamy white; fragrant. A vigorous grower, flowering profusely.

grant. A vigorous grower, flowering profusely.
Black Prince (H. P.). Dark crimson.
Bridesmaid (T.) Clear, bright pink.
Capt. Christy (H. P.). Deep flesh.
Catherine Mermet (T.). Light flesh.
Cherokee, Single (Misc.). Pure white.
Cherokee, Double (Misc.). White.
Cheshunt Hybrid (H. T.). Cherry-carmine.
Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H. T.). Imperial
pink, identical with its parent, but of
climbing Bridesmaid. Bright pink.
Climbing Capt. Christy (H. P.). Deep flesh.
Climbing Caroline Testout (H. T.). Clear
pink.

Climbing Mlle. Cecile Brunner (Poly.). Rosy

Climbing Devoniensis (T.). White, center

Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H. T.). White

White.
Climbing La France (H. T.). Silvery pink.
Climbing Meteor (H. T.). Deep crimson.
Climbing Niphetos (T.). Pure white.
Climbing Papa Gontier (T.). A wonderfully
vigorous grower and climber, with beautifully formed buds; flowers of exquisite
substance and of fine rosy crimson color.
Climbing Perle des Jardins (T.). Canaryvellow

yellow.
Climbing Wooton (H. T.). A good climber producing velvety red flowers.
Clothilde Soupert (Poly.). Flowers variable, glowing pink, shaded white and red and white white. Cloth of Gold (N.). Deep yellow, edged sul-

phur. Crimson Rambler (Poly.). Bright crimson. Docteur Grill. Clear buff, pink suffused

yellow.

Dr. William Gordon (H. P.). Exquisite pink petals, edged white; borne on strong, graceful stems about 5 ft. long.

Dorothy Perkins (Wich.). Clear shell-pink. Duchesse de Brabant (T.). Rosy pink.

Duchess of Albany, or Red La France (H. T.). Deep pink.

Eliza Sauvage (T.). Pale yellow.

Empress of China (Misc.). Red.

Empereur du Maroc (H. P.). Velvety maroon.

roon.

Etoile de France (H. T.). A superb rose, and a great favorite. The flowers are large and of fine form, borne on long stiff stems; very fragrant; color a lovely shade of clear red-crimson velvet.

Etoile de Lyon (T.). Deep yellow.

Flower of Fairfield (Poly.). Crimson.

Florence Pemberton (H. T.). Creamy white, suffused with pink.

Francisca Kruger (T.). Coppery yellow, shaded peach.

shaded peach.

Franz Deegan (H. T.). Deep orange-yellow, merging white. Resembles its noted
parent, Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, except

color.

Frau Karl Druschki (Snow Queen). (H. P).

A remarkably vigorous grower; flowers
large, perfect in form, of the purest snowwhite color.

Gen. Jacqueminot (H. P.). Shining crimson.

son.

General McArthur (H. T.). Fiery red. A

free bloomer and very fragrant.

Gloire de Dijon (T.). Buff-orange.

Gold of Ophir (N.). Apricot-yellow.

Grace Molyneux (H. T.). Creamy apricot,

center flesh.

Greville, or Seven Sisters (Pr.). Light pink. Gruss au Teplitz (Bour.). Dark crimson. Helen Gould (H. P.). Carmine. Improved Rainbow (T.). Pink, striped crim-

son. Ivory (T.). Pure white. Jubilee (H. T.). Fiery maroon-crimson, often

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H. T.).

killarney (H. T.). Flesh, suffused pink; the buds are long and pointed. One of the finest for massing.

Kronprinzessin Cecilie (H. T.) Silvery pink,

exquisite form

Exquisite form.

Lady Alice Stanley (H. T.). Deep coral rose, inside pale flesh.

La France (H. T.). Silvery pink.

Lamarque (N.). White, shaded sulphur-

Lamarque (N.). White, shaded sulphur-yellow center.

Liberty (H. T.). Crimson scarlet; very free-flowering.

Louis Van Houtte (H. P.). Rich crimson.

Margaret (H. T.). Delicate tint of soft pink.

Mme. Alfred Carriere (N.). White and yel-

Mme. C. Testout (H. T.) Clear pink. Mme de Watteville (T.). Salmon-white,

Mme de Watteville (T.). Salmon-white, tinged carmine.

Mme. G. Luizet (H. P.). Clear coral-rose, shaded lavender.

Mme. Leon Pain (H. T.). Silvery salmon, center orange-yellow.

Mad. Wagram (Climbing Paul Neyron). (T.).

Rosy pink.

Mile. Cecile Brunner (Poly.). Salmon-pink.

Maman Cochet (T.). Rosy pink.

Marchioness of Londonderry (H. P.). Ivory-white.

white.

Marechal Niel (N.). Deep sulphur-yellow.

Marie Van Houtte (T.). Light yellow and

Marie Van Houtte (T.). Light, Johnson 1708.

Medea (T.). Lemon-yellow.
Meteor (H. P.). Deep crimson.
Mignonette (Poly.). Delicate rose.
Niphetos (T.). Pure white.
Papa Gontier (T.). Brilliant carmine changing to rose and lilac.
Paul Neyron (H. P.). Deep rose.
Perle des Jardins (T.). Bright straw-color.
Persian Yellow (Misc.). Deepest yellow.
Pharisaer (H. T.).. Salmon pink, delicious odor.

Philadelphia Rambler (Poly.). crimson.

Pink Soupert (Poly.). Clear pink.
Prairie Queen (Pr.). Rosy red.
Prince Camile de Rohan, or La Rosier. (H.

P.). Dark crimson.

Reine Marie Henriette. (H. T.). Cherry-red.

Reine Olga de Wurtemburg (H. T.). Rosy

Reine Uign carmine. Reve d'Or (T.). Fawn. Richmond (H. T.). A constant bloomer; flowers deep scarlet; buds long and

pointed.
Rubens (T.). White rose.
Rugosa alba (Rug.). Pure white.
Rugosa rubra (Rug.). Rosy crimson.
Safrano (T.). Deep fawn.
Snowflake (T.). White.
Soleil d'Or (Misc.). Reddish gold, shaded nasturtium-red.
Souvenir de Malmaison. (Bour.). Flesh, edged blush

nasturtium-red.
Souvenir de Malmaison. (Bour.). Flesh,
edged blush.
Souvenir de Paul Neyron (T.). Creamy
white, shaded rose.
Souvenir du President Carnot (H. T.). Rosy
flesh, shaded deeper at center.
Sunset (T.). Golden amber, shaded ruddy

copper.
The Bride (T.). Pure white buds and flowers large and delightfully fragrant.
The Queen (T.). Pure white.
Ulrich Brunner (H. P.). Cherry-red.
Vis. Folkstone (H. T.). Flesh color, darker

at center.

White Bath (M.). White; center blush.

White Maman Cochet (T.). Pure white,
sometimes suffused with pink.

Winnie Davis (H. T.). Apricot pink shaded
with flesh at base of petals, which come
out in oblong well-formed buds; very vigorous and free blooming. One of the best.

W. A. Richardson (N.). Orange-yellow.

Xaxier Olibo (H. P.). Violet-crimson.
Yellow Banksia (Ban.). Clear yellow.

Yellow Rambler (Poly.). Deep golden yellow and very sweet-scented.

Yellow Maman Cochet (T.). Light yellow
edged rose.

# OUT OF THE ORDINARY

that the list of evergreen ornamental trees and shrubs, palms and roses, vines and plants listed in this book, is the most complete and varied that has ever been offered to intending planters in the Southwest,—including, as it does, many species and varieties that are new to this region. For this reason we extend a cordial invitation to people contemplating planting home grounds, park ways, public gardens, boulevards, etc., to inspect our assortment before placing their orders. A personal visit is invited and correspondence cheerfully answered.

Roeding and Wood Nursery Co. Los Angeles, Cal.